



ANNUAL REPORT 2018

N.W. POSTHUMUS
INSTITUTE

RESEARCH SCHOOL FOR ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL HISTORY

N.W. POSTHUMUS INSTITUTE

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RESEARCH SCHOOL FOR ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL HISTORY

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The secretariat of the N.W. Posthumus Institute consists of:

Prof.dr. Angélique Janssens – Scientific Director
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Participating faculties and institutes

- Eindhoven University of Technology (TUE), School of Innovation Sciences
- Erasmus University Rotterdam (EUR), Erasmus School of History, Culture and Communication
- Fryske Akademy (FA)
- Ghent University (UGent), Faculty of Arts and Philosophy
- International Institute of Social History (IISH)
- Leiden University (UL), Faculty of Humanities
- Radboud University Nijmegen (RU), Faculty of Arts
- Maastricht University (UM) / Centre for the Social History of Limburg (SHCL)
- University of Amsterdam (UvA), Faculty of Humanities
- University of Antwerp (UA), Faculty of Arts
- University of Groningen (RUG), Faculty of Arts and Faculty of Economics and Business
- Utrecht University (UU), Faculty of Humanities
- Vrije Universiteit Brussel (VUB), Faculty of Arts
- Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam (VU), Faculty of Humanities
- Wageningen University (WUR), Rural History Group

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The N.W. Posthumus Institute is the major research platform in social and economic history in the Netherlands and Flanders aimed at both senior and junior researchers in the field. It is proudly devoted to promoting innovation and excellence in research and international cooperation. The N.W. Posthumus Institute organises a bi-national community of researchers around a range of research and training activities, in which our PhD students are always included. The Posthumus Institute offers a carefully thought-through PhD Basic Training programme which helps kick start the PhDs during the first 18 months of their project. The Advanced Training programme is tailored to the individual students' needs and research projects. The Posthumus Institute is determined to train its PhD students to look outward to the international community of scholars, to participate in international events and to publish in international journals.

The year 2018 was a special year for the Institute as it celebrated its 30th anniversary. This memorable event was celebrated with a festive Posthumus Conference held at Utrecht University on 24th and 25th of May dedicated to the theme of 'Global Inequality: Trends and Theories'. The key note lecture was held by professor Thomas Piketty, an internationally renowned economic historian from the Paris School of Economics. The conference was an exciting event and was attended by many fellows and junior researchers from the Posthumus community, and by virtually all of the third and second year PhD students, as well as many of the ResMa students. All third year PhD students presented a crucial research part from their thesis. To celebrate the 30th anniversary the Institute also published a festive volume with memories, stories and facts from the earlier days in the history of the Institute, as well as visions for the Institute's future development.

The Research Design Course was held at the European University Institute in Florence on 29-31 October; 37 PhD students participated in this course – 24 from the Posthumus Institute, and 13 from universities from all over Europe. All received critical and useful feedback on their ongoing research projects from Posthumus fellows, members of the ESTER network, and local experts from the EUI.

On behalf of the ESTER network an Advanced Seminar was organized in May in Prato, Italy, in cooperation with the Datini Institute and prof.dr. Paolo Malanima. This seminar was attended by 16 PhD students and took place after the traditional Datini Conference. Expert comments were given amongst others by Jaco Zuijderduijn and Ben Gales.

The research programmes have had a range of activities; such as the masterclasses Life and Death in the Portuguese Empire or A New Story of the Black Death with Prof. dr. Monica Green and International Entrepreneurship and the Globalization of Firms and Industries during the long 20th Century with Prof. dr. George Alter, but also several workshops such as Living Standards in a Comparative Perspective and Economic Geography of Long-Run Industrialization.

Angélique Janssens
Scientific Directo



1 INTRODUCTION

The N.W. Posthumus Institute (NWP) is the Research School for Economic and Social History in the Netherlands and Flanders and has 15 members. It embodies the cooperation between almost four hundred economic and social historians attached to 15 universities and research institutions in the Netherlands and Flanders. The institute functions as an international platform for research activities in economic and social history, and organizes the PhD training as well as a series of Research MA courses. The Posthumus Institute was founded in 1988 as the Netherlands Interuniversity Institute For Graduate Training in Economic and Social Historical Research. In 1994 the NWP was officially recognized as a Research School by the Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (KNAW). The official accreditation was renewed in 1999, in 2004, and in 2011 for periods of 6 years. NWP has established a durable platform for collaboration among scholars in the field of economic and social history. Since 2004 the Flemish universities of Antwerp (UA), Brussels (VUB) and Ghent (UGent) officially participate in the Institute. In 2017 Maastricht University joined the Posthumus Institute as a full member.

Economic and social history can be distinguished from the broader field of the historical discipline by its strong empirical and theoretical orientation and an acute awareness of methodology. Economic and social historians often seek interdisciplinary cooperation and connections outside the field of history, with social scientists coming from various disciplines. Whilst economic and social historians clearly take their inspiration from the social sciences, they maintain a strong focus on historical time and the importance of historical context.

The N.W. Posthumus Institute is committed to creating a joint community of Dutch and Flemish scholars in which academic excellence is fostered and in which all scholars, both junior and senior, can grow to achieve their full academic potential. The NWP pursues this goal in different ways. It first of all promotes and stimulates innovative and advanced interdisciplinary research initiatives by bringing together junior and senior scholars in joint research networks. In this way, the NWP creates a Dutch and Flemish forum which may further the communication between local research groups with a view to research collaboration. Secondly, the NWP is strongly committed to educating the next generation of economic and social historians by offering high-level courses for Research Masters and PhD students. Students are encouraged to have an open mind towards new scientific developments and to engage with the academic world beyond the narrow national boundaries. An important part of the PhD training in Posthumus is therefore provided within the European framework of the ESTER programme. Finally, the NWP operates as a nodal manager of existing international research and training networks, and defines quality indicators to meet international publication standards and the standards of the quality assessments in Flanders and the Netherlands.

As an interuniversity research institute the NWP has its own budget, supporting staff, and secretariat. The institute financially supports workshops, conferences and book publications to initiate new research activities or to support the dissemination of research results. The NWP organizes a successful research training programme for PhD students, courses for Research MA students, and stimulates interuniversity research networks. For both postgraduate students and senior scholars the Posthumus Institute provides access to a wide range of information and expertise, and it has a large international network of experts in social and economic history.

The Posthumus Institute has a rotating secretariat. The secretariat organizes or coordinates the organization of all educational activities of the research school, and maintains contacts with other research schools in the Humanities, as united in LOGOS. It also distributes a frequent newsletter by e-mail and takes care of the maintenance of the website. These tasks are currently the responsibility of the Faculty of Arts at Radboud University (2016 – 2021). The ‘penvoerder’ is responsible for the appointment of the scientific director, the education programme director and the office manager, supported by the executive committee of the general board. Former ‘penvoerders’ were the University of Utrecht (1988-1994), the Erasmus University of Rotterdam (1994-1998), the Radboud University of Nijmegen (1999-2003), the University of Groningen (2004-2009), and Leiden University (2010 – 2016).

The General Board of the N.W. Posthumus Institute, consisting of the chair holders in economic and social history at the participating institutions, met two times in 2018: on 23 January 2018 and 25 September 2018. The six research programmes are headed by the research programme directors. The Posthumus Institute has two other committees that monitor the quality of its teaching activities: the Education Committee and the Examination Committee.

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2 EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES IN 2018

The N.W. Posthumus Institute organizes educational activities for Master students (from Flanders), Research Master students and PhD Students. More information about the different activities can be found in the appendix, sections 2 - 6.

2.1 Basic training for PhD students

The core curriculum of the Posthumus PhD training programme consists of three seminars ('My project in a nutshell', 'Work in progress', and the 'Research Design Course') in which first-year PhD Students present and discuss each other's research design under the supervision of senior researchers. The Basic Training ends formally in the Individual Assessments. In 2018, 23 PhD's (cohort 2016) received their Basic Training certificate at the annual Posthumus conference in Utrecht.

Date	Activity	Cohort	Place	EC	# Participants	Awarded EC total
January – March	Individual assessments	2016	Several locations	1	23	23
19 and 20 April	Seminar 2: Work in progress	2017	Antwerp	6	24	144
29 to 31 October	Research Design Course (ESTER)	2017	Florence	8	37	296
17 and 18 December	Seminar 1: My project in a nutshell	2018	Brussels	2	21	42

2.2 Advanced training for PhD Students

After the Basic Training, PhD-members of the Posthumus Institute engage in the individual trajectory of the Advanced Training. Once the criteria of this training are fulfilled and positively evaluated the PhD Students, receive the Advanced Training Certificate. In 2018, one certificate was awarded. The training activities listed below are part of the Advanced Training. Other activities are presenting conference papers and publishing an article in an academic journal.

Date	Activity	Place	EC	# Participants	Awarded EC total
23 April	Masterclass: Life and Death in the Portuguese Empire, 1750-1900 (dr. Paulo Teodoro de Matos) Organisation: Luc Bulten (RU)	Nijmegen	2	4	8
24 April	Masterclass with Colin Pooley (Lancaster University), Organisation: Kristof Looockx (UA) and Thomas Verbruggen (VUB)	Antwerp	2	4	8
24 and 25 May	Annual Conference	Utrecht	2	40	80
21 June	Masterclass: The Evolution of Green Business in Historical Perspective (prof. Geoffrey Jones) Organisation: Alice Janssen (EUR)	Eindhoven	2	6	12
13 November	Masterclass: A New Story of the Black Death: The Latest Work on the Science and History of the World's Largest Pandemic (dr. Monica H. Green) Organisation: Joris Roosen (UU)	Utrecht	2	2	4

2.3 Research master activities

Since the academic year 2011-2012, the N.W. Posthumus Institute has its own Research Master programme that focuses on Global Economic and Social History. This programme allows Research Master students to gain knowledge of the Posthumus specialisation and its specialists, by providing courses that they can follow as an elective within their home university programme. It consists of three courses, one in the fall semester and two in the spring semester. The courses are complementary, but it is possible to follow parts of the courses separately. In 2018, a total of 26 master students have registered with the Posthumus Institute to participate in one of three Research Master courses.

Date	Activity	Place	EC	ResMA	Date
Spring 2018	Keys to the Treasure Trove: Methods and Sources of Economic and Social History Organisation: Dr. Marion Pluskota and dr. Bram Hoonhout	UL	5	15	Spring 2018
Spring 2018	Quantitative Methods for Historians and Social Scientists Organisation: Dr. Selin Dilli and Michail Moatsos, MA	UU	5	12	Spring 2018
Fall 2018	Debates in Global Economic and Social History Organisation: Dr. Matthias van Rossum and Dr. Filipa Rebeiro da Silva	IISH	5/10	15	Fall 2018

2.4 ESTER activities

The ESTER research design course is a three to four-day workshop concentrating upon the research projects of the individual participants. In advanced seminars, PhD-students are trained and prepared for the international academic debate in a specific field of economic and social history.

Date	Activity	Place	EC	# Participants
13 to 19 May	Datini-ESTER Advanced Seminar	Prato	4	15
29 to 31 October	Research Design Course (ESTER)	Florence	8	37

3 COMPLETION RATES AND AVERAGE DURATION

The success rate of students in finishing their PhD thesis is operationalized by calculating two variables: the completion rate (i.e. the percentage of completed PhD projects) and the average duration (i.e. the number of months between start and completion). In both calculations we exclude those projects which were officially abandoned within the first training year. Our mission is to increase the completion rate and shorten the average duration in months; but we have to keep in mind that PhD students who finish their dissertation with perseverance after 8 years increase the cumulative completion rate but stretch average duration. Overall completion rates have been increasing. Until the mid-1990s completion rates were relatively low, when 8% of the PhD students received their doctorate within 5 years, 26% within 6 years, and 50% within 7 years (cumulative percentages). Table 1 shows the completion rates in less than 4, 5, 6 or 7 years. We counted the duration in number of months and compensated for parttime work.

Table 1: Enrolment and Completion rates N.W. Posthumus Institute 1998-2018

Cohort	Started	Stopped during the first year	Stopped at later stage	Compl. within 4 years	Compl. within 5 years (cumul.)	Compl. within 6 years (cumul.)	Compl. within 7 years or later (cumul.)	Completion rate on 31-12-2017 Cohorts 1998-2012*	Average duration of completed dissertations in months
1998	10	1	2	1	1	3	6	67%	79
1999	5	1	1	0	2	2	2	50%	55
2000	9	0	1	0	1	6	8	89%	68
2001	10	1	1	0	1	3	8	89%	72
2002	12	1	2	1	6	8	9	82%	58
2003	14	0	3	1	5	6	10	71%	66
2004	13	1	1	0	8	11	11	92%	59
2005	5	0	0	0	1	2	4	80%	76
2006	12	0	4	2	5	5	8	67%	65
2007	32	0	7	4	11	17	20	69%	57
2008	24	0	2	0	9	13	16	63%	63
2009	19	1		1	7	11	15	83%	66
2010	21	1		2	10	14	18	80%	58
2011	25	1		1	9	12		50%	56
2012	24	1		2	4	8			
2013	32	2	0	0	5				
2014	19	3	2	1					
2015	21	0	2						
2016	24	0							
2017	24	0							
2018	21	1							
Total	377	15	28	15	85	121	135		

* Completion rates are calculated as a percentage of the total number of projects per year excluding the projects that have been discontinued during the first NWP training year. Some of these were discontinued as a result of the first-year evaluation.

** Several NWP PhD students worked part-time (often 0,8 fte). We took into account the part-time factor in the calculations of average duration in months when the information was available. This corrects the average duration. We did not always receive information on issues such as pregnancy leave or sickness leave, which should also be subtracted from the average duration.

The realisation of the projects completed by the cohorts of 1998-2002 amounted to an average of 79% of the total. Of the PhD students starting in the period 2003-2007, on average 55% completed their dissertation within 6 years and 71% finished within 7 years. In 2018, the completed projects by the cohorts 2008-2012 averaged 58%.

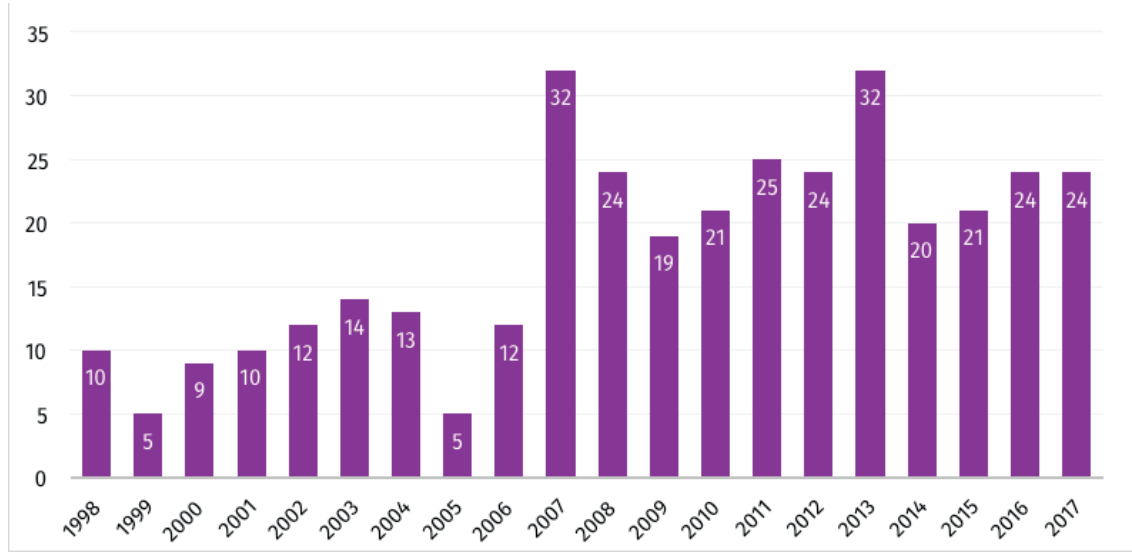
In 1998-2002, the average duration of a PhD project was 5.5 years (66 months). The PhD students of the cohorts of 2003-2007 who finished within 7 years, on average worked 65 months on their project (an average duration of 5.4 years). Up until now, the average for the period 2008-2012 was 59 months, which is an average duration of 4.9 years. The percentages of early completion are a significant effect of the efforts of the research school to support and train PhD students (next to other results such as getting research publications accepted, a high success rate in acquiring postdoc fellowships, or finding employment on an academic level).

Table 2: Completion rates N.W. Posthumus Institute 1988-2012

Cohort	Started	Stopped during the first year	Stopped at later stage	Compl. within 4 years	Compl. within 5 years	Compl. within 6 years (cumul.)	Compl. within 7 years or later (cumul.)	Average duration (months)
1988-1991	52	n.a.	13	0	8%	27%	54%	
1992-1997	58	n.a.	11	0	7%	19%	60%	
1998-2002	46	4	7	5%	26%	52%	79%	66
2003-2007	76	1	15	9%	40%	55%	71%	65
2008-2011	89	3	2	5%	41%	59%	68%	61

Source: Calculated from Table 1.

Figure 1: Enrollment of PhD Students at Posthumus Institute, 1998-2018



4 RESEARCH NETWORKS

A. Economy and society of the pre-industrial Low Countries in comparative perspective:

Research directors: dr. Jessica Dijkman (UU) and Prof. dr. Heidi Deneweth (VUB)

Theme

This program brings together Dutch and Flemish scholars working on different aspects of the economy and society of the Low Countries between 1300 and 1850. The main objective of the network is to embed ongoing research in a larger comparative perspective that identifies differences and commonalities both with surrounding countries and regions, and within the Low Countries. Additional objectives are the dissemination of information between network members, coordination of activities and networking.

Within the research program, the comparative perspective is important: conferences and workshops, inspired by ongoing projects of the fellows, or in collaboration with the other research networks, address the internationalization of a specific theme. Both the Dutch and the Belgian cases offer excellent opportunities for comparative research in major ongoing international debates. In this respect, key examples are questions relating to the character of early modern growth (as provoked by Jan de Vries and Ad van der Woude for the Dutch Republic), and questions relating to the early industrialization of Belgium (and its relation to the weak political position and the specific pattern of state formation of the Southern Netherlands).

Activities

The session Finance and Credit in the Pre-Industrial Low Countries during the N.W. Posthumus Conference at Utrecht University on 24-25 May 2018 highlighted divergent evolutions in financial development, retirement business, and lotteries in the Low Countries with papers by respectively Alberto Feenstra (University of Amsterdam), Jaco Zuiderduijn (Lund University, Sweden) and Jeroen Puttevils (University of Antwerp). Discussant was Oscar Gelderblom (Utrecht University).

The workshop on Food and Economy that was announced in our previous report was eventually cancelled because of lack of response. Most food historians tend to focus more on cultural history than on economic aspects of food production and distribution.

The network directors organized an own workshop in collaboration with IISH and NEHA: A Peak at the Neighbours' Grass. Recent Social and Economic History Research in Belgium and the Netherlands (Amsterdam, 9 November 2018). It was an important network event that engaged junior and senior researchers in high quality academic debates with each other and with invited expert Regina Grafe (European University Institute, Firenze). The morning session widened our research perspective by focusing on new research agendas in the fields of inclusion/exclusion and material culture. Presenters were Jeannette Kamp, Sanne Muurling, Ariadne Schmidt (Leiden University); Marjolein Schepers (VUB); and Bruno Blondé (University of Antwerp). The afternoon programme held presentations by Oscar Gelderblom (Utrecht University) and Joost Jonker (IISH); Robin Philips, Pêter Földvâri and Bas van Leeuwen (IISH); Wout Saelens (University of Antwerp, VUB) and Wouter Ryckbosch (VUB); and Ad Knotter (Maastricht University). They all stressed divergent evolutions in economic development within the Low Countries with contributions on respectively private debt, drivers of industrialization, the interaction between energy consumption and industrialization, and the divergent development of coal mining districts.

Running Projects

In 2018 fellows of this programme worked on the following projects:

- Bas van Bavel (UU), 'Coordinating for life. Success and failure of Western European societies in coping with rural hazards and disasters, 1300-1800 (ERC Advanced Grant).
- Pepijn Brandon (VU): 'Slaves, Commodities and Logistics: The direct and indirect, the immediate and long-term economic impact of eighteenth-century Dutch Republic transatlantic slave-based activities' NWO, 360-53-170, 2014-2018.
- Pepijn Brandon (VU): Laboratories of Capitalism: Naval shipyards in the Atlantic world as centers of innovation in production, administration and labor control (1720-1870). NWO Veni, 275-53-015, 2017-2020.
- Karel Davids (VU): 'The Senate and the People in small constitutional monarchies in the North Atlantic', c. 1800-present (with Wybren Verstegen (VU) en Nikolaj Bijleveld (RU Groningen), Fonds Staatsman Thorbecke KNAW), started in 2017.
- Heidi Deneweth (VUB), 0,9 FTE – postdoctoral fellowship FWO – 'Risks and Opportunities. Building Contractors in Antwerp and Brussels, 1500-1900'.
- Oscar Gelderblom (UU), 'Investment behaviour, political change and economic growth in the Netherlands', 1780-1920 (NWO Free Competition Humanities project, 2017-2022).
- Oscar Gelderblom (UU): 'The Dynamics of Inclusive Finance in the Netherlands, 1750-1970' (1.500.000 Euro NWO VICI).
- Marjolein t'Hart (ING/Huygens Instituut), 'Managing the Crisis? The Resilience of Local Networks and Institutions within the Low Countries during the Napoleonic Period', (dossiernummer 326-53-001), subsidie-instrument Samenwerking NWO-FWO 2015.
- Joost Jonker (UVA): 'The dynamics of inclusive finance in the Netherlands, 1750-1970', o.l.v. Oscar Gelderblom, Universiteit Utrecht.
- Tine de Moor (UU): Cooperation and institutions for collective action: an exploration into the potential of social network analysis to disclose differences among CPR / village commons in the Alps-Adriatic region' (together with Romina Rodela and Vincent Buskens of Utrecht University) (2016 – 2018), Utrecht University, Focus & Massa budget (Focus area Institutions), 15k €.
- Tine de Moor (UU): Fostering a Transition towards Responsible Research and Innovation Systems (FoTTRIS) (Member Advisory Board) (2015 –2020), European Commission (Horizon 2020).

- Tine de Moor (UU): Nature or nurture? A search for the institutional and biological determinants of life expectancy in Europe during the early modern period' (Principal Investigator) (2013-2018), VIDI Grant NWO, 800k €.
- Tine de Moor (UU): Renovating democracy (Co-applicant) (2016 –2017), Utrecht University, Focus & Massa budget (Focus area Institutions), 15k €.
- Bert de Munck (UA), 'Een nieuw licht op productkwaliteit. De historische evolutie van conventies met betrekking tot de kwaliteit van blank vensterglas, 15e tot en met 19e eeuw'. FWO-onderzoeksproject, 01/01/2018 -31/12/2021.
- Bert de Munck (UA), 'Historische en typologische evolutie van vensterbeglazing. Een geïntegreerde kijk op een vergeten bouw materiaal'. BOF-project Uantwerp, 01/10/2017 -30/09/2021.
- Bert de Munck (UA), 2016-20: 'De pre-industriële transformatie van kinderarbeid. Van leren in een beroepsopleiding naar tewerkstelling als een ongeschoolde, goedkope arbeidskracht (1550 – 1800)' (PhD-project Sietske Van den Wyngaert, FWO-aspirantschap.
- Matthias van Rossum (IISH): 'Between local debts and global markets: Explaining slavery in South andSoutheast Asia, 1600-1800' (NWO Veni 2016-2019).
- Ariadne Schmidt (UL), 'Crime and gender before the courts of the Netherlands: 1600-1800'.
- Ariadne Schmidt (UL), 'Producing Change: Gender and Work in Early Modern Europe', Leverhulme International Network.
- Koenraad Verboven (UGent): Inland waterways in the Roman transport network of the Gallic and Germanic provinces (c. 50 BC – c. AD 400).
- Koenraad Verboven (UGent): The 'craftsmen guilds' (collegia fabrum) in the Roman West in the imperial period.
- Koenraad Verboven (UGent): Family matters. A comparative and interconnected analysis of the social importance of family relations and descent in Republican Etruria and Latium (ca. 500-31 BC).
- Koenraad Verboven (UGent): Provincial assemblies in the Roman West. A study of the socio-economic impact of concilia on Gaul, Germania, and Britannia (12 B.C. – A.D. 284).
- Jaco Zuiderduijn (UL): Gyllene år. Äldreomsorg och pension i Europa, c.1250-c.1800 (Golden years: old age and retirement in Europe, c. 1250-1800) (Vetenskapsrådet 2018-2021).

PhD projects

The following PhD students are working within this programme:

Cohort 2018

- Jonathan Bos (UL/FA): "Nobility, farmers and the medieval farmstead in the Frisian clay area, 1350-1600" (2018-2020).
- Lore Helsen (UGent): "Agriculture, wage labour and household economies in eighteenth-century Flanders: a regional and integrated analysis" (2018-2022).
- Liesbeth Langouche (UA): "The use of clear window glass in Flanders in the 15th till 19th century" (2018-2021).
- Alessandra de Mulder (UA): "Aesthetics for a polite society. Secondary markets and product quality constructions in the eighteenth century." (2018-2022).
- Dennis de Vriese (VUB): "Naturalness, tradition and quality of meat products during the 18th and 19th centuries" (2018-2022).
- Maartje A.B. (RU): "Mirror of mutual relations: communication between Hanseatic cities" (2018-2022).

Cohort 2017

- Sander Berghmans (UGent): 'The abbey of the dunes as a mirror of the socio-relations in coastal Flanders' (2016-2020).
- Junhao Cao (UU): 'A comparative study of divergence and its causes of agrarian economies between Netherlands and China from the 14th to the mid-20th century' (2017-2021).
- Stef Espeel (UA): 'Economic history, price history / Shock Cities. Food process and Access to Food in Flemish Cities during the Age of Shocks: 1280-1370' (2016-2020).
- Bas Machielsens (UU): 'The rise and decline of patrimonial capitalism in The Netherlands' (2017-2021).
- Patrick Naaktgeboren (UM): 'Private partnerships in early modern Antwerp' (2017-2021).

Cohort 2016

- Esther Beeckaert (UGent): 'Economic growth and inequality. Explaining divergentregional growth paths in pre-industrial Europe (Late Middle Ages – 19 th century). Case: Flanders' (2016-2020)
- Wout Saelens (UA): 'Private energy consumption before and during the early Industrial Revolution: Belgium and the Netherlands in comparative perspective (1600-1850)' (2016-2020).
- Pauline Wittebol (VU): 'New Amsterdam merchants, Working on the American cause 1763-1783' (2015-2021)

Cohort 2015

- Marjolein Schepers (VUB): ‘Poor migrants or strange labourers? Ruralurban relations in migration regulation in eighteenth century Flanders’ (2015-2019).

Cohort 2014

- Andrea Bardyn (KU Leuven): ‘Women’s fortunes. Female agency, property and investment in the urban space of late medieval Brabant’ (FWO grant) (2014-2018).
- Tamira Combrink (IISH): ‘Slave-based commodity chains, and their contribution to the economy of the Dutch Republic’ (2014-2018).
- Gerhard de Kok (UL): ‘Economic impact of the slave trade’ (2014-2017).
- Zhanna Popova (IISH): ‘Tsarist Katorga and Soviet Gulag in Western Siberia. War, Colonization and the Making of the “Socialist Man”, ca. 1890-195’ (2014-2018).

Cohort 2013

- Jelten Baguet (VUB): ‘The Forging of a Pre-Modern Urban Elite. Political Networks and Social Change in Sixteenth-Century Ghent (FWO grant) (2013-2017).
- Ruben Menten-Plesters (VUB): ‘The textile industry in Roman Egypt’ (2012-2016).

Cohort 2012

- Boris Horemans (VUB): ‘Entrepreneurs, master craftsmen, workers and merchants. Relations of production in the Brussels’ building trades, 1685-1790’ (2012-2017).

Cohort 2011

- Nicolas De Vijlder (UGent): ‘A comparative study of the rural land market in the Southern Netherlands, 15th-16th century’ (2011-).

Cohort 2009

- Jelle Jan Koopmans (RUG): ‘The ascent of the Frisians ; The Dutch commercial system and the market for maritime transport (1500 -1800)’ (2009-).

Dissertations defended in 2018

- 22 June: H.A.R. (Alberto) Feenstra
- University of Amsterdam
- Supervisors: prof.dr. J. Jonker and prof.dr. M. ’t Hart

Projects granted in 2018

The following fellows of this programme were successful in obtaining grants:

- Bert de Munck (UA), Solidariteit en religie in een moderniserende en post-seculiere context: een historische, politiek-filosofische en sociologische analyse. GOA-BOF project, 01/01/2019 -31/12/2022.
- Erik Aerts (KU Leuven), “Thesaurus of Early Modern Archival Sources” (BRAIN-be project van de Belgian Research Action through Interdisciplinary Networks; Belspo - POD Wetenschapsbeleid België).
- Lex Heerma van Voss (ING/Huygens Instituut), CLARIAH-PLUS, NWO-Roadmap voor Grootschalige Wetenschappelijke Infrastructuur REPUBLIC (ontsluiten van de resoluties van de Staten Generaal 1576-1796) (NWO-Groot).
- Lex Heerma van Voss (ING/Huygens Instituut), Tegen de stroom in: de sociale mobiliteit van joodse Nederlanders (1880-1940).
- Jaco Zuiderduijn (LU), ‘Golden years. Old age and pensions in Europe’, c. 1250-c.1800/ Gyllene år. Äldreomsorg och pension i Europa, c.1250-c.1800’.

Valorization activities

- Erik Aerts (KU Leuven), Met liefde en spionage gebrouwen, in De Standaard, 31 oktober-1 november 2018, blz. 14-15.
- Bas van Bavel (UU), Filosofisch kwintet, Human (televisie), ‘Groeiende ongelijkheid’, 8 Juli 2018.
- Christiaan van Bochove (RU), Rekenen aan risico’s tijdens de 17e en 18e eeuw” at symposium Nederlandse Vereniging van Wiskundeleraren (13 October).
- Pepijn Brandon (VU/IISH), Keti Koti herdenking, ATV (1 juli 2018).
- Heidi Deneweth (VUB), Invited lecturer for Amarant and Musea Brugge “Werken en Leven in Brugge. Economie, maatschappij en stad, 1500-1794” (13 October 2018).

- Jessica Dijkman (UU), ‘Man-made famine in history’. Lecture at the workshop Man-made Famine, Amnesty International Student Group Groningen (26 May 2018, Groningen).
- Clé Lesger (UvA), Bijdrage aan de AT5-documentaire ‘Amstel. Spiegel van de stad’ over de opgravingen bij de aanleg van de Noord-Zuid lijn, uitgezonden 13 juni 2018 en tevens vertoond bij de presentatie van Jerzy Gawronski & Peter Kranendonk, Spul. Catalogus archeologische vondsten Noord/Zuidlijn Amsterdam (Van Zoetendaal/De Harmonie Uitgevers 2018).
- Karel Davids (VU), Lecture for the Association of History Teachers in the Netherlands (Vereniging voor Geschiedenisleraren Nederland, VGN) about the global history of the Netherlands (Wereldgeschiedenis van Nederland), with prof.dr. C.A. Davids. Utrecht 19 September 2018.
- Oscar Gelderblom (UU), Kasboekje van Nederland (november 2018).
- Joost Jonker (UVA): ‘The history of money’, Studium Generale Wageningen, 30 oktober 2018.
- Lex Heerma van Voss (ING/Huygens Instituut), ‘Uitgestorven beroepen gaan in de revival’, Interview in Achmea, Waarde van Werk. Een breed perspectief op de veranderende wereld van werk (november 2018), 90-93.
- Marjolein t’Hart (ING/Huygens Instituut), , Interview met Marjolein Overmeer, ‘Onze Vader des Vaderlands sprak geen Nederlands. Nationale mythes ontkracht in boek van ruim honderd historici’, NEMO Kennislink, 20 september 2018.
- Bert de Munck (UA), 26 oktober 2018, ‘The commodification of artisanal knowledge in the early modern period: a pragmatic perspective’. Lezing op het symposium Symposium: Institutions, knowledge, global history, naar aanleiding van het emeritaat van Karel Davids, Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam.
- Ariadne Schmidt (UL), ‘Vrouwen in de vroegmoderne Hollandse stad.’, 3 October 2018 University Lecture.
- Koenraad Verboven (UGent): ‘Economie: wat we kunnen leren uit 2000 jaar oude Geschiedenis’: VUB Uitstraling Permanente Vorming.
- Jaco Zuiderduijn (LU), : ‘De opkomst en ondergang van een zestiende-eeuws pensioenplan’, Demos: bulletin over bevolking en samenleving 34 (8) (2018) 1-4.

B. Globalization, Inequality and Sustainable Development in Long-Term Perspective

Research directors: dr. Jutta Bolt (RUG), dr. Torsten Feys (UGent) and prof.dr.ir. Erik van der Vleuten (TU/e)

As of May 2018, the new research directors of this network are dr.ir. Frank Veraart (TU/e), dr. Robrecht Declercq (UGent) and dr. Pim de Zwart (WUR)

Theme

The NWP programme Globalization, Inequality and Sustainability Development in Historical Perspective (GIS) is the continuation of the NWP programme ‘Drivers and Carriers of Globalisation’. it seeks to bring together the work of NWP fellows and PhD students on (1) the determinants of worldwide/regional integration of markets, technological systems, business systems, and polities (‘Globalisation’); and (2) origins of the rise of global inequality (‘Inequality’) and the historical shaping of issues of sustainability and transnational trade-offs between economic, social, human and natural resources (‘Sustainability’). This research network is organized around these three interrelated and key themes that are central to current debates in the social sciences: globalization, inequality and sustainable development. These themes arguably represent some of the greatest societal challenges facing the world today. Our network aims to contribute to a better understanding of these challenges by rooting these themes in a historical perspective. The network hosts a variety of approaches, like comparative and transnational, and stimulates the use of both quantitative and qualitative methods. We are not confined to a particular period of time. The network welcomes research initiatives, projects and thinking that tackle issues of globalization, inequality and sustainable development on a longue-durée perspective.

Activities

At the annual Posthumus Conference May 24th and 25th 2018 in Utrecht, we organized a session in which we introduced our ideas for the future of this research theme. The theme is a continuation of the theme “Drivers and Carriers of Globalization”. The new directors of the research theme Pim de Zwart, Robrecht Declercq and Frank Veraart each brought forth their own research projects in relation to the new theme. After that followed a plenary discussion with the audience. The session draw an audience of about 20 attendants.

At June 21st the Eindhoven Centre for Innovation Studies (ECIS) in conjunction with the Eindhoven History Lab organized a seminar and workshop. At the seminar Geoffrey Jones gave a lecture on the Evolution of Green Business in Historical Perspective. After the seminar Mila Davids and Geoffrey Jones hosted a workshop for NWP PhD students. In parallel the new research directors hosted the workshop ‘Recalibrating the research agenda?’ The seminar and workshops were visited by ca. 20 NWP fellows and PhD students.

November 30th and December 1st the Groningen Growth and Development Centre at the University of Groningen organized Frontier Research in Economic and Social History (FRESH) meeting. Additional to this meeting was the retirement workshop of NWP fellow Ben Gales. GIS contributed to the organization of the conference and various Posthumus fellows, such as

Jan Luiten van Zanden, Stefan Nikolic, Michail Moatsos, Pim de Zwart, Matthijs Korevaar and Tim van der Valk, presented their work during the conference and workshop.

Running Projects

In 2018 fellows of this programme worked on the following projects:

- Catia Antunes (UL): Resilient Diversity: the Governance of Racial and Religious Plurality in the Dutch Empire, 1600-1800 (with Ulba Bosma, Matthias van Rossum and Karwan Fatah-Black), Nederlandse Organisatie voor Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek (The Hague).
- Jutta Bolt (RUG): The African Population Boom in Historical Perspective (Wallenberg Fellow 2016: KAW 2016.0184; 2017-2022), Wallander Foundation (Swedish Handelsbanken) grant (together with Ellen Hillbom): ‘Longitudinal Inequality trends in Africa’ (nr. P2015-0076:1; 2015-2018); Swedish Research Council grant (together with Erik Green): ‘Development or exploitation – Mapping the development of large-scale farming in Kenya, Malawi, South Africa and Zimbabwe’ (Swedish Research Council, nr: 421-2014-1509; 2015-2018).
- Hanne Cottyn (UGent): “Between commodity and community. A global and comparative research into communal land rights transformation in the Andes, 19th and 20th centuries.” Postdoctoraal onderzoeksproject, 2016-2019, BOF (Bijzonder Onderzoeksfonds Universiteit Gent).
- Robrecht Declercq (UGent): “Red Fever Red Fever. The natural resource company and the commodification of the global copper frontier (1900-1939), gefinancierd door het Fonds voor Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek (FWO).
- Karwan Fatah-Black (LU): NWO-VENI ‘Paths through Slavery: urban slave agency and empowerment in Suriname, 1700-1863’.
- Torsten Feys (UGent): BELMIHISS: Belgian Migration History for Secondary Schools, Brain valorisatie beurs.
- Deborah van den Herik (UU): ATHENA - Access Tool for Historical ecology and Environmental Archaeology.
- Deborah van den Herik (UU): Maddison Project Database 2018.
- Deborah van den Herik (UU); CLARIAH - Structured Data Hub.
- Herman de Jong (RUG): OZ project: NWO-VICI. Pessimism and Prosperity. The Welfare Paradox of Interwar Europe in a Global Perspective (016.130.036), 1.5 mln.euro.
- Herman de Jong (RUG): ‘Modern Times. European Capitalism in the Second Industrial Revolution 1900-1950’ (€ 600.000, NWO Vrije Competitie Geesteswetenschappen 2008-2014); ‘Pessimism and prosperity. The welfare paradox of interwar Europe in a global perspective’ (€ 1.500.000, NWO VICI, 2013-2018).
- Wim M. Jongman (RUG): Mede aanvrager van NWO internationaliseringsproject ‘Integrating Archaeological Field Surveys - Rome and Beyond’ (NWO projectnummer 236-61-002), loopt tot oktober 2020.
- Samuël Kruizinga (UVA): Size Matters! Small States in International History, 1815-present day (NWO)
- Samuël Kruizinga (UVA): Military History of the Netherlands (Nederlands Instituut voor Militaire Historie)
- Bas van Leeuwen (IISH): ERC starter: Regional industrialization in Northwestern Europe and China, ca. 1800-present.
- Frank Veraart (TU/e): NWO - Global Resources and Sustainability of European modernization, 1820-2020 (GREASE).
- Erik van der Vleuten (TUE): Horizon2020 program History of Nuclear Energy and Society (HoNEst2020).
- Erik van der Vleuten (TUE): Technology and Societal Challenges, ca. 1815-2015.
- Erik van der Vleuten (TU/e): PL Global Resources and Sustainability of European modernization, 1820-2020 (GREASE). NWO Scientific Network Humanities. 9 International research groups, 2 societal partners.
- Tobit Vandamme (UGent): Belgian multinational entrepreneurs in the making of a global economy. The business empire of Edouard Empain (1880-1914)
- Ben Wubs (EUR): Global Markets, Local Creativities (Erasmus Mundus International Master).
- Pim de Zwart (WUR): NWO VENI Grant: „Unfair Trade? Globalization, Institutions and Inequality in Southeast Asia, 1830-1940” (2015-2019)

PhD projects

The following PhD students are working within this programme:

Cohort 2018

- Damion Bunders (UU): Platform Cooperatives: Are User-Owned and User-Governed Platforms Viable? (2018-2022).
- Faheem Rokadiya (UU): Industrialization and household textile production in the UK and China: a diachronic comparison, 1750-1990, (2018-2022).
- Arlinde Vrooman (RUG): The Colonial Legacy of Health Inequalities, (2018-2022).

Cohort 2017

- Manon Moerman (UM): ‘Early modern private partnerships in Amsterdam.’ (2016-2020).
- Judith Siegel (EUR): ‘Dutch shipbuilding, 1914-1945. War, economic crisis and fluctuations.’ (2017-2021).
- Mark Straver (EUR): ‘Dutch shipbuilding, international competition and state intervention, 1945-1983.’ (2017-2021).

Cohort 2016

- Gijs van Campenhout (EUR) ‘Who Belongs to the Nation? Elite Migration, Citizenship and Nationality Complexities in International Football’ (2016-2020).
- Maarten Manse (UL): ‘Tax law and taxation in the Dutch East Indies’ (2016-2020).
- Ruben Peeters (UU): ‘Meeting the Challenges of Modernization, 1850-1940’ (2016-2020).
- Robin Philips (IISH): ‘Low Countries, High Development. Changing industrial location in the Netherlands and Belgium (ca. 1820-2010)’ (2015-2019).
- Amaury de Vincq (UU): ‘Financial Innovation By Banks, 1900 – 1970’ (2016-2020).
- Harm Zwarts (WUR): ‘Innovation in Dutch agriculture, 1850-2000’ (2016-2019).

Cohort 2015

- Bert Kramer (RUG): ‘Essays in Financial History’ (2015-2019).
- German Montes (RUG): ForSEAdiscovery project, ‘Forest resources for Iberian Empires: Ecology and Globalization in the Age of Discovery’, under the framework of the FP7-PEOPLE-2013-ITN programme (2015-2017).
- Hilde Sennema (EUR): ‘Global Cities, Transnational Elites and Local Identities: Agency and Urban Transformation in Port Cities Rotterdam and Liverpool, 1945-1975’ (2015-2020)
- Tobit Vandamme (UGent), ‘Belgian multinational enterprises and the making of the first global economy (1870-1914). The case of the Empain Group.’ (2015-2019).
- Zipeng Zhang (UU): ‘Between government and market: a quantitative analysis of industrialisation in Ming China, ca. 1368-1644.’ (2015-2019).

Cohort 2014

- Jeroen ter Brugge (EUR): ‘Dutch ship building industry in the 19th Century’ (2014-2018).
- Melanie van der Linden (VU): ‘The Accountancy Profession in the Netherlands, 1960s to the present’ (granted by Nederlandse Beroepsorganisatie van Accountants (NBA) and Amsterdam Research Center in Accounting (ARCA) (2014-2019).
- Michalis Moatsos (UU): ‘Global income inequality and poverty on the very long run’ (2014-2017).

Cohort 2013

- Filip Degreef (VUB): ‘Food Quality, Safety and Trust since 1950: Societal Controversy and Biotechnological Challenges’ (VUB-IRP2) (2013-2017).
- Kate Frederick (WUR): ‘Unravelling the African textile mystery: mapping the decline of cloth production in sub-Saharan Africa’ (2013-2017).
- Daniel Gallardo Albarrán (RUG): ‘Pessimism and prosperity. The welfare paradox of interwar Europe in a global perspective’ (2013-2017).
- Oisín Gilmore (RUG): ‘Working hours and the rise of leisure’ (2013-2017).
- Jonne Harmsma (RUG): ‘Biography of Jelle Zijlstra’ (2013-2017).
- Elisabeth Heijmans (UL): ‘Fighting Monopolies, Defying Empires 1500-1750: Free Agency and Informal Empire in the French Domains Overseas’ (2013-2017).
- Ye Ma (RUG): ‘Institutions, Size, and Wealth: Economic Development in 18th-19th Century China’ (2013-2017).
- Edgar Pereira (UL): ‘Fighting Monopolies, Defying Empires 1500-1750: a Comparative Overview of Free Agents and Informal Empires in Western Europe and the Ottoman Empire’ (ERC granted project) (2013-2017).
- Julie Svalastog (UL): ‘Fighting Monopolies, Defying Empires 1500-1750: The British Domains Overseas’ (2013-2017).
- Kaarle Wirta (UL): ‘Trans-National and Cross-Cultural Agents in the Early Scandinavian Overseas Expansion - The Cases of Henrich Carloff and Willem Leyel’ (part of ‘Fighting monopoly, defying empires; Early Modern Scandinavian Maritime Expansion’) (2013-2017).

Cohort 2012

- Frank Ochsendorf (UL): ‘Foreign capital and colonial development in Indonesia: Foreign investment and society in Indonesia, 1910-1960’ (2012-).
- Joris van den Tol, ‘Challenging monopolies, building global empires in the early modern period’ (2012-).
- Mark Van de Water (UL): ‘Foreign Investment and Economic Development of Indonesia, 1910-1960’ (2012-).

Cohort 2011

- Hilde Harmsen (EUR): ‘Technological innovation in children’s books during the first phase of the Cold War, 1945-1970’ (2011-).
- Wouter Heijveld (EUR): ‘History of the North Sea oil and gas sector in the Netherlands’ (2011-).

Dissertations defended in 2018

- 18 januari: E.L.L. (Erik) Odegard
Leiden University
Supervisor: prof. dr. C. Antunes
- 13 September: K.J. (Kate) Ekama
Leiden University
Supervisor: prof. dr. C. Atunes
- 19 September: J (Julie) Svalastog
Leiden University
Supervisor: prof. dr. C. Atunes
- 4 October: D. (Daniel) Gallardo Abberán
University of Groningen
Supervisors: prof. dr. H. de jong and Prof. dr. R.C. Inklaar

Projects granted in 2018

- Bram Bouwens (UU): Welcome aboard! KLM funded research into Dutch Aviation (2018).
- Deborah van den Herik (UU): ATHENA 2.0 (2018).
- Deborah van den Herik (UU): CLARIAH PLUS infrastructuurproject (2018).
- Samuël Kruizinga (UVA): Military History of the Netherlands (Nederlands Instituut voor Militaire Historie).
- Torsten Feys (UGent): Brain valorisatie beurs voor het project BELMIHISS: Belgian Migration History for Secondary Schools.
- Frank Veraart (TU/e): Eindhoven University, Department Industrial Engineering & Innovation Sciences ‘Drivers of ‘Sustainability’ (DOS), in Dutch-African horticulture supply chains, 1960-2020’. (1 PhD).

Valorization activities

- Catia Antunes (UL): Merchant Culture? Questions, Methodologies and Perspectives, lecture-speech at Leiden University.
- David Chilosì (RUG): Lecture on inequality in history, Piketty Day, Groningen, May 2018.
- Hanne Cottyn (UGent): Mede-oprichtster ENCUESTRO Belgian Latin America Network) and mede-organisator van de expositie “BE-LA Past & Present Encounters” (AMSAB, Gent)
- Robrecht Declercq (UGent): “1890 Bernhard Mayer: Selfmade Man, Anarchist en Wereldburger in Brussel”.
In: Wereldgeschiedenis van Vlaanderen. Antwerpen: Polis, 2018, pp. 335-341.
- Robrecht Declercq (UGent): “1912. Van Katanga tot de Kempen: de Koloniale Wortels van de Vlaamse Industrie”.
In: Wereldgeschiedenis van Vlaanderen, Antwerpen: Polis, 2018, pp. 386-391
- Ewout Frankema (WUR): ‘The path to economic development is growing more treacherous, again’ The Economist, Nov. 3rd 2018, p. 72. # Coverage of Frankema, E. and M. van Waijenburg (2018) ‘Africa Rising? A Historical Perspective’, African Affairs, 117, 469, 543-568.
- Deborah van den Herik (UU): de internationale Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), How was Life’ Vol. 2 contributors workshop (20 and 21 september 2018).
- Herman de Jong (RUG): TV-broadcast NHK (Japan Broadcasting Corporation): Society and Culture during the Edo period (Spring 2018).
- Ben Gales (RUG): Ben Gales, Staatsmijn Beatrix, het einde van het steenkolentijdperk?, lezing voor boekpresentatie Staatsmijn Beatrix. Gemiste kans of zegen? van Luc Wolters, Kenniscentrum van de Rabobank Roermond-Echt georganiseerd door de Heemkundevereniging Roerstreek, Stichting Rura Roermond, Uitgeverij Vantilt, 14 juni 2018.
- Karena Kalmbach (TU/e): Invitation to comment on the Panel Study “la perception des risques et de la sécurité par les Français” by the French National Institut for Radiation Protection and Nuclear Safety (IRSN). Comment included in the publication of the study results.
- Dick van Lente (EUR): “SALT I, een mager succes in moeilijke tijden”, Kleio 59/4 (juni 2018), 24-27.
- Dick van Lente (EUR): ‘Computers en de toekomst’ mei 2018, 2 Rotary clubs Rotterdam.
- Jeroen Touwen (UL): Lecture for the Association of History Teachers in the Netherlands (Vereniging voor Geschiedenisleraren Nederland, VGN) about the global history of the Netherlands (Wereldgeschiedenis van Nederland), with prof.dr. C.A. Davids. Utrecht 19 September 2018.
- Tobit Vandamme (UGent): “1893 : De Brusselse Elektriciteitscentrale En De Moeizame Elektrificatie Van Vlaanderen.” Wereldgeschiedenis Van Vlaanderen. Ed. Marnix Beyen et al. Kalmthout: Polis, 2018. 355–361.
- Frank Veraart (TU/e): H.W. Lintsen and F. Veraart. In de jaren zestig ging het mis. Interview Reformatorisch Dagblad, (20th June 2018).
- Frank Veraart (TU/e): H.W. Lintsen and F. Veraart. Wetenschappers TU/e schreven boek over industriële ontwikkeling: De overgang gaat pijn doen. Eindhovens Dagblad / Brabants Dagblad (27 March 2018).
- Pim de Zwart (WUR): “Koffie, wereldhandel en de consumptierevolutie”, Nacht van de Geschiedenis, Rijksmuseum Amsterdam. (Oktober 2018).

C. Societies in their environment (SITE): regional analysis of urban and rural development

Research director: dr. Marijn Molema (FA)

Theme

This network focusses on three sub disciplines which relate to the field of Social and Economic History: rural history; environmental history; and planning history. Rural history analyses patterns of continuity and change in rural communities, including city-countryside relations. Environmental history gives central stage to the reciprocal relationship between environmental and climatic factors on the one hand and the institutional, social and economic constellations of human society on the other. With its focus on planning history, this network scrutinize the social, economic, cultural and political construction of space. Targeted on these three perspective of regional and urban development, this network brings together PhD-students as well as mid-career and senior researchers.

Activities

The year of 2018 started with a follow-up on the November 2017 conference on ‘Shocks and hazards in history: vulnerability and resilience’, organized by the University of Antwerp about. During a 2,5-day workshop in Leeuwarden, 14-16 January 2018, an international and interdisciplinary group of 15 researchers gathered for presentations and discussions on ‘An historical account of regional resilience’. Whereas the November 2017 conferences lad emphasis on the pre-modern period, this workshop was aimed at modern and contemporary history. A selection of the papers is now in the process of being published as a special issue for Business History. At the annual Posthumus Conference in Utrecht, 24 & 25 May 2018, the SITE-network was involved in two sessions. One session was called ‘Industrialization and deindustrialization in the region’ Bas van Leeuwen (IISH & UU) presented the ESF funded HINDI-project, what stands for the Historical Dynamics of Industrialization in Northwestern Europe and China 1800-2010. An invited colleague from the University of the West of Scotland, Ewan Gibbs, presented a case study on Coalfield Deindustrialization: The territorial and industrial governance of workplace closure and labour market transition in Lanarkshire, c. 1940-1980s. Comments were delivered by prof. dr. Eric Vanhaute. Another involvement of the SITE-network was the joint research session, in which Maïka de Keyzer delivered the introduction notes.

Running Projects

In 2018 fellows of this programme worked on the following projects:

- Paul Brusse (UU): Investment behaviour of the Dutch political elite 1780-1940 (NWO)
- Piet van Cruyningen (WUR): Investment behaviour of the Dutch political elite 1780-1940, NWO project, projectleider Oscar Gelderblom.
- Marijn Molema (FA): Leren in de Friese Agri & Food (2018).
- Marijn Molema (FA): Economische Vitaliteit Noordoost-Fryslan, 1975-heden (2018).
- Marijn Molema (FA): Het Urker viscluster (2018).
- Marijn Molema (FA): Culturele samenwerking Noord-Nederland en Noordwest-Duitsland (2018).
- Leen van Molle (KU Leuven): The Rethoric of Hunger and Plenty. Agro-food Policy in Belgium 1918-1958 (promoter), 2014-2018, gefinancierd door de KULeuven & FWO-Flanders.
- Willibrord Rutte (UM): Escaping bad health and early death.The Maastricht Death & Disease Database (2018).
- Willibrord Rutte (UM): Limburgse kasteellandschappen in verandering 2) Escaping bad health and early death.The Maastricht Death & Disease Database.
- Tim Soens (UA): Doel, polder village. Its inhabitants and built environment since 1600 (Private Funding) (2017-2021).
- Tim Soens (UA): Shock Cities. Food Prices and access to food in Flemish cities during the Age of Shocks (1280-1370) (FWO, research project, supervisors Tim Soens & Alexis Wilkin, ULB) (2016-2019).
- Tim Soens (UA): GISTorical Antwerp II. The historical city as empirical lab for urban studies using high-resolution social maps (FWO Medium Scale research infrastructure; own budget) (2016-2020).
- Wybren Verstegen (VU): The Senate and the people in North Atlantic small power constitutional monarchies The Low Countries, Scandinavia, Ireland and Canada from ca. 1800 to the present. Onder auspiciën van de KNAW, gefinancierd door het Fonds Staatsman Thorbecke.
- Wybren Verstegen (VU): Conferentie Senates in Crises. Amsterdam mei 2018 onder auspiciën van de KNAW.

PhD projects

- The following PhD students are working within this programme:
- Cohort 2018
- Ingrid Scheepers (UA): “Beyond the dots in TODs. Analysing Transit Oriented Development in networked rural-urban places” (2018-2022).

Cohort 2017

- Ana Avino de Pablo (UGent): ‘Economic Growth and Inequality in the Pre-industrial England.’ (2016-2020).
- Matthijs Degraeve (VUB): ‘The Brussels construction industry (1800-1980): and production of space.’ (2017-2021).
- Rogier van Kooten (UA): ‘Between social capita land opportunism. A longterm social-spatial study if neighbourhood sociability in earlymodern Antwerp circa 1560-1795.’ (2016-2020).
- Ronald Plantinga (FA/RUG): ‘Knowledge-driven innovation in the Dutch-Cluster, 1950-2010.’ (2017-2021).
- Wout van de Sompele (UA): ‘Doel, dorp in de polder: vijf eeuwen bewoning en bebouwing.’ (2017-2021).
- Vitaly Volkov (VUB): ‘The most democratic of all spaces? Inequality in social relations and urban public space in eighteenth-century Netherlands.’ (2017-2021).

Cohort 2016

- Dieter Bruneel (UGent) ‘The contentious politics of game hunting in the Southern Netherlands (Belgium), 1750-1950’ (2016-2022).
- Davide Cristoferi (UGent) ‘Rural Inequality and growth in Pre-industrial Tuscany: the rise and persistence of mezzadria system in Florentine and Sienese states (14th-18th c.)’ (2015-2019)
- Kristina Hodelin-ter Wal (RU): ‘Conflicting Paths and Perceptions: The Lived Experiencesof Tamil Migrants in Malaysia during the Long Twentieth Century (1890-1990)’ (2016-2020).
- Merit Hondelink (RUG): ‘Archaeology and History/ A taste of historic cookery - a reconstruction of the daily meal as prepared by common burghers of Early Modern Dutch cities, AD 1500-1850’ (2016-2020).
- Alice Janssens (EUR): ‘The Rise and Fall of Berlin as a Fashion Capital, 1924 -1939’ (2016-2020).
- Minghui Li (RUG): ‘Transforming Childbirth Practices: New Style Midwifery in China, 1912-1949’ (2016-2020).
- Laura May (UA): ‘Outside-City: suburban ‘place distinctiveness’ as manifestation of political-economic coalitions (case: Antwerp, c.1860-c.1940)’ (2015-2019).

Cohort 2015

- Sam Geens (UA): ‘A golden age for labour? Economic inequality and labour income after the Black Death: Flanders and Tuscany compared (1350-1500)’ (2015-2019).
- Floor Groefsema (RUG): ‘North-West European Agriculture in Transition: The Development of Family Farming in Regional and Comparative Perspective 1950-2010’ (2015-2019).
- Bart Hoozeboom (FA/RUG): ‘Reviving the Region. Bottom-up development in European rural areas, 1975-2020’ (2015-2019)
- Girija Joshi (UL): ‘Mobility, Sedentarism and Identity. Perspectives from Delhi and Calcutta 1700-1860’ (2015-2019).
- Oran Kennedy (UL): ‘Beacons of Freedom: Slave Refugees in North America, 1800-1860’ (2015-2019).
- Thomas Mareite (UL): ‘Rethinking the processes and the geographies of slavery and freedom in North America. Slave refugees in Mexico, 1800-1860’ (2015-2019).
- Viola Müller (UL): ‘Beacons of Freedom: Slave Refugees in the US South, 1800-1860’ (2015-2019).
- Nick Van den Broeck (VUB): ‘Paying for deservingness? Poor relief administration, entitlement and local economies in the Southern Low Countries, 1750-1830’ (2015-2018).
- Joris Roosen (UU): ‘Plague, window of opportunity or death-blow? An analysis of socioeconomic responses to the Black Death and recurring waves of plague in Flanders, Artois and Norfolk (1348-1500).’ (2015-2019).

Cohort 2014

- Bram van Besouw (UU): ‘Wake-up call or death knell? Responses of rural economy and society to war, 1500-1800’ (2014-2018).
- Zhanna Popova (IISH): ‘Tsarist Katorga and Soviet Gulag in Western Siberia. War, Colonization and the Making of the “Socialist Man”, ca. 1890-1950’ (2014-2018).

Cohort 2013

- Ellen Janssens (UA): ‘Fluid urban environments: mapping Antwerp’s drinking water system and its evolving socio-spatial arrangement, 1700-1900’ (2012-2016).
- Tineke Van de Walle (UA): ‘The “Horizontal city” in the Middle Ages. Suburban settlement in the Southern Low Countries (late 15th-16th century)’ (2013-2017).

Cohort 2012

- Stefanie Kerckhofs (KU Leuven): ‘Farmers in the tropics. Agricultural science and knowledge networks in Belgian Congo, 1908 – 1960’ (2012-2015).

Dissertations defended in 2018

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Projects granted in 2018

- Ad Knotter (UM):) Mining at the Border: The Transnational Space of the Domaniale Mijn in the 19th and 20th century.
- Ad Knotter (UM): The atelier Glasschilderkunst F. Nicolas en Zonen in Roermond (NL) (1855-1968) and the revival of stained glass production in western Europe in the 19th and 20th century.
- Marijn Molema (FA): Het Urker viscluster (2018).
- Marijn Molema (FA): Culturele samenwerking Noord-Nederland en Noordwest-Duitsland (2018).
- Willibrord Rutte (UM): Escaping bad health and early death.The Maastricht Death & Disease Database (2018).
- Tim Soens (UA): 2021 CATCH 2020-Computer-Assisted Transcription of Complex Handwriting ((FWO Medium Scale research infrastructure (2018-2021).

Valorization activities

- Paul Brusse (UU): Economie. De effecten van de Deltawerken en regionaal overheidsbeleid op de economische ontwikkeling van Zuidwest-Nederland, in: Modern Wereldwonder Geschiedenis van de Deltawerken, Amsterdam 2018, pp 260-298.
- Piet van Cruynningen (WUR): Lezing ‘Dutch Agrarian History’ voor de cursus ‘Organised farmers as partners in agribusiness’, Wageningen Centre for Development Innovation, 21 september 2018.
- Maarten Duijvendak (RUG): Publiekslezing 9 april 2018 in de dorpskerk van Vries, voordracht bij de presentatie van de Geschiedenis van Drenthe, gepubliceerd als Duijvendak, M. (2018). Voordracht bij de Geschiedenis van Drenthe. Waardeel : Drents Historisch Tijdschrift, 38(2) (2018), 26-30.
- Ad Knotter (UM): Afscheidssymposium ‘Veel bijgeleerd? Of: zijn wij het androcentrisme in de geschiedschrijving voorbij?’ Maastricht 30 november 2018.
- Leen van Molle (KU Leuven): lezing “Boeren, brood en buitenlucht: de paradoxen van de rurale moderniteit”, voor de Vereniging Historici Lovanienses, 10 oktober 2018.
- Willibrord Rutte (UM): ‘Ondanks de beste leiding. Tegenslag en risico in de kolenmijnindustrie’. Referaat bij gelegenheid van de boekpresentatie van Luc Wolters, Staatsmijn Beatrix. Gemiste kans of zegen?, Rabobank Innovatie Centrum, Roermond 14 juni 2018.
- Tim Soens (UA): Hofstad. Historisch Proefveld Stadslandbouw (experimental historical urban agriculture).
- Wybren Verstegen (VU): Met dr. Nikolaj Bijleveld: N.H. Bijleveld, e.a., Een Sourdine of een echte volksvertegenwoordiging?Memo over de senaat aan de Staatscommissie Bezinning Parlementair Stelsel, 2018.
- Wybren Verstegen (VU): Met dr. Bijleveld, ‘Zoek naar verankering democratie’, in: Trouw, 26 maart 2018.
- Wybren Verstegen (VU): Met dr. N. Bijleveld, “Hoog tijd om de rol van de Eerste Kamer te herzien”, in: Ad Valvas, 17 (2018), p. 8 en 9.

D. Life-Course, Family and Labour

Research directors: Dr. Richard Zijdemann (IISH) and dr. Paul Puschmann (RU)

The research networks addresses developments in population and family from the early modern period until the present. Part of the programme are projects by Angélique Janssens and Jan Kok (RU), Kees Mandemakers (IISH), Richard Paping (RUG), Elise Van Nederveen Meerkerk (WU), Isabelle Devos, Eric Vanhaute and Bart Van de Putte (UGent), and Koen Matthijs and Jan Van Bavel (KU Leuven). The members are engaged in a wide range of data infrastructure projects using aggregated information such as the worldwide Clio-Infra and the Flemish Lokstat and Stream. Likewise, most of them are also involved in the development of databases with micro-data (non-aggregated information) on persons, families and households such as the European Historical Population Samples Network (EHPS-Net), the Dutch Historical Sample of the Netherlands (HSN), and the Flemish COR-database. The programme also looks at methodological issues (quantitative but also qualitative approaches) related to these datasets and linkage of datasets (Clariah & LONGPOP). Still, the main collaborations within the group result from the approach of the life course perspective, currently the main paradigm within the field of historical demography. These datasets and methodologies are used within a broad set of research objectives. Programme members conduct research on different population issues (ranging from mortality, fertility, and nuptiality to migration) in which they strongly emphasize the comparative perspective. The key questions refer to spatiotemporal differences in population processes and the differences in this respect between generations, gender, social classes and religious denominations. Most importantly, members are engaged with explaining behavioral patterns in a wide social context. In particular, they focus on (1) the study of the social and demographic implications of economic change, or vice versa (2) the impact of family and demography on social relations.

Activities

Network session at the Posthumus conference in Utrecht (25 May 2018).

The session was organized and chaired by Paul Puschmann and devoted to the Population History of the Middle East and North Africa. The speakers were Youssef Courbage (Ined, Paris), Selin Dilli (Utrecht University) and Nadia Sonneveld (Radboud University, Nijmegen). Ewout Frankema (Wageningen University & Research) acted as the discussant.

Farewell Symposium Prof. Theo Engelen (5 October 2018)

Paul Puschmann, Tim Riswick and Jan Kok organized a Farewell Symposium for Theo Engelen, who retired from the post of Professor of Historical Demography. The symposium consisted of presentations of contributions to an extensive Festschrift – Building Bridges. Scholars, History and Historical Demography - that was handed over to him.

Seminar & Masterclass by Stefan Öberg (24 October 2018)

On October 24, 2018 Stefan Öberg (University of Gothenburg) gave a seminar at the Radboud University entitled Changing bodies: The role of nutritional status in the great mortality decline. Subsequently, he gave a masterclass for PhD students working on health and length.

Lecture & Masterclass by Monica Green (13 November 2018)

On November 13, 2018 Monica Green (Arizona State University) gave a lecture at Utrecht University entitled ‘A New Story of the Black Death: The Latest Work on the Science and History of the World’s Largest Pandemic’. She also gave a masterclass for PhD students.

Running Projects

In 2018 fellows of this programme worked on the following projects:

- Isabelle Devos (UGent): Who died from cancer? A history of victims of malignant tumors in Belgium (1850-1950).
- Isabelle Devos (UGent): Quetelet Centre for Quantitative Historical Research, € 467.290 – BOF (Promotor).
- Isabelle Devos (UGent): STREAM. A Spatiotemporal Research Infrastructure for Early Modern Flanders and Brabant.
- Angélique Janssens, Genes, Germs and Resources. The role of the family and the disease environment in mortality and longevity in the Netherlands, 1812-2015, (NWO – Vrije Competitie)
- Angélique Janssens, SHiP – Studying the History of health in Port cities, (NWO – Internationalisation grant)
- Gijs Kessler (IISG): Electronic Repository of Russian Historical Statistics, <https://ristat.org/>
- Jan Kok (RU): Giants of the modern world. A new history of heights and health in The Netherlands, 1811-1940 Prof. dr. Jan Kok (ESDG) and Dr. F.R.M. Portrait (VU), NWO – Vrije Competitie (€ 800.000), 2015.
- Jan Kok (RU): Innovative Training Network Methodologies and Data mining techniques for the analysis of Big Data based on Longitudinal Population and Epidemiological Registers, lead applicant D. Ramiro. Prof.dr. Jan Kok (ESDG) and Prof.dr. Angelique Janssens.
- Kees Mandemakers (IISH/EUR): ‘CLARIAH structured data (HSN Part)’.
- Kees Mandemakers (IISH/EUR): Methodologies and Data Mining Big Data, funded by Marie Curie Horizon 2020, MSCA-ITN-2015-ETN.
- Kees Mandemakers (IISH/EUR): Giants of the modern world (heights) NWO, Free Competition Humanities, file number 360-53-190 /208, VU Amsterdam, RU Nijmegen.
- Elise Nederveen Meerkerk (UU): (tot 1 maart 2018) NWO Vidi-project “Industriousness in an imperial economy. Interactions of households’ work patterns, time allocation and consumption in the Netherlands and the Netherlands-Indies, 1815-1940.”.
- Elise Nederveen Meerkerk (UU): (vanaf 1 oktober 2018) ERC-consolidator project “Race to the bottom? Family labour, household livelihood and consumption in the relocation of global cotton manufacturing”.
- Peter Scholliers (VUB): Interdisciplinary Research Program (IRP11) Tradition and Naturalness of Animal Products within a Societal Context of Change (with F. Leroy, W. Ryckbosch, M. Brengman, P. Erdkamp & L. De Vuyst; 1 January 2018 - 31 December 2022)
- Peter Scholliers (VUB): Interdisciplinary Research Program (IRP07), “Building Brussels. Brussels City Builders and the Production of Space, 1794-201 (with I. Wouters, H. Deneweth, M. Ryckewaert, et al., 1 July 2016 - 30 June 2021)
- Eric Vanhaute (UGent): Economic growth and inequality. Explaining divergent regional growth paths in pre-industrial Europe (Late Middle Ages – 19th century). GOA project UGent.
- Eric Vanhaute (UGent): Commodity Frontiers Initiative. The transformation of the global countryside (IISH, UGent, Erasmus, Harvard).
- Eric Vanhaute (UGent): Quetelet-Be. Center for quantitative historical research (UGent).
- Eric Vanhaute (UGent): CORN - Comparative rural history network (FWO international research network).
- Verboven, Koen (UGent): Inland waterways in the Roman transport network of the Gallic and Germanic provinces (c. 50 BC – c. AD 400).

- Verboven, Koen (UGent): The ‘craftsmen guilds’ (collegia fabrum) in the Roman West in the imperial period.
- Verboven, Koen (UGent): Family matters. A comparative and interconnected analysis of the social importance of family relations and descent in Republican Etruria and Latium (ca. 500-31 BC).
- Verboven, Koen (UGent): Provincial assemblies in the Roman West. A study of the socio-economic impact of concilia on Gaul, Germania, and Britannia (12 B.C. – A.D. 284).

PhD projects

The following PhD students are working within this programme:

Cohort 2018

- Laura Debyser (UGent): “Who died from cancer? A history of victims of malignant tumors in Belgium, 1850-1950, (2018-2022).
- Aditi Dixit (UU): “Race to the bottom? Family labour, household livelihood and consumption in the relocation of global cotton manufacturing, ca. 1750-1990”, (2018-2023).
- Maya Murkens (UM): “Health transition in Maastricht 1864-1955”, (2018-2022).

Cohort 2017

- Eva van der Heijden (IISH): ‘Intergenerational mobility of the second generation in the Netherlands.’ (2017-2021).
- Björn Quanjer (RU): ‘ Early life and young adult height 1811-1940.’ (2017-2021)
- Kristina Thompson (VU): ‘Lifetime consequences of young and adult height.’ (2017-2021).
- Jiayi Xin (UL): ‘Female Crime and Punishment in the Late Qing Dynasty.’ (2017-2021)

Cohort 2016

- Matthias Rosenbaum-Feldbrügge (RU): ‘Marital and household instabilities and the wellbeing of small children’ (2016-2019).
- Dolores Sesma Carlos (RU): ‘Residential careers of vulnerable groups’ (2016-2019).
- Anke Verbeke (VUB): ‘Between dependency and agency. The survival of the elderly laboring poor in Antwerp and Brussels: 1750-1850’ (2016-2017).
- Sietske van den Wyngaert (UA): ‘The pre-industrial transformation of child labour. From learning through apprenticeships to being employed as an unskilled, cheap workforce (1550 – 1800)’ (2016-2019).

Cohort 2014

- Ingrid van Dijk (RU): ‘Genes, Germs and Resources’ (2014-2018).
- Rick Mourits (RU): ‘Exceptional lives? The role of the family and the disease environment in exceptional longevity in three provinces of the Netherlands, 1812-1957’ (2014-2018).
- Eli Nomes (KULeuven): ‘Assortative mating and men’s family formation in 19th - 20th century Flanders. A historical sociological analysis.’ (2014-2018).’
- Florent Verfaillie (UGent): ‘The Social Impact of WWI (1914-1940): ‘Resistance Fighters’ and ‘Pro-German Collaborators’ (Belspo programme / BRAIN programme) (2014-2018).

Cohort 2013

- Ewout Depauw (UGent): ‘Life at the bottom. Living standards and heights in Flanders, 1780-1900’ (2013-2017).
- Pieter De Reu (UGent): ‘The development of the fiscal administration as a manifestation of state capacity and infrastructural power, Southern Netherlands and Belgium (1795-1852)’ (2012-2016).
- Tim Riswick (RU): ‘Between Hostility and Affection. Sameness and Difference in the Mortality Chances of Brothers and Sisters in Taiwan and the Netherlands, 1860-1940.’ (PhD project funded by the NW Posthumus Institute and carried out at Nijmegen University) (2013-2018).
- Tina Van Rossem (UGent-VUB): ‘Bruxelles ma belle. Bruxelles mortelle. Mortality in the Brussels district at the turn of the 20th century (1890-1910)’ (FWO) (2013-2017).

Cohort 2011

- Nynke van den Boomen (RU): ‘Region, religion and death.The cultural rigidity of mortality and cause-of-death patterns in the Netherlands, 1875-1899’ (2011-).
- Paul Rotering (RU): ‘The power of the family: family influences on longterm fertility decline in Europe, c. 1850-2010’ (2011-)
- Robin Satter (RU): ‘Financing the ageing of population. An historical and comparative perspective’ (2011-).
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Cohort 2008

- Maaïke Messelink (RU). ‘Too young to die. Excess female mortality at young ages in the Netherlands, 1850-1930’ (2008-).

Cohort 2007

- Evelien Walhout (Tilburg). ‘When life begins with death. Determinants of high infant mortality in the Dutch province of Noord-Brabant, 1840-1940’ (2007-).

Dissertations defended in 2018

- 29 May: M. (Maya) Mechant
Ghent University
Supervisors: prof. dr. I. Devos
- 26 September: T. (Tina) van Rossem
Ghent University
Supervisors: prof. dr. p. Deboosere, prof.dr. I. Devos
- 8 October: R. (Robin) Satter
Radboud University
Supervisors: Prof. Dr. Theo Engelen and Prof. Dr. J. Kok

Projects granted in 2018

The following fellows of this programme were successful in obtaining grants:

- Gijs Kessler (IISG): Film «De Getekende Hahn», in samenwerking met regisseur Pim Zwier.
- Kees Mandemakers (IISH): The Centralized Data Classification Platform: Exploration and Contribution of Knowledge Systems, Klein Data Project DANS (Main applicant Ashkan Ashkpour and Ramtin Soltani).
- Hugo la Poutre (RUG): The development of the population of England 1086-1377’ NWO grant. Supervisors: Richard Paping en Maarten Duijvendak.
- Marion Pluskota (UL): Dangerous Cities: Mapping crime in Amsterdam and Leiden, 1850–1913.
- Paul Puschmann (RU): IM²MEDIATE – The image of Immigrants in the Media: Thought-Provoking Effect, o.l.v. Prof. Leen d’Haenens en Prof. Koen Matthijs, KU Leuven.

Valorization activities

- Isabelle Devos (UGent): Grasduinen in de bevolkingsgeschiedenis: wat was er mis met de West-Vlamingen?, Knack, 18 maart 2018.
- Angélique Janssens, Amsterdamse doodsoorzaken, 1854-1940, (crowd sourcing project).
- Angélique Janssens, Amsterdamse doodsoorzaken, 1854-1940: een crowd-sourcing project, lezing ter gelegenheid van de herdenking en boekpresentatie van het bombardement op Amsterdam op 11 mei 1940, 11 mei 2019, Amsterdam.
- Angélique Janssens, ‘De demografische transitie met bijzondere aandacht voor de mortaliteitstransitie in de 19de en 20ste eeuw’, lezing voor Probus Maastricht, Maastricht, 10 oktober 2018.
- Angélique Janssens, ‘Leven in de eigen bubbel: lot of keuze? Een historisch perspectief’, lezing voor het Koninklijk Limburgs Geschied- en Oudheidkundig Genootschap, Historische Kring Maastricht, Maastricht, 4 maart 2018.
- Gijs Kessler (IISG): Tentoonstelling «Samen en alleen. Leven in Rusland in de twintigste eeuw», Drents Museum (2012-3), Architectuurmuseum Moskou (2013), Museum voor de geschiedenis van de stad, St. Petersburg (2014), Vladivostok (2015). Tentoonstelling over de geschiedenis van Rusland in de twintigste eeuw, gezien vanuit de optiek van het gezin en de veranderingen die daarin optraden.
- Jan Kok (RU): Cuáles son las claves del aumento de la talla? ¿Por qué son los hombres holandeses los más altos del mundo? Videointerview Fundacion BBVA, Madrid <https://www.fbbva.es/noticias/busca-una-explicacion-los-gigantes-del-mundo-moderno>.
- Elise Nederveen Meerkkerk (UU): interview met Sacha Nauta (The Economist) over genderongelijkheid op de arbeidsmarkt.
- Richard Paping (RUG): Publiekslezing, ‘De gevolgen van de Kerstvloed van 1717 in de Marne’, op het Symposium ‘Na de Kerstvloed’, Groninger Archieven, Groningen. 20 januari 2018.
- Paul Puschmann (RU): NEMO Kennislink live: Swipen of houden. Over hoe ons liefdesleven door apps aan het veranderen is, NEMO Sciences Museum, Amsterdam.
- Peter Scholliers (VUB): Interview “Het leven is duur. Maar hoe duur?” De Standaard, 22 november 2018, p. 16.
- Eric Vanhaute (UGent): Co-editor van Wereldgeschiedenis van Vlaanderen. Polis. 2018.
- Koenraad Verboven (UGent): ‘Economie: wat we kunnen leren uit 2000 jaar oude Geschiedenis’: VUB Uitstraling Permanente Vorming (Brussel, 17/01/2019).

E. Social History of Communities

Research directors: dr. Irial Glynn (UL) and Dr. Eline van Onacker (UA)

Theme

Social History of Communities is a Flemish-Dutch research networks for scholars working on the broad field of the social history of communities from the late Middle Ages to the present. The programme brings together PhD-students and postdoctoral fellows and senior researchers from the Netherlands and Flanders who are active in a number of large research projects, such as the projects of Manon van der Heijden (UL) on the topic of crime and gender; the Belgian IUAP-network headed by Marc Boone on ‘City and Society in the Low Countries (1200-1800)’ and a number of projects of Leo Lucassen (UL), Marlou Schrover (UL), Anne Winter (VUB) and Hilde Greefs, (UA), on migration processes. It also welcomes PhD-students who work on stand-alone projects that relate to the social history of communities.

The programme looks at the formation of boundaries between social groups, at processes of inclusion and exclusion and at the rise of civil society. ‘Civil society’ is a central concept in the literature on the social history of communities, and refers to institutions that do not belong to the market or state, but are formed by citizens, such as guilds, churches, voluntary associations, charitable bodies, NGOs, etc. These organisations are often seen as important when studying the processes of group formation, as well as processes of inclusion and inclusion in communities from medieval times to the present. Of particular importance is the formation of boundaries and bridges between social groups, and the causes, and consequences that this produced.

Three areas of research are particularly relevant:

1. The inclusion and exclusion of social groups . due to such factors as real and imagined class, gender and ethnic similarities and differences. Communities were formed and shaped by the delineation of in- and out-groups. Processes of inclusion and exclusion are therefore quintessential to examine the ways communities functioned. Processes of in- and exclusion are strongly linked to the balance of power within communities. In this research group we want to explicitly look at vulnerable / less powerful groups within communities, what their position was, and their level of agency.
2. The effects of mobility and immobility. Migration - internal, seasonal, emigration, immigration, asylum, forced movement, return – was an integral part of early modern and modern societies. But mobility does not solely relate to the movement of people, but also to products and ideas, as well as social mobility/immobility within societies.
3. The impact that institutions have on society at large: do the ties between the institutions and their members, and among the members themselves, lead to a generalized feeling of trust in society, or, conversely, to social tensions and conflicts?

Activities in 2018

- Symposium: ‘Gender & Emoties’, organised by Laura Nys (UGent), Gent, 9 November 2018.
- Symposium: ‘Seeking Refuge: Historical and Contemporary Perspectives on Refugees and Asylum’, organised by Damian Pargas (UL), Middelburg, 27-28 September 2018.
- Symposium: ‘Lokale integratie in Nederland’, organised by Irial Glynn (UL) and Marlou Schrover (UL), Leiden, 8 June 2018
- Sessions (x 1) of the Posthumus Lustrum conference: ‘Nativism through time’, organised by Irial Glynn (UL), Utrecht, 25 May 2018
- Numerous sessions at the ESSHC conferentie in Belfast were organised by members from the Social History of Communities members (e.g. Marlou Schrover (UL), Anne Winter (VUB), Thijs Lambrecht (UGent), Torsten Feys (VUB), Irial Glynn (UL), Hilde Greefs (UA), April 2018.
- Research seminar with Bruce Campbell (Queen’s University Belfast), ‘The North Sea region after the Black Death: recession, stagnation or golden age?’, organised by Tim Soens (UA), Antwerp, 19 March 2018

Running projects

In 2018 fellows of this program worked on the following projects:

- Hilde Greefs (UA) ‘Outcast or Embraced? Clusters of Foreign Immigrants in Belgium, c. 1840-1890’ (Brain-Immibel Project, partner, coordinator Anne Winter, 2014-2019).
- Hilde Greefs (UA): ‘Gender, migration and distance. Maidservants as agents of change in the democratization of long-distance migration: a comparative case study of international migration by men and women to Brussels and Antwerp, 1850-1900’. (FWO-project, coordinator, together with Anne Winter, 2015-2019).
- Hilde Greefs (UA): ‘Managing the Crisis? The Resilience of Local Networks and Institutions within the Low Countries during the Napoleonic Period (NWO-FWO, coordinator, together with Marjolein ‘t Hart, 2016-2019)
- Hilde Greefs (UA): ‘GIStorical Antwerp II. The historical city as empirical lab for urban studies using high-resolution social maps’. (co-promotor, coordinator: Tim Soens, 2016-2020).

- Manon van der Heijden (UL): NWO VICI Crime and Gender in Comparative Perspective.
- Bart Lambert (VUB): CitiGen: Identity, Citizenship and Nationhood in the Post-Genome Era, European HERA project, 2016-2019.
- Thijs Lambrecht (UGent): Economic growth and inequality. Explaining divergent regional growth paths in pre-industrial Europe (Late Middle Ages – 19th century).
- Thijs Lambrecht (UGent): ‘Agriculture, wage labour and household economies in eighteenth-century Flanders: a regional and integrated analysis’ (FWO, 2018 - 2022)
- Thijs Lambrecht (UGent): CORN. Comparative rural history network (research network).
- Damain Pargas (UL): NWO Vidi project: “Beacons of Freedom: Slave Refugees in North America, 1775-1860”.
- Vincent Tassenaar (RUG): Giants of the Modern world.
- Griet Vermeesch (VUB): BRAIN – BESLPO – Sociale Hotspots. Procesdossiers als bronnen voor de geschiedenis van de vroegmoderne Nederlanden; In samenwerking met het Rijksarchief (Harald Deceulaer) en UCL(Xavier Rousseaux).
- Griet Vermeesch (VUB): FWO – The gatekeepers of urban justice. The pivotal role of lower legal professionals in dispute settlement in the early modern Low Countries.
- Griet Vermeesch (VUB): FWO – Explaining the Great Litigation Decline. The impact of social change on litigation patterns in early modern Europe. The case of Bruges and the Liberty of Bruges (1650-1795).
- Anne Winter (VUB): The cradle of modernity? Social dynamics in the cities of Brabant and Flanders in a comparative and long-term perspective, 1350-1914 (VUB SRP27).
- Anne Winter (VUB): IMMIBEL: Outcast or Embraced? Clusters of Foreign Immigrants in Belgium, c. 1840-1890 (Belspo BRAIN FOD6).
- Anne Winter (VUB): Paying for deservingness? Poor relief administration, entitlement and local economies in the Southern Low Countries, 1750-1830 (FWOAL754).
- Anne Winter (VUB): STREAM: A Spatiotemporal Research Infrastructure for Early Modern Flanders and Brabant (Hercules HERC29).
- Anne Winter (VUB): Gender, migration and distance. Maidservants as agents of change in the democratization of long-distance migration in Antwerp and Brussels, 1850-1900 (FWO).

PhD projects

The following PhD students are working within this programme:

Cohort 2018

- Alexander Collin (UvA): “Decision Making Under Conditions of Non-Knowledge in Late- and Post-Hanseatic City Governments”, (2018-2022).
- Ewout Hasken (UU): “Running the family business: stakeholders, values, and reputation”, (2018-2022).
- Heleen Blommers (VU): “Deconstructing the War on Poverty: the rise of a policy failure narrative, 1964-1985”, (2018-2022).

Cohort 2017

- Wesley van den Breul (EUR): ‘Sport in the City: Football Fandoms in Rotterdam, Calcutta and Bangkok.’ (2017-2021).
- Ayfer Erkul (VUB): ‘Places and documents: Instruments of police control towards mogrants in an urban context, Brussels c. 1850-2015.’ (2017-2021).
- Wang Meimei (UU): ‘Institutional development and change in the management of the Grand Canal, 1700-1850.’ (2017-2019).

Cohort 2016

- Kristof Loockx (UA/VUB): ‘Seamen on the Belgian maritime labour market in a time of change, 1850-1914’ (2016-2020).
- Dirk Lueb (UA): ‘Managing the Crisis? The Resilience of Local Networks and Institutions within the Low Countries during the Napoleonic Period’ (2016-2020).
- Roman Roobroeck (UGent): ‘The ‘Geuzenhoek’: religious coexistence and multiple identities in rural Flanders (1600-1750)’ (2016-2020).
- Teuntje Vosters (UL): ‘NGOs and European Refugee Policy’ (2016-2019).

Cohort 2015

- Janna Everaert (VUB/UA): ‘Power in the Metropolis. Urban elite formation during the demographic and commercial expansion of Antwerp (c. 1400 – c. 1550)’ (2014-2018).
- Laura Nys (UGent): ‘Mixed Feelings. Emotion, gender and discipline in ego-documents of youth offenders (1980-1965)’ (2015-2019).
- Kasey Reed (KULeuven): ‘The ‘Craftsmen Guilds’ (collegia fabrum) in the Roman West in the Imperial period.’ Flanders Research Foundation (FWO), (2014-2018).

- Thomas Verbruggen (UA/VUB): ‘Gender, migration and distance’ (2015-2019).
- Marian Weevers (UL): ‘Vrouwen en Rijkswerkinrichting’ (2015-2019).

Cohort 2014

- Miet Adriaens (VUB/KUL): ‘Shifting grounds? Nobility, lordship and state formation in the sixteenth-century Low Countries (case studies: Brabant and Flanders)’ (2014-2018).
- Anne van der Veer (UL): ‘The Pao An Tui and the Indonesian revolution. Chinese politics and responses to anti-Chinese violence, 1945-1949’ (2014-2018).
- Ans Vervaeke (VUB/UGent): ‘Explaining the Great Litigation Decline. The impact of social-economic change on litigation patterns in Bruges and the Liberty of Bruges (1650-1795)’. This is a joint PhD between the Vrije Universiteit Brussel (supervisor: prof.dr. Griet Vermeesch) and the University of Ghent (supervisor: prof.dr. Thijs Lambrecht) (2014-2018)
- Fabian van Wesemael (UGent): ‘Veterans of the Great War in Belgium. Life-courses and agency’ (2014-2018).

Cohort 2013

- Dominique De Groen (UGent): ‘Social Justice and National Identification. A Social History of War Nationalism in Belgium, 1914-1925’(2013-2017).
- Sanne Muurling (UL), ‘Crime and gender in Bologna, 1600-1796’ (NWO funded Research Project. Crime and gender 1600-1900: a comparative perspective) (2013-2017).
- Liesbeth Rosen Jacobson (UL): ‘The Eurasian Question: staying in the former colony or moving to the metropolis?’ (2013-2017).
- Clare Wilkinson (UL): ‘Masculinity and local newspaper reports of male sex crimes from 1870 to 1939’ (2013-2017).
- Ingrid de Zwarte (UvA): ‘The ‘Hunger Winter’ reassessed. Food shortage and famine in Dutch society, 1944-1946’ (funded by the Amsterdam School for Culture and History, UvA) (2013-2017).

Cohort 2012

- Pieter De Messemaeker (UGent): ‘Koleżanki i koledzy! The political activism of the Polish students and exiles in Belgium (1890-1914)’, (2012 – 2017).
- Jeannette Kamp (UL): ‘Crime and Gender: Frankfurt am Main 1600-1806’ (NWO funded Research Project. Crime and gender 1600-1900: a comparative perspective) (2012-).
- Gertjan Leenders (UGent): ‘Denunciations to the enemy in Belgium during both World Wars Practices and perceptions in a comparative perspective’ (2013 - 2017).
- Inge Ligtvoet (UL): ‘Connecting in Times of Duress: Understanding conflict, mobility and communication in Northern Central Africa’ (NWO – VICI) (2012-).
- Hadewijch Masure (UA): ‘Poor relief and community building in the Southern Low Countries, ca. 1300-1600’ (2012-2016).
- Tineke Van Gassen (UGent): ‘Archives as touchstones of urban memories in late medieval Ghent’ (IUAP-project: City and Society in the Low Countries (ca. 1200-ca. 1850). The condition urbaine: between resilience and vulnerability) (2012-2017).

Cohort 2010

- Vicky Vanruysseveldt (VUB): ‘Artiesten of bedelaars? Aanpassingsstrategieën van rondtrekkende entertainers in Brabant (1750-1914)’ (Aspirant FWO) (2010-)

Dissertations defended in 2018

- 25 January: A.X. (aniek) Smit
Leiden University
Supervisor: Prof. dr. L. Lucassen
- 23 February: I.J.J. (Ingrid) de Zwarte
University of Amsterdam
Supervisors: prof.dr. P. Romijn and dr. R. Futselaar
- 28 June: A. (Ans) Vervaeke
Vrije Universiteit Brussel
Supervisors: prof.dr. G. Vermeesch and prof.dr. T. Lambrecht
- 27 November: J.M. (Jeanette) van Kamp
Leiden University
Supervisors: prof.dr. M.P.C. van der Heijden and prof.dr. L. Lucassen

Projects granted in 2018

- Hilde Greefs (UA): ‘The rise of free trade in comparative perspective’ (01/09/2018 -31/05/2019) (Fullbright, coordinator Marc Lerner (University of Mississippi, Department of History).
- Thijs Lambrecht (UGent): STREAM. Spatiotemporal research infrastructure for early modern Flanders and Brabant (2018-2022).
- Anne Winter (VUB): Interdisciplinary Research Program: Cities and Newcomers: Arrival infrastructure, multi-scalar statehood and professional intermediaries (VUB IRP13).

Valorization activities

- Marc Boone (UGent): The end of postwar. Essays on the work of Ian Buruma, Brussel, (Verhandelingen van de koninklijke Vlaamse academie van België voor wetenschappen en kunsten, nieuwe reeks 33).
- Manon van der Heijden (UL): Interview Leidraad, augustus 2018.
- Bart Lambert (VUB): Verantwoordelijk voor een project over migratiegeschiedenis en DNA-onderzoek in Yarborough Academy in Grimsby, Verenigd Koninkrijk.
- Thijs Lambrecht (UGent): Artikel in de krant ‘De Standaard’ over de globale context van de achteruitgang van de bijenteelt in Vlaanderen in 18de eeuw (reeks “Wereldgeschiedenis Van Vlaanderen”): Thijs Lambrecht, ‘1725. De zoete dood van de bijen’, De Standaard 10-11 november 2018
- Damian Pargas (UL): Organizer, “Seeking Refuge: Historical and Contemporary Perspectives on Refugees and Asylum”: Public workshop, Roosevelt Institute for American Studies, Middelburg, 27-28 September 2018.
- Hilde Greefs (UA): Lid van de stuurgroepvergadering Red Star Line-museum voor het project ‘Specially Unknown’ over vluchtelingenwerk in diverse Europese steden.
- Maarten Prak (UU): Academic advisor (with dr. Gijs van der Ham and prof. Judith Pollmann) for 7-part television series ‘80 Jaar Oorlog’ (the Dutch Revolt), produced by NTR/vpro for Dutch national television.
- Marlou Schrover (UL): OVT 16-9-2018 over kinderpardon.
- Vincent Tassenaar (RUG): : Frederiksoord anno 1820 gezonder dan Veenhuizen in Dagblad van het Noorden (10 december 2018) Over onderzoek van Vincent Tassenaar & Richard Paping naar aanleiding van een lezing [Vincent Tassenaar De bewoners van de Maatschappij van Weldadigheid. Onderzoek naar de biologische levensstandaard van de deelnemers aan een sociaal experiment (1820-1860)] op 9 december 2018 in Frederiksoord.
- Anne Winter (VUB): Interview in het kader van artikel in het tijdschrift Knack: “Grasduinen in de bevolkingsgeschiedenis: wat was er mis met de West-Vlamingen?” (Knack, 20 maart 2018).

F. Routes and Roots in Colonial and Global History

Research directors: dr. Alicia Schrikker (UL), prof.dr. Ulbe Bosma (IISH/VU) and dr. Gillian Mathys (UGent)

Theme

The research network ‘Routes and Roots in Colonial and Global History’ convenes Dutch and Flemish scholars, whose aim it is to combine a global approach with a sensitivity for local and emic perspectives. Projects within this network study globalizing societies starting from a micro level and highlight individual agency. Their focus is on the various ways these local societies and individual persons participated in inter-regional networks, how their encounters with ‘others’ impacted their (social, cultural, religious) lives on a local level, and how in turn these encounters also had an impact on these supra-local levels. The network was launched at the Posthumus conference in 2017.

Activities

The network is planning to further its agenda by organising annual seminars with foreign guests and guest speakers from other Posthumus research networks devoted each year to a specific theme. In relation to the projects Colonialism Inside Out and Resilient Diversity we have started organising masterclasses and workshops in relation to themes such as categorization and registration in colonial settings and the usage, opportunities and potential pitfalls surrounding colonial demographic sources, or colonial institutions and the uses of law in the early modern South Asia. Also, this network has organised events in collaboration with other institutions, such as the International Institute for Asian Studies. Other upcoming activities on the agenda the art of writing micro history, the relevance of ‘qualitative methodologies’ (fieldwork, oral history etc.) in African, Asian and global history; the spatial and temporal transfer of local experience, emotion and knowledge in a colonial world.

Running projects

- Pepijn Brandon (VU): NWO Veni, ‘Laboratories of Capitalism: Naval shipyards in the Atlantic world as centers of innovation in production, administration and labor control (1720-1870)’.
- Miriam de Bruijn (UL): NWO funding: Connecting in times of duress.
- Miriam de Bruijn (UL): NWO funding: political movements of nomads in the Sahel.

- Coen van Galen (RU): Project Historische Database Suriname, waarin opgenomen de campagne Maak de Surinaamse slavenregisters openbaar.
- Elizabeth Heijmans (UL): NWO-Vrije competitie project Resilient Diversity: “the Governance of Racial and Religious Plurality in the Dutch Empire, 1600-1800”.
- Johan Lagae, Koen Stroeken & Luce Beeckmans (UGent), Jacob Sabakinu Kivilu (Université de Kinshasa), Urban landscapes of colonial/postcolonial health care. Towards a spatial mapping of the performance of hospital infrastructure in Kinshasa, Mbandaka and Kisangani (DR Congo) from past to present (1920-2014) / Stedelijke landschappen van koloniale en postkoloniale gezondheidszorg. Naar een ruimtelijke analyse van het functioneren van hospitaalinfrastructuur in Kinshasa, Mbandaka en Kisangani (DR Congo) doorheen de tijd (1920-2014), 4-year research project FWO, 01/01/2015 tot 31/12/2018, project n° G045015N.
- Johan Lagae (UGent): Johan Lagae, Rika Devos, Luc Taerwe & Jacob Sabakinu Kivilu, “Tout le Congo est un chantier”. Re-assessing Congo’s architectural history from 1918 till 1975 through a construction history approach / “Tout le Congo est un chantier”. Een her-evaluatie van Congo’s architectuurgeschiedenis tussen 1918 en 1975 via een benadering vanuit de constructiegeschiedenis, 4-year FWO research grant, 01/01/2015 - 31/12/2018, project n° G053215N.
- Johan Lagae (UGent): External consultant research project “Coast to Coast – Late Portuguese Infrastructural Development in Continental Africa (Angola and Mozambique): Critical and Historical Analysis and Postcolonial Assessment”, prof. Ana Vaz Milheiro, ICSTE, Lisbon, Portugal (2016-2018).
- Johan Lagae (UGent): External consultant research project “The Provision, Planning and Building of Employment-tied Housing: Language, Agency and Governance in three Housing Projects in Kenya, Zambia and the Democratic Republic of Congo, c. 1940s to 1970s”, principal investigator prof. Dr. Kirsten Rüther, Universität Wien, Institut für Afrikawissenschaften, Wien, Austria (2017-2019).
- Johan Lagae (UGent): External consultant research project “Centring Africa: Postcolonial Perspectives on Architecture” (Canadian Center for Architecture, CCA, Montréal), opstartfaze 2018, looptijd 2019-2021.
- Dries Lyna (RU): NWO Vrije Competitie “Colonialism Inside Out: Everyday Experience and Plural Practice in Dutch Institutions in Sri Lanka (c. 1700-1800)” (with Alicia Schrikker, 2017-2021).
- Chris Nierstrasz (EUR): EUR-Fellowship entitled Luxuries for the people: Early Modern consumption of tea, coffee and Indian textiles in Europe (1650-1800).
- Gijsbert Oonk (EUR): Erasmus Initiative Vital Cities and Citizens (main applicant): 238.000,-. Sport in the City: Football Fandoms in Rotterdam, Calcutta and Bangkok. The project includes the appointment of a PhD-student. This project started in 2017.
- Gijsbert Oonk (EUR): Research Excellent Initiative grant EUR (main applicant): 417.000,-. Sport and National Identity: Changing Citizenship and the Global Battle for Talent. Co-applicants and collaboration with: Faculty of Social Sciences, Department of Public Administration and Sociology, the research group Citizenship, Migration & the City (CIMIC): Prof. dr. G.B.M. Engbersen (co-applicant) Erasmus School of History, Culture and Communication, Erasmus Research centre for Media Culture and Communication (ERMeCC): Dr. J.C. van Sterkenburg (co-applicant). The project includes the appointment of two PhD students. This project started in 2016.
- Remco Raben (UU): ‘Decolonizing knowledge. Postcoloniality and the making of modern Indonesia’s knowledge culture, 1945-1970’ (NWO Vrije Competitie, UvA).
- Remco Raben (UU): ‘Independence, decolonization, violence and war in Indonesia, 1945-1950’ (NIOD/KITLV/NIMH).
- Alicia Schrikker (UL): ARC linkage project (partner): “Natural Hazards, Tipping Points, Adaptation and Collapse in the Indo-Pacific World’ (2016-2019).
- Alicia Schrikker (UL): “Being a slave.” Indian Ocean Slavery in local context. Workshop and Book-project with Prof. Nira Wickramasinghe.
- Alicia Schrikker (UL): Colonialism inside Out: everyday experiences and plural practice in Dutch institutions in Sri Lanka ca 1700 - 1800– NWO VC grant – PI (2017-2021).
- Carolien Stolt › (UL): Afro-Asian Networks in the Early Cold War, 1945-1960. Su Lin Lewis (PI), AHRC (UK)
- Carolien Stolte (UL): Southern Crossings: Indian Activists and the Afro-Asian Movement during the Early Cold War. Subsidieverstrekker: NWO VENI.

PhD projects

The following PhD students are working within this programme:

Cohort 2018

- Alexander Geelen (IISH): “Bordering up: regulating mobility through passes, walls and guards”.
- Alexander van der Meer (UL): “Institutional memory in the making of colonial culture”.
- Neilabh Sinha (UL): “The Emblematic Worldview and the Production of Global Visual Knowledge: The Low Countries and Mughal India, 1550-1700”
- Philip Post (UL): “Institutional memory in the making of colonial culture”.

Cohort 2017

- Luc Bulten (RU): ‘Negotiating Fiscal norms, Property and Labour in Eighteenth-Century Dutch Colonial Sri Lanka’ (2017-2021).
- Bente de Leede (UL): Negotiating Conversion and Family Law in Eighteenth Century Dutch Colonial Sri Lanka’ (2017-2021).
- Sophie Rose (UL): ‘Sex and Marriage, Social Control, Dutch Colonial Empire’ (2017-2021).

Cohort 2016

- Maarten Manse (UL): ‘Tax law and taxation in the Dutch East Indies’ (2016-2020).

Dissertations defended in 2018

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Projects granted in 2018

- Coen van Galen (RU): HLCS Valorisation Grant Excellent teachers grant, Faculty of Humanities Radboud University.
- Johan Lagae (UGent): Fellowship voor een 5 maand durend verblijf aan het Institut des Etudes Avancées te Parijs, 1 september 2019 – 31 januari 2020, om te werken aan een boekproject ‘City Fabrics and Time: Landscapes, Typologies, and Trajectories in Congolese Cities’.
- Gijsbert Oonk (EUR): Migration, Citizenship and Identity. Awarded in August 2018. It was established by the European Commission as an initiative to promote teaching, research and reflection in the field of European integration studies in higher education institutions.
- Remco Raben (UU): ‘The Uglobe Decolonization Group. Recasting European and Global Conceptions of Governance in a Postcolonial and Post-Western World’ (Utrecht University).
- Alicia Schrikker (UL): Institutional memory in the making of colonial culture. History, experience and ideas in Dutch colonialism in Asia, 1700 – 1870 – NWO VIDI grant – PI (2018-2022).
- Eric Vanhaute (UGent): Economic growth and inequality. Explaining divergent regional growth paths in pre-industrial Europe (Late Middle Ages – 19th century). GOA project UGent.
- Eric Vanhaute (UGent): Commodity Frontiers Initiative. The transformation of the global countryside (IISH, UGent, Erasmus, Harvard).
- Eric Vanhaute (UGent): Quetelet-Be. Center for quantitative historical research (UGent).
- Eric Vanhaute (UGent): CORN - Comparative rural history network (FWO international research).

Valorization activities

- Pepijn Brandon (VU): Lid van live-panel AT5, Ketí Koti herdenking.
- Miriam de Bruijn (UL): general manager of the foundation voice4thought.
- Maarten Duijvendak (RUG): Publiekslezing 9 april 2018 in de dorpskerk van Vries, voordracht bij de presentatie van de Geschiedenis van Drenthe, gepubliceerd als Duijvendak, M. (2018). Voordracht bij de Geschiedenis van Drenthe. Waardeel : Drents Historisch Tijdschrift, 38(2) (2018), 26-30.
- Coen van Galen (RU): lancering van de slavenregisters-database from 23 juni-1 juli 2018, in NOS 8 uur journaal, het RTL Nieuws, Hart van Nederland and 1Vandaag on 26 juni 2018.
- Jos Gommans (UL): “Indo-Dutch Entanglements during the Age of Rembrandt”, Invited public lecture at Getty Museum, Los Angeles (8 April 2018) in the context of the exhibition Rembrandt and the Inspiration of India and the publication of Jos Gommans, The Unseen World: The Netherlands and India from 1550 (Amsterdam: Rijksmuseum/Nijmegen: Vantilt 2018) for the Rijksmuseum.
- Bram Hoonhout (UL): Mini-lezing “Vrije grond’ onbereikbaar voor slaven’, 27 oktober, Nacht van de Geschiedenis, Rijksmuseum.
- Johan Lagae (UGent): Ieder zijn Huis. De woning in Belgisch-Congo, 1945-1960/A chacun sa maison. L’Habitat au Congo belge 1945-1960 [tentoonstelling bij het tentoongestelde Maison tropique à portique, van Jean Prouvé], KANAL, Brussel, 05/05/2018, 10/06/2019.
- Johan Lagae (UGent): Devitrine#3: Congo / Decolonizing the Library, tentoonstelling in de Faculteitsbibliotheek Ingenieurs-wetenschappen en Architectuur, Universiteit Gent, Jozef Plateastraat 22, 9000 Gent Vanaf 12 december 2018 tot 8 maart 2019.
- Chris Nierstrasz (EUR): “The Dutch East India Company”, BBC Radio 4.
- Gijsbert Oonk (EUR): interview in NOS Nieuwsuur: het Marokkaanse Migratie elftal. Interview 14-06-2018.
- Remco Raben (UU): adviseur van de Rijksmuseum tentoonstelling Revolusi!
- Alicia Schrikker (UL): 15 april 2018 publiekslezing Nationaal Archief over VOC mentaliteit.
- Carolien Stolte (UL): “India koerst af op harde machtsstrijd”. Radio interview, Bureau Buitenland, NPO 21/12/2018.
- Eric Vanhaute (UGent): Co-editor van Wereldgeschiedenis van Vlaanderen. Polis. 2018.

8

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

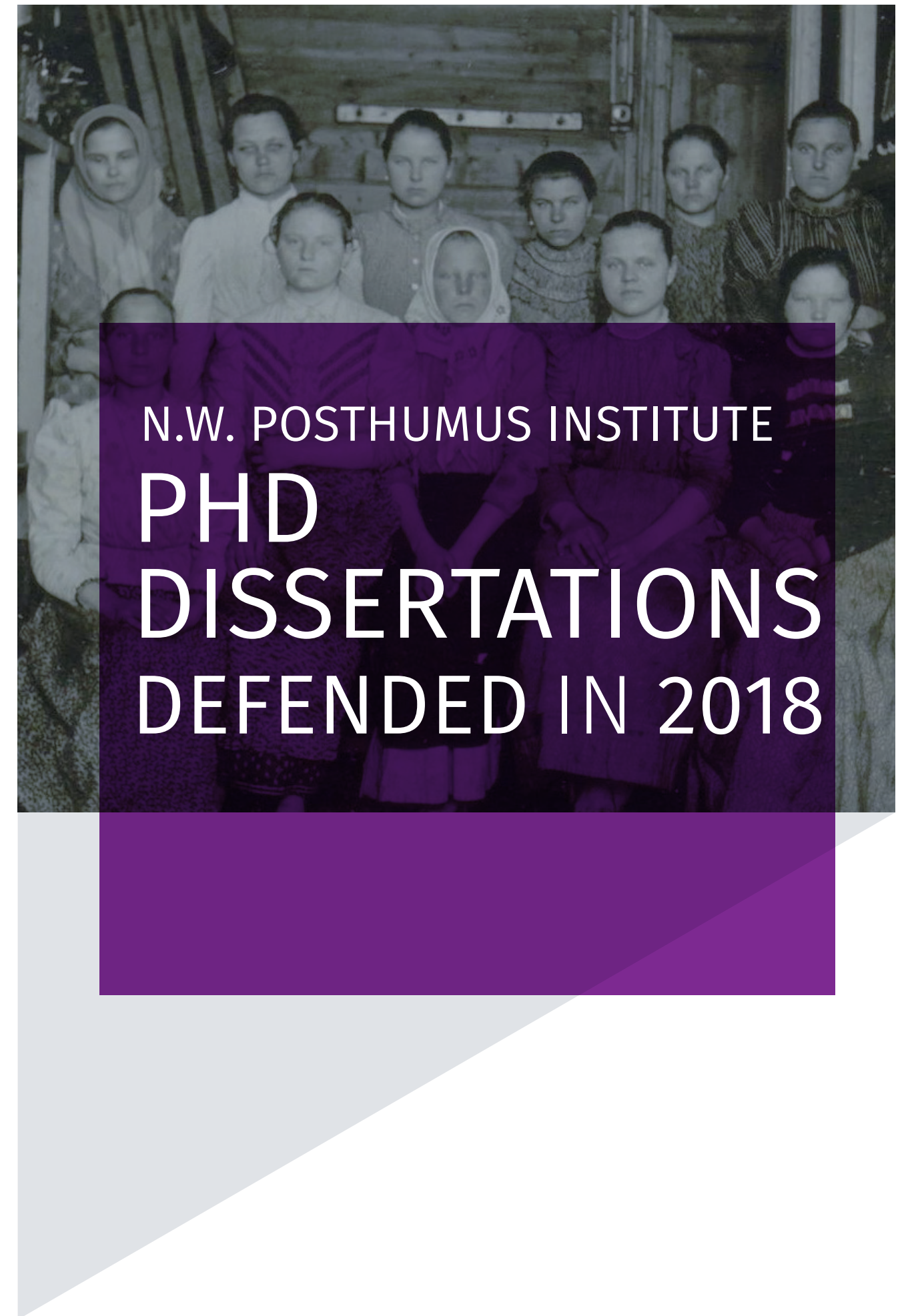
N.W. Posthumus Institute Financial Report	In € 1000		
	Budget 2018	Realised 2018	Budget 2019
Revenues			
Contributions of participating faculties (DLG)	43.5	43.5	43.5
Contributions of non-DLG faculties	36.3	35.5	36.25
Fees PhD Students	17	19.7	17
‘Duurzame Geesteswetenschappen’ subsidy for ResMA	15.5	13.2	15.5
Fees ResMA students	5	10.4	5
TOTAL REVENUES	117.2	124.7	118.4
Expenditures	Budget 2018	Realised 2018	Budget 2019
Office			
Compensation Scientific Director	18	12.5	16
Office Manager	21	18.2	28
Education Programme Director	25	20.3	26
Expenses for office & meetings (Board, committees) etc	4	2.6	4
Contingencies	3.5	1.9	3.5
subtotal	71.5	55.4	77.5
Educational activities			
NWP Research MA	7.5	5.1	7.5
Basic Training: I + II + Ind Ass	7	8.6	7.5
Basic Training: RDC	20	12.6	20
Advanced Training (Masterclasses, Adv Sem & Cert.)	2.5	1.7	2.5
Career Event	-	-	4
subtotal	37	28	41.5
Research			
General expenses Program Directors	0.5	0.7	0.5
Expenses for activities of interuniversity research themes	18	11	18
NWP Annual Conference	40	32.3	20
subtotal	58.5	44	38,5
TOTAL EXPENSES	167	127.5	157.5
Exploitation result	-49.7	-2.7	-39
Reserve 31/12/2016	187		
Reserve 31/12/2017	198.3		
Reserve 31/12/2018	185.5		
Expected reserve 31/12/2019	144.3		

Revenues: some explanatory notes

The revenues of the N.W. Posthumus Institute are based on the DLG/LOGOS agreement of 2017-2021. The DLG participants in Posthumus are the following Dutch universities: Erasmus University Rotterdam, Rijksuniversiteit Groningen, Radboud Universiteit Nijmegen, Leiden University, Utrecht University, University of Amsterdam (UvA), VU University Amsterdam and Maastricht University. In addition revenues are generated by contributions from non-DLG participants in Posthumus: TU Eindhoven, Ghent University, International Institute of Social History, University of Antwerp, Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Wageningen University, Fryske Akademy. Another source of revenues are the fees paid by PhD students, which amount to € 500 annually (3 years). Since this is a variable source of income, we estimate it rather conservatively. But numbers of participating PhD students have been high during the past years. Enrollment in the Basic Training means that € 1000 is paid from the 'rugzakje', for the Advanced Training an additional sum of € 500 from the 'rugzakje' is needed. This means that the PhD Student has € 500 left for additional training activities. From the fund 'Duurzame Geesteswetenschappen' the NWP receives a contribution for the organisation of ResMA educational activities. In 2018 NWP organized a total of 25 EC of education for ResMA students, in 2019 it will again be 25 EC.

Expenditures: some explanatory notes

The ResMA courses are organized by the NWP programme coordinator in cooperation with local coordinators at each of the three universities which host an NWP ResMA course. They were refunded with €1.000 coordination costs each, and furthermore issued travel expenses and small presents to participating lecturers. Two 10 EC-courses and one 5 EC-course were organized. The teaching load of the invited lecturers was coordinated with their teaching activities at their home university. The surplus from the subsidy flows back to the Posthumus research community for the organisation of seminars and workshops and thus also benefits staff members who teach at the MA. The annual NWP Conference plays an important role in the PhD Training. Third year PhD students present papers and chair sessions, second year PhD students act as discussant. ResMA students are also invited to act as discussant at the conference. The conference has been accommodated under Research Activities because all NWP Fellows participate (and usually present papers or comments) at the annual conference. The research networks developed several activities over the past years that were either part of separately funded programmes or included in the Annual Conference. Due to the inclusion of a sixth research network the budget for research network activities was increased in 2017. The financial reserve is intended to guarantee future continuation of the activities of the Research School.



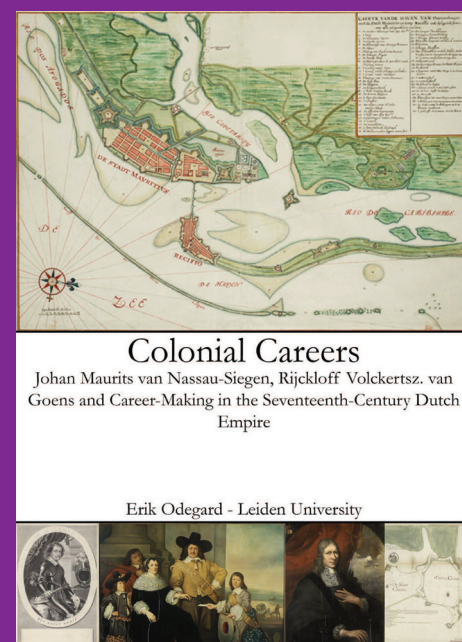
ERIK ODEGARD

COLONIAL CAREERS: JOHAN MAURITS, RIJCKLOFF VOLCKERTSZ. VAN GOENS AND CAREER-MAKING IN THE SEVENTEENTH-CENTURY DUTCH EMPIRE

Supervisors: prof.dr. C. Antunes (UL)

Graduation: 18 Januari 2018

How could an individual attain high rank in the Seventeenth-Century Dutch colonial empire and once appointed, how could one retain high office? This dissertation seeks to answer these questions by means of a detailed case-study of the careers of two colonial governors: Johan Maurits van Nassau-Siegen (1604-1679) and Rijckloff Volckertsz. van Goens sr. (1619-1682). By following their careers through the rise to high office and the appointment procedures, their time in office and finally their fall from power, this dissertation shows how different interests could align to further careers or to break them. By comparing a case from the history of the West India Company with a case from the East India Company, this dissertation shows how the internal workings of both companies actually differed in practice. Both governors spent most of their overseas career in what were atypical colonies: Brazil and Ceylon. Close examination of the policies they proposed not only sheds light on the reasons for their eventual fall from power, it also shows that the assertion that the Dutch companies were mostly interested in trade over territory does not hold true. This suggests that empire is a proper frame for studying the Dutch Republic and its colonies.



ANIEK X. SMIT

THE EXPAT AND THE CITY. THE HAGUE AND JAKARTA, 1945-2015.

Supervisor: prof.dr. L. Lucassen

Graduation: 25 January 2018

Many cities advertise apartments, schools and services especially for expats, but who are they and why do we welcome them? Are they the ideal migrant, employee and citizen? In this historical study of expats in The Hague and Jakarta in the postwar period, their settlement process in the city is studied from a long-term perspective and on the basis of empirical data from the archives of municipalities, embassies, expat clubs and school, as well as interviews. This study shows that the postwar and postcolonial period witnesses the rise of a new generation of expats who have a more diverse profile when it comes to their nationality, social background, profession, career and family situation. As a result it are no longer only nation states, as was the case in the colonial context, but also private companies, international organizations and urban governments that play an important role in their settlement process. Depending on the employer and contract conditions under which expats are sent abroad, this results in varying degrees of isolation or integration. Because expats have more international careers and their partners and children often also make part of international networks of clubs and school, we see a standardization process occurring in the way expatriate communities organize around the world. This study, however, also urges city governments to remain aware of the specific profile of the expatriates they attract, how this group fits into the broader history of migration to their city, and how internationalization processes affect the opportunities of other minorities and citizens in the city as well.



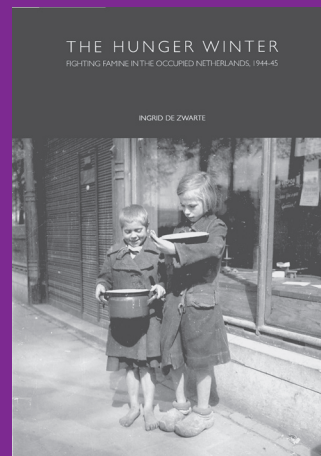
INGRID DE ZWARTE
**THE HUNGER WINTER:
FIGHTING FAMINE IN THE OCCUPIED
NETHERLANDS, 1944-1945**

Supervisor: prof.dr. P. Romijn and R. Futselaar (UvA)
Graduation: 23 February 2018

The Dutch famine, popularly known in the Netherlands as ‘the Hunger Winter’, is one of the major European WWII famines and has been central to the Dutch collective memory of the German occupation since the country’s liberation in May 1945. While it is almost impossible to write about the hunger politics of Nazi Germany, or modern famines in general, without mentioning the Hunger Winter, international literature still reproduces profound misunderstandings about the famine, particularly where the role of the German occupier is concerned. This thesis is the first attempt to fully document the causes and effects of the Dutch famine.

The focus of this thesis is on the social and political responses to famine. While previous studies on the Hunger Winter have generally only considered the role of the failing state and of self-serving individuals, I argue that this orthodox view on food provisioning has overlooked vital forms of societal resilience and agency. To correct myopic understandings, my study takes into account a wider range of responses by investigating Dutch, German and Allied state institutions, the affected households, and local communities. By revealing the interactions between various levels and actors as well as the effectiveness of their efforts, this thesis offers a comprehensive and multifaceted view of the socio-political context in which the famine emerged and was confronted. At the same time, it examines the broader question of how a modern society with a highly-developed economy such as the Netherlands coped with food shortage and famine. The Hunger Winter provides an excellent case for studying responses to modern war-induced famines in general, not least because of the relative abundance of archival materials left in its wake. By taking a wider comparative view, it identifies important similarities and differences between the Dutch famine and other food crises that occurred in Nazi-occupied Europe, revealing how and why the German occupier found reasons to cooperate and allow relief in the Dutch case.

The thesis is divided into four parts: Part I ‘Causes and effects’; Part II ‘Government strategies’; Part III ‘Coping at household and individual levels’; and Part IV ‘Community responses’, with the first part providing the context and background for the subsequent three parts. The specific order reflects current explanation models which solely focus on the role of the state and the individual, revealing the lacuna in historiography by not including community responses in the analyses. With these explorations, this thesis offers a new understanding of the Dutch Hunger Winter and provides valuable insight into the strategies and coping mechanisms of a modern society facing catastrophe.



MAYA MECHANT
**HOEREN, PAUWEN ENDE
ONDEUGHENDE DOUGHTERS:
DE LEVENSLOPEN VAN VROUWEN IN DE
BRUGSE PROSITITUTIE (1750-1790)**

Supervisors: prof.dr. I. Devos (UGent)
Graduation: 29 May 2018

My thesis deals with prostitution in Bruges during the second half of the eighteenth century (1750-1790), and in particular, the lives of the women who worked as prostitutes. The primary source series employed are the exceptionally rich Bruges case files, the demographic parish registers and the civil registers. Combining quantitative and qualitative data, I used a ‘mixed methods’ approach.

Two research questions lay at the heart of my research. The first concerns the characteristics of prostitution at the local level. By comparing a small Flemish city with the well-studied metropolises I determine whether the characteristics of commercial sex differed according to the size of the city in which it took place. They hardly did. As elsewhere, the policies varied, and while prosecutions greatly increased by the end of the century, prostitution was – and remained – a necessary evil. The Bruges sex trade also was extremely professionally organized. In fact, it was more organized than in most metropolises: the majority of prostitutes worked full-time or rather regularly, most prostitution took place in brothels, and the inter-city prostitution networks were extremely important. Many prostitutes lived in a brothel under the watchful eye of a brothel keeper and moved from town to town via networks organized by the brothel owners.

The second question focuses on the individual level by examining both the causes and consequences of prostitution in the lives of prostitutes. To answer this question I use a bottom-up approach, and more particularly a life course analysis of prostitutes. I map their profiles at three points in their life: prior to their entering prostitution, during the period they were working as prostitutes, and after this alleged turning point in their lives. In the first part, I show that while many prostitutes initially appear to conform to the “vulnerable women” cliché the underlying explanations are more complex. For example, the number of foreign prostitutes was particularly high because prostitutes were very mobile. Prostitution was a cause rather than a consequence of migration. However, the prostitutes’ family circumstances do indicate a certain degree of vulnerability – at least for some of them. I show that the prostitutes’ profiles varied and that in addition to women who met the stereotype, there were women who did not do so at all. As a group, prostitutes did not differ greatly from other women.

In the second part, I show that the employment relationships of prostitutes and their living and working conditions were diverse and dynamic. Most prostitutes were partially dependent upon others and their employment and the circumstances in which they lived evolved considerably throughout their careers. Generally, they earned more than women in other professions, but there were significant risks: legal prosecution, alcohol abuse, violence, unwanted pregnancies, venereal diseases, and social stigmatization.

Finally, I show that the effects of their profession could be quite serious. The legal penalties could be very severe, with a chance of long prison sentences. Then too, the health risks resulting from venereal diseases were very high. On average, prostitutes died ten years earlier than other women. Nevertheless, not all women experienced a great deal of long-term discomfort. Alongside those who died early, were those who lived long lives. Many former prostitutes went to work in other professions, got married, and started a family. So while there was immense stigma associated with prostitution, it was still possible to get a second chance. The lives of prostitutes were varied, complex, and dynamic.



LIESBETH ROSEN JACOBSON

THE EURASIAN QUESTION: THE COLONIAL POSITION AND POSTCOLONIAL OPTIONS OF COLONIAL MIXED ANCESTRY GROUPS FROM BRITISH INDIA, DUTCH EAST INDIES AND FRENCH INDOCHINA COMPARED

Supervisor: prof.dr. M.L.J.C. Schrover and Dr. I.A. Glynn

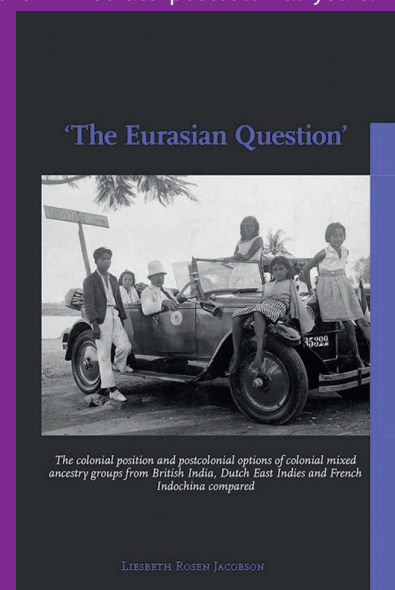
Graduation: 30 May 2018

Eurasians were privileged groups of mixed ancestry in Asian colonial societies. They were the result of unions between European males and indigenous women. They neither belonged to the colonizers, nor to the colonized. When colonization came to an end, the Eurasians found themselves in a difficult position. The European rulers, on which their status was based, were gone. The new indigenous rulers usually perceived them suspiciously as colonial remnants and sometimes even as traitors. In this chaotic, sometimes violent situation, they had to decide where they belonged: in the country of their European fathers or the former colony, the country of their Asian mothers. This was a serious dilemma since they only knew the mother country from stories and lessons at school. In this project I have compared the position and options of the Indo-Europeans with those of similar groups from two other former Asian colonies, the Anglo-Indians from British India and the Métis people from French Indochina. This study of Eurasians from three former colonies showed that an emancipation paradox of acquiring more rights while discriminated against more at the same time was instrumental in creating the framework in which Eurasians had to make their choices.

The emancipation paradox determined the place of Eurasians in postcolonial society and their postcolonial possibilities. This position was characterised continued redefinition, hybridity and feelings of deprivation. In particular, this gained prominence at the moment of decolonisation when Eurasians in all three colonies had to find a place in a new constellation.

In British India, the emancipation paradox was the most explicit. There, Eurasians organised themselves early, claimed and gained rights. This strategy later backfired, however. On the one hand, they became a group that was separated further from the British, and had therefore less opportunities to migrate to the United Kingdom after independence. On the other hand, the strictly demarcated place of Anglo-Indians in the colony with few possibilities for upward mobility led to elaborate constitutional rights in the immediate postcolonial years. In French Indochina, Eurasians started to demand rights late. They received few separate rights, were set less apart from the colonisers, and the majority of the group could migrate to France. In the Dutch East Indies, Eurasians organised and demanded access to certain rights later than in British India. After they had organised themselves, they received fewer rights than their counterparts in British India. A larger number could still migrate after decolonisation. In short, the Eurasians from British India who emancipated most and at an early stage mainly stayed, while the Eurasians from French Indochina only emancipated late and left in large numbers.

The margins within which Eurasians made their choice between staying in the former colony or leaving (usually for the mother country) were determined by several factors, all of which I describe elaborately in the book. Violence, decreasing economic opportunities and the crumbling organisational infrastructure were reasons to leave. Those who stayed were too old, had no money, no European citizenship, and no contacts. The rights the Eurasians had and received after the conditions of independence were agreed upon resulted from the emancipation paradox.



ALBERTO FEENSTRA

BETWEEN SHARED AND CONFLICTING INTERESTS. THE POLITICAL ECONOMY OF MARKETS FOR PUBLIC DEBT IN THE DUTCH REPUBLIC, 1600-1795

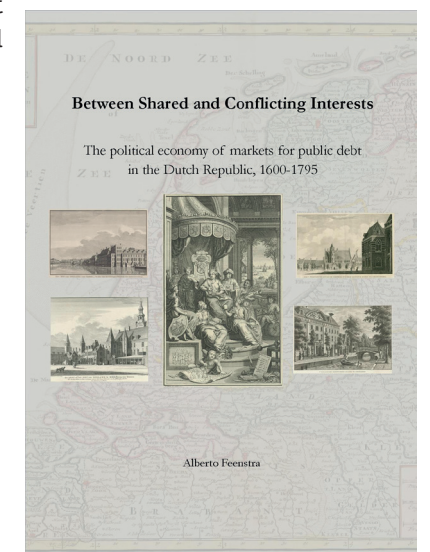
Supervisors: prof.dr. J. Jonker and prof.dr. M. 't Hart

Graduation: 22 June 2018

This study analysed the functioning of markets for public debt within the Dutch Republic. It maintains that the Dutch Republic's institutional fragmentation was central to the options for debt management policies of the respective provincial governments. Novel in this thesis is that it not focussed on the central province of Holland, but on three other provinces, namely Zeeland, Friesland and Groningen. Whereas Amsterdam's function as an international hub for public debt attracted much scholarly attention, virtually nothing is known about borrowing by the other provinces that formed the Dutch Republic. Moreover, Holland is often taken to stand for the entire Dutch Republic in international comparisons. This study argues that Holland's policies and development was far from representative for the whole of the Dutch Republic.

The study contributes to the historiography of the Dutch Republic in three regards. Firstly, by taking federal state formation processes seriously, it uncovers the consequences of the institutional fragmentation. It demonstrates on the one hand that the legal fragmentation hampered the integration of the markets for public debt, since it hindered cross-border contract enforcement. On the other hand, the fiscal fragmentation caused an uneven distribution of the fiscal burden. Secondly, it outlines the limits of the economic integrations within the Dutch Republic, by studying private market interest rates. Thirdly, it nuances the widely-held believe about the flawlessness of Dutch public credit during the early-modern period, as it uncovered multiple sovereign defaults. Consequently, risk forms the main explanation for interest rate differentials over the public debt of the various provinces.

Differences in interest rates over the public debt are best explained by the relative power balance between provincial governments and debtholders. The better the debtholders could protect their interests, the lower the yields and the larger the commitment to the provincial public debt. Hence the debt management policies and market yields for bonds of various provinces reflected the differences in defaulting risk for the provinces. To a lesser extent credit spreads could be explained from an incomplete market integration. The institutional fragmentation thus formed a necessary condition for these differences. The differences in debt management, like commitment to the external debt, formed the additional sufficient condition that resulted in these differences.



ANS VERVAEKE WITH LAW AND REASON. THE ACCESSIBILITY AND USE OF THE CIVIL COURTS IN THE FRANC OF BRUGES (1670-1795).

Supervisors: Prof.dr. G. Vermeesch and prof.dr. T. Lambrecht
Graduation: 28 June 2018

In the early modern era, civil law courts were often deemed expensive, slow and corruption-ridden. Historians, based on their readings of contemporary opinions, have tended to the view that litigation during this period was an elitist activity. For the bulk of society, law courts were regarded as inaccessible institutions. Recently, however, social historians have begun to show that broader social groups also actively used the courts. Especially during the long sixteenth century, legal culture appears to have boomed. In the eighteenth century, conversely, these institutions appear to have attracted far less cases, a phenomenon that has been referred to as the 'great litigation decline'. The amount of annual activity dropped in a fair number of central, provincial, urban and local courts in France, England, the Holy Roman Empire, the Dutch Republic and the Southern Netherlands. The cause of this deflation is still debated. Until now, historians have interpreted court use primarily in legal terms, including the cost of legal proceedings, the duration of court cases and the level of professionalism and knowhow of the legal staff. Hence, courts have been analysed as closed entities whereas the wider context in which they operated has garnered less attention. Yet these civil courts were embedded in a deeply rooted early modern culture of dispute resolution. This is emphasized by the concept of the 'uses of justice': disputants had several resolution mechanisms at their disposal, of which they often employed more than one. Notaries, guilds and neighbours for instance could act as mediators. This factor, among others, should be considered when seeking to understand the actions of eighteenth-century litigants.

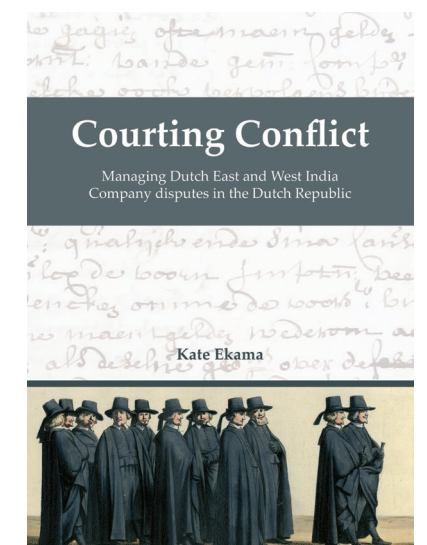
The aim of this project has been to include both legal and social-economic factors in an analysis of the operation of civil courts during the period 1670-1795. The Franc of Bruges served as central case study, supplemented with limited comparative research into the cases of the rural district of Veurne and the seigniory of Ardooi. The results evidenced how the accessibility and uses of the local law court of the Franc of Bruges changed markedly during the period under scrutiny. The number of cases declined sharply between 1700 and 1750. In the middle of the eighteenth century, the annual volume of business in these courts had fallen to just a sixth of what it had been a half century before. The explanations for this trend can be summarized as follows: processes of impoverishment, concomitant with rising costs of legal procedures and the marked rigidity of the court system, increasingly discouraged litigants from using the courts of the Franc of Bruges. Social change came about as middling groups were unable to recover from the crisis of the late seventeenth century. The share of medium-sized farmers (10-30 hectares) halved in the first half of the century. As this group often resolved their conflicts with the help of civil courts, their reduced part in society impacted the volume of litigation business. Moreover, the unwillingness of court officials, especially procureurs, to adapt their functioning to the everyday reality of potential litigants negatively impacted court use. In pinpointing and investigating such developments, this project offers an insightful analysis of litigation patterns during the late seventeenth and eighteenth centuries in the rural district around Bruges, and decidedly contributes to international historiography of the period.



KATE EKAMA COURTING CONFLICT: MANAGING DUTCH EAST AND WEST INDIA COMPANY DISPUTES IN THE DUTCH REPUBLIC

Supervisors: prof.dr. C. Antunes
Graduation: 13 September 2018

To date, the Dutch East and West India companies' involvement in litigation in the Dutch Republic has been ignored. Kate Ekama's research highlights this side of company activity by delving into company disputes in the High Court of Holland, Zeeland and West-Friesland (Hoge Raad). The VOC and WIC were involved in over 100 cases in the High Court. These cases were about company charters and contracts, private trade-related matters, wages, shares and property rights. This study shows that a wide range of litigants pursued cases against the companies, encompassing individual and corporate litigants, subjects of the States General and foreigners, men and women. The companies were not above the law; rather, both the VOC and the WIC were subject to the decisions of the High Court. Following recent developments in historiography, the cases are approached from the point of view of conflict management. This wider perspective brings into view the States General, who played an important role in connecting jurisdictions and managing company conflicts before, during and after litigation. Kate Ekama's study fills a lacuna in the historiography of the Dutch East and West India Companies, and lays the foundation for future research on early modern company conflict management.



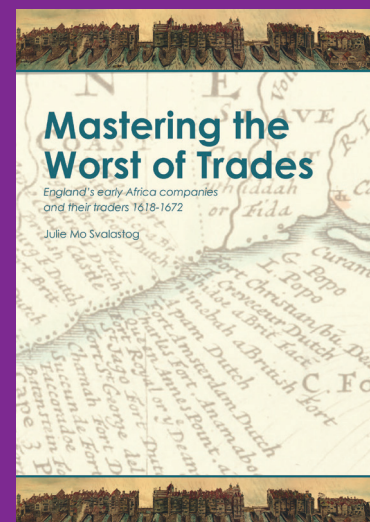
JULIE M. SVALASTOG

MASTERING THE WORST OF TRADES:

ENGLAND'S EARLY AFRICA COMPANIES AND THEIR TRADES, 1618-1672

Supervisors: prof.dr. C. Antunes
Graduation: 19 September 2018

In 2018 it is 400 years since the first official English Africa company was launched. Yet we know very little about the role of the early trade in the greater history of overseas trade. This thesis presents and considers the development of England's Africa trade with its traders and companies through the 17th century, and argues for a reevaluation of important moments in the history of overseas trade when seen from the perspective of the Africa traders. By placing a consecutive line of company leaders and directors at the centre of focus - considering their perspective, motivations, experience and long-term aims, this thesis aims to add to our understanding of developments such as the slave trade and its format; the relationship between merchants and the English state; England's involvement with the Spanish Asiento, the relationship between the metropolitan mercantile community and the Atlantic planter society. As an extension it aims to show the malleability of the early modern overseas company, turning on its head the idea of the all-powerful company structure suppressing private enterprise, showing instead that company involvement was not always motivated by monetary profit nor necessarily seen as more than a tool to boost widespread private portfolios.



TINA VAN ROSSEM

BRUXELLES MA BELLE. BRUXELLES MORTELLE.

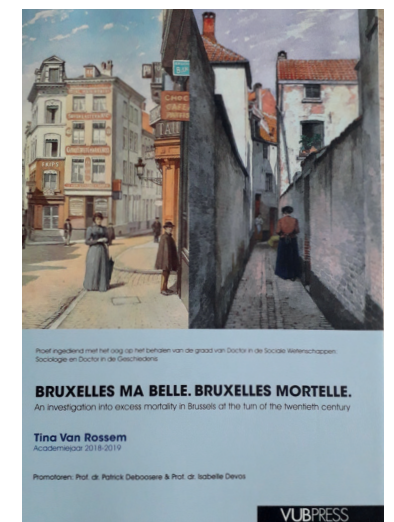
AN INVESTIGATION INTO EXCESS MORTALITY IN BRUSSELS AT THE TURN OF THE TWENTIETH CENTURY

Supervisors: Prof.dr. Patrick Deboosere, prof.dr. Isabelle Devos
Graduation: 26 September 2018

In this doctoral thesis, I investigate the excess mortality observed by contemporaries in late nineteenth and early twentieth-century Brussels in a comparative perspective, and its relationships with employment and housing. A mixed-methods approach, combining demographic, statistical, and spatial techniques of quantitative sources with a discourse analysis of qualitative sources, is applied. My results show that life expectancy at birth in Brussels amounted to 41 years around 1910, which was 10 years lower than the national average, while the differences with other large cities in Belgium amounted to 5 years or more. Men and women of all ages experienced very high mortality during Brussels' Belle Époque, but the largest disadvantage was noted for children and adult men. The main causes of death were enteritis for infants, respiratory diseases for children, and pulmonary tuberculosis for adult men.

My analyses suggest a strong positive relationship between excess mortality and the predominance of small-scale companies and cottage work in Brussels. Labour regulations were absent in cottage work, and the situation was probably not much better in artisanal ateliers and small-scale factories, where labour organisations were weak or non-existent and working conditions unhealthy and often dangerous. Moreover, by this period, the many urban renewal projects in the city had drastically reduced the available living space for the working class, causing high levels of crowding in the capital. My analyses at the individual level demonstrate strong inequalities in average adult life span in particular in relation to housing conditions. The worst conditions occurred in the lower-lying parts in the southwest of Brussels. Surprisingly, despite the early installation of a piped water system in Brussels, the high levels of enteritis for infants point towards an additional negative effect of sanitary conditions.

Beauty and death went hand in hand during Brussels' Belle Époque. Major urban projects had created prestigious neighbourhoods, but the working classes faced dangerous working conditions and were pushed towards crowded neighbourhoods. As a result, many of them died at a young age.



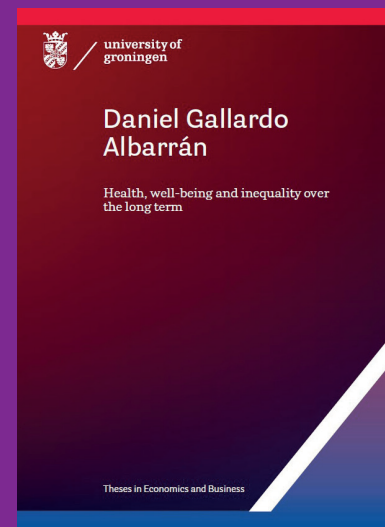
DANIEL GALLARDO ALBARRÁN HEALTH, WELL-BEING AND INEQUALITY OVER THE LONG TERM

Supervisors: Prof. H.J. de Jong and Prof. R.C. Inklaar
Graduation: 4 October 2018

Citizens' lives have greatly improved during the 20th century in terms of income and health, but the uneven pace of improvement has led to substantial cross-country inequality. This thesis is an inquiry into the nature of the forces behind these uneven improvements and how they have impacted citizens' well-being since 1900. Understanding the drivers and consequences of these forces is foundational to understanding how the large income and health inequalities we observe today were shaped.

The first part of my dissertation explores the idea that citizen's well-being is a much broader concept than their income. Focusing only on material living standards would have missed how people's lives were transformed in terms of health, leisure and inequality in the first half of the 20th century.

The second part of this project looks into the determinants of income and health differences over time. With respect to income, I show that – contrary to recent periods – the importance of physical and human capital accumulation has long been as important as total factor productivity in accounting for cross-country income inequality. In addition, considering the effects of health on workers' productivity is both important for accounting for income inequality since 1900 and a source of income convergence after the mid-20th century. Concerning health, I show that the joint effect of water and sewerage systems explains a significant part of the mortality decline in Germany during the early phase of the epidemiological transition (1877-1913).



ROBIN SATTER VAN 70 NAAR 65 EN WEER TERUG? HET NEDERLANDSE VERGRIJZINGSDEBAT (1895- 1957) ALS INSPIRATIEBRON VOOR DE 21E EEUW

Supervisors: Prof. Dr. Theo Engelen and Prof. Dr. J. Kok
Graduation: 8 October 2018

Today, demographic change is often discussed in the context of dwindling human and financial resources and a “crisis” of the welfare state, particularly with regards to the future affordability of national pension and health care schemes. The notion exists that early interventions are inevitable to keep old age pensions affordable for younger generations. Yet, the question arises whether population ageing truly is such a problem for our pension system as commonly supposed. To answer this question I have drawn inspiration from past scholarly and policy debates on population ageing between 1895 and 1957 – the formative years of the Dutch multi-pillar system. Since our pension model is internationally seen as well equipped against ageing – a first optimistic reflection – the following research question has been leading in this study:

To what extent did Dutch policy makers intentionally pursue a multi-pillar system based on long-term sensibility between 1895 and 1957? Over the past decades, the Dutch multi-pillar pension system has been praised for its long term sustainability in an era of ageing – mainly thanks to its comparatively large funded occupational pillar. Social scientists have been inclined to ascribe this feature to path-dependent developments during the twentieth century. However, the question arises whether the appliance of expertise on ageing in pension politics might provide an additional explanation. Could one speak of a ‘grand design’ – a blueprint for the future? For this reason, this books aims to enrich academic debates on the evolution of welfare states. It explores whether scholars and decision makers were aware of the financial implications of ageing in the Netherlands, both in the first pillar (AOW) and in regard to the public-private mix. In which ways did they advocate or implement policies with the purpose of creating a sound pension system for future generations? To answer these questions, this study strives to apply an historical approach to the institutionalized interplay between academics and pension politics in the Netherlands. As such, I have especially focused on a key episode in the evolution of the Dutch multi-pillar pension system: the post-war debate on financing the AOW (1945-1957). Accordingly, a wide range of sources has been scrutinized and analyzed, including academic journals, parliamentary proceedings, and reports by governmental advisory councils.

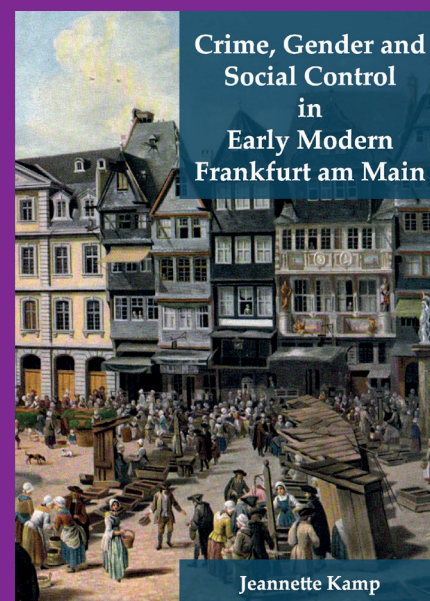


JEANNETTE KAMP

CRIME, GENDER AND SOCIAL CONTROL IN EARLY MODERN FRANKFURT AM MAIN

Supervisors: Prof.dr. M.P.C. van der Heijden and prof.dr. L. Lucassen (UL)
Graduation: 27 November 2018

This thesis examines gender differences in recorded criminality in early modern Frankfurt and the way that these differences were shaped by the local context. For a long time it was considered that the criminality of women is a marginal phenomenon and that this was invariable over time and place. Historical studies, however, have demonstrated that women played a much more prominent role in recorded crime in the early modern period, and could even make up half of all defendants in specific locations. At the same time, there were also large regional differences. Until now, historians focused only little on the differences, and instead looked for general explanations for female deviance in this period. This thesis studies the structural impact of the local context on women's offending and their prosecution. It shows that the pattern in Frankfurt was both similar and different to that of other European cities. Strong informal control within the household, which is normally associated with close-knit communities in the countryside, played an important role in the urban community of Frankfurt and influenced prosecution patterns. Owing to the reliance on household control, cities like Frankfurt am Main knew a distinct type of urban female offender.



APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1: OVERVIEW OF ORGANISATIONAL UNITS

GENERAL BOARD

Major decisions of the N.W. Posthumus Institute are taken by a School Board, consisting of the holders of chairs in economic and social history at the participating institutions. The board meets two to three times a year. The daily affairs of NWP are in the hands of an executive committee and a scientific director supported by an office manager. The training programme and research networks are headed by respectively an education programme director and research directors. The ultimate responsibility for research activities lies within the faculties and institutions that participate in the NWP. An examination committee and an education committee see to the quality of the students and teaching affairs of NWP.

GENERAL BOARD IN 2018 (members and substitute-members*)

Prof.dr. U. Bosma (IISH)
Prof.dr. P.J.E.M van Dam (VU)
Prof.dr. M.G.J. Duijvendak (RUG)
Prof.dr. E. Frankema (WUR)
Dr. B.P.A. Gales (RUG)
Prof.dr. H. Greefs (chair) (UA)
Dr. D.W.A.G. van den Heuvel (UvA)
Dr. K. Hofmeester (IISH)
Prof.dr. A.A.P.O. Janssens (advisor) (RU)
Prof.dr. H.J. de Jong (RUG)
Prof.dr. J. Jonker (UvA)
Prof.dr. H.A.M. Klemann (EUR)
Prof.dr. J. Kok (RU)
Dr. V.C. Lagendijk (UM)
Prof. dr. T. Lambrecht (UGent)
Prof.dr. J.A. Mol (FA)
Dr. A.M. Molema (FA)
Dr. R.F.J. Paping (RUG)
Prof.dr. M. Prak (UU)
Prof. dr. W. Ryckbosch (VUB)
Prof.dr. M.L.J.C. Schrover (UL)
Dr. P. de Zwart (WUR)
Prof.dr. T. Soens (UA)
Dr. L.J. Touwen (UL)
Prof.dr. C. Verbruggen (UGent)
Prof.dr. E.B.A. van der Vleuten (TU/e)
Prof.dr. A. Winter (VUB)
Dr. B. Wubs (EUR)
Prof.dr. J.L. van Zanden (UU)

*Our system of substitute members guarantees that each participating university is represented at the meetings of the General Board.

PHD REPRESENTATIVES

Esther Beeckaert (UGent-VUB)
Bert Kramer (RUG)
Anke Verbeke (VUB)
Eva van den Heijden (IISH)
Bas Machielsen (UU)

STAFF

Prof.dr. Angélique Janssens (RU) – Scientific Director
Bram Hoonhout MA (RU) – Education Programme Director
Corine van den Eijnden MA (RU)/Milou van den Berg MA (RU) – Office Manager

EXECUTIVE BOARD

Prof.dr. H. Greefs (UA)
Prof.dr. M.L.J.C. Schrover (UL)
Prof.dr. A. Winter (VUB)

EXAMINATION COMMITTEE

Dr. B. Gales (RUG)
Prof.dr. H. Greefs (UA)
Prof.dr. A.A.P.O. Janssens (RU)

EDUCATION COMMITTEE

Dr. S. Dili (UU)
Dr. A. Schmidt (UL)
Prof.dr. A. Winter (VUB)
E. Beeckaert (UGent), PhD Representative
E. van der Heijden (IISH), PhD Representative
B. Machielsen (UU), PhD Representative
A. Verbeke (VUB), PhD Representative

APPENDIX 2:
THE POSTHUMUS INSTITUTE TRAINING PROGRAMME

Aims of the programme

With its PhD training, the N.W. Posthumus Institute contributes to the successful completion of dissertation projects in the domain of economic and social history. The success of a PhD project is determined by the quality of the dissertation and the duration of the PhD project. Normally, projects are designed to be completed in four years. The N.W. Posthumus Institute contributes to the formation of a next generation of excellent researchers.

First, the Institute wants to realise these aims by enlarging and deepening the knowledge of economic or social history as taught to the PhD students during their Master studies. The background knowledge of PhD students differs. A broad knowledge of the field is important in order both to contribute to scientific progress within the field of economic and social history in general and to successfully transfer knowledge to students and the general public within and outside academia.

Secondly, the N.W. Posthumus Institute supports PhD projects by encouraging PhD students to write and present their work from the start. PhD students are expected to write a series of papers, which will be presented and criticised during seminars. Their individual projects form the main focus of the Posthumus training programme. The programme contributes to the development of PhD students by enabling them to become independent and self-confident researchers.

Finally, the N.W. Posthumus Institute intends to integrate PhD students into the community of Dutch and Flemish historians specialising in economic and social history and by stimulating them to engage in international activities (the Research Design Courses and Advanced Seminars of ESTER, summer schools, conferences) and thus become part of international networks.

The general structure of the PhD training programme

The PhD training programme of the N.W. Posthumus Institute covers the entire period of the dissertation project, but in practice, the programme focuses on the first three years. We distinguish two parts: the Basic Training, roughly the first year, and the Advanced Training, which is tailor made to suit the individual interests and requirements of the PhD student.

The Basic Training consists of three seminars in the course of the first 14 months:

- Seminar 1: My project in a Nutshell
- Seminar 2: Work in Progress
- Seminar 3: Research Design Course

The Basic Training will be formally closed by an Individual Assessment, in which two fellows of the N.W. Posthumus Institute will evaluate the development of the PhD student and his/her project. In case of a positive evaluation, the PhD student receives the Basic Training Diploma during the annual Posthumus Conference.

After the Basic Training, PhD students work individually on their Advanced Training. Once they have met the criteria, they apply for the Certificate by handing over their personal dossier. The dossier will be assessed by the Education Programme Director. In case of doubt, the dossier will be sent to the Examination Committee for a second opinion.

Seminar 1: My project in a Nutshell

The new cohort PhD students get to know each other and their projects during the first seminar lasting one or (typically) two days. In addition to PhD students who recently embarked upon their project, the seminar can also be attended by Research Master students who are close to writing a PhD proposal or application of funds. The seminar provides a forum to present initial ideas and get feedback from both other starting researchers and two Posthumus fellows. Prior to the meeting every participant writes a short research note about the historiographical background and the substance of his/her project: “My project in a Nutshell”. The aim is to position the project in the academic debate. The research note should be written in English. Participants will read and discuss each other’s notes.

Minor Paper & Seminar 2: Work in Progress

The minor paper provides a first substantial discussion of the PhD project. It positions the research project in the relevant debates, formulates the research questions and discusses the methodologies and techniques (10-15 pages A4). The minor paper should be written in English and has to be presented during Seminar 2: Work in Progress.

Seminar 2 lasts two days. Each PhD student will present her/his minor paper. Every participant will also be discussant of the minor paper of another PhD student. A senior researcher, usually one of the fellows of the N.W. Posthumus Institute (but external experts are an option too) will give a second comment on the minor paper.

Participants of Seminar 2 read the minor papers of all other participants in their group and take part in the general discussion. Everyone will referee one paper specifically. If they see fit, experts can assign some reading material to the participants. The Education Programme Director of the N.W. Posthumus Institute or a substitute will be present during the seminar.

Major Paper & Research Design Course

The Major Paper provides an advanced discussion of the PhD project. It evaluates the major choices made structuring the research and the ultimate thesis. It also justifies these choices in the light of good academic practice. The Major Paper thus gives a well-founded formation of the research question and sub-questions, the expected answers, the methods to be used, the steps to be taken doing research, the timing, the required information, and the (provisional) structure (chapters) of the thesis. The Research Design Course invites to reflect upon issues discussed in the theory of science literature, including the scientific ambitions, the perspectives adopted and rejected, and problems combining theory and empirical investigation. It is expected that such issues, selected upon relevance for the particular project, are included in the Major Paper after the Research Design Course. The Major Paper will result in a draft version of the first chapter of the dissertation. It includes a substantial introduction to the project, and a dissertation plan. The paper, 20-25 pages, is written in English.

The Research Design Course is an international seminar lasting three to five days. The Research Design Course is coordinated in the Netherlands by the Education Programme Director. At the Research Design Course the Major Papers are presented by their authors and discussed by participants and invited senior researchers.

The Research Design Course is open to PhD students from all over Europe. That is why this course is organised by the ESTER network and its partners. They bring together an international team of well-qualified historians. During the seminar, PhD students will present their Major Paper, but will also be discussant of the paper of another participant and chair a session. Usually, the Research Design Course works with parallel groups. The participants read all the papers of their group and prepare the general discussion of each paper.

The application process is competitive, and enrolment is limited. Participants will be selected on the basis of the progress of their research project and their proposal should meet the minimum standards. Participation in the RDC may be substituted for participation in another activity, such as a summer school. However, PhD students who prefer to participate in another course, should contact the Education Programme Director in advance.

Individual Assessment

The Basic Training ends with an individual assessment. During this meeting of approximately one hour, two fellows of the N.W. Posthumus Institute will assess, together with the PhD student and her/his supervisor, the first year of the PhD project and the expectations concerning the remainder of the project. The major aim is to assess whether the PhD project is likely to be completed in time. Problems and possible solutions can also be discussed. If the fellows conclude after the assessment that the PhD student will in all likelihood finish the Posthumus training with a dissertation, then the student will qualify for the Posthumus diploma, provided she/he has fulfilled all the other requirements of the Basic Training. If the fellows conclude that the PhD student is unlikely to complete her/his project, the PhD student can be asked to write an additional paper in which remaining questions must be answered. A last option that can be decided upon during the individual assessment, is the consultation of the Examination Committee regarding ending the membership of the N.W. Posthumus Institute and the advice to the supervisor that there are serious doubts about the successful completion of the project.

The PhD student submits a report beforehand in which they include the previous comments they received, as well as a reflection on how they will deal with this feedback.

Advanced Training

The Basic Training is followed by an individual curriculum. This Advanced Training aims at assisting the PhD student to position him/herself as an autonomous and known colleague among the national and international community of researchers in Economic and Social History and other relevant disciplines. The N.W. Posthumus Institute assumes that the PhD students participate in the research school on an individual basis and design their own portfolio. Since 2016, the portfolio must fulfil five criteria with its subsequent training activities:

1. Internationalisation criterion: One paper in an international journal or one working paper in an international Working Paper series and a paper at an international conference (not being the Posthumus conference);
2. Network engagement criterion: Participation at the annual Posthumus conference, in the second year as commentator and in the third year as speaker;
3. Exercise criterion: presentation of a paper on two research training activities, such as a masterclass, seminar, workshop or colloquium organized by Posthumus or another academic institute other than the home department.
4. Organisation criterion: The organisation of a masterclass, seminar, conference panel or valorisation activity, or similar event;
5. Job preparation criterion: Attending the Posthumus Career Event. Alternatively, the PhD student may fulfil this criterion by following an elaborate coaching trajectory at the home university.

The elements mentioned above constitute a minimum level of advanced learning. PhD students can participate in Posthumus activities such as masterclasses or advanced seminars as much as they want. They can also participate in workshops and other activities organised by the research networks of the N.W. Posthumus Institute.

A PhD student qualifies for the Posthumus Research Certificate if she/he has fulfilled the requirements specified above. PhD students are encouraged to plan masterclasses and write an article/paper during their second and third year, so that the certificate can be granted well before the end of their project and they can concentrate upon finishing their thesis. The PhD students are required to send articles, papers and additional documentation to the office of the N.W. Posthumus Institute.

Research Training Activities

PhD students participating in the PhD training programme of the N.W. Posthumus Institute can participate in as many research training activities as they want. Moreover, they are actively encouraged to organise activities themselves. The N.W. Posthumus Institute's Bureau can help anyone who wants to organise a workshop or a conference with financial as well as personal and practical support. In order to give an idea about the practical forms that are frequently used, several activities are listed below.

Masterclasses

A masterclass is staged around a well-known (usually foreign) expert who visits Belgium or the Netherlands. A small group, up to five or six PhD students and/or Research Master students, will have the opportunity to interact intensively with the "master". The projects of the participants are the point of departure. Participants therefore have to write a paper about their research and the problems they experience. The research of the master can be raised during the class. Note that even though each masterclass can be tailor-made, a lecture or a seminar where visitors only present their papers is not a masterclass.

The expertise of the master defines the content of a masterclass. The PhD students must assess whether they can profit from a particular masterclass. The N.W. Posthumus Institute welcomes initiatives of PhD students to organise masterclasses and will offer financial support.

ESTER Advanced Seminars

ESTER, the European Graduate School for Training in Economic and social historical Research, occasionally organises Advanced Seminars around a particular domain of research, intended for advanced PhD students. During an Advanced Seminar, PhD students are brought together with a number of international experts and discuss the papers and presentations of the PhD students. The Advanced Seminars will be advertised on the website of the N.W. Posthumus Institute.

Annual PhD conference

Together with the Education Programme Director, the PhD representatives organise a PhD conference as part of the annual N.W. Posthumus Conference, usually in the spring. During this conference third-year PhD students will present their project and in particular the results of their research two years after the Research Design Course. The PhD students are asked to submit a paper, which will be distributed to the participants. Each paper will be refereed by both a second-year PhD student and a senior fellow of the N.W. Posthumus Institute or another expert. The second-year PhD students act as referees during this conference. The first-year PhD students are expected to attend the conference and ResearchMA students may also attend and sometimes act as commentators.

Research network activities

The research conducted by the senior fellows of the N.W. Posthumus Institute is grouped in six networks (see Chapter 2). The PhD students are expected to join at least one of these networks as their primary choice, and they may add another one as a secondary choice. They are expected to contact the research director(s) of the network they are interested in and to let the Office Manager of the N.W. Posthumus institute know which network they would like to join. The Institute invites the PhD students to take part in the conferences or other activities organised by their group. They also can and should suggest group activities with value added to their projects.

APPENDIX 3: BASIC TRAINING – PARTICIPANTS AND ACTIVITIES

Enrollment of PHD students in the 2018 programme:

1. M. A.B. (Maartje) Radboud University, History	
Exact date of appointment:	01-10-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	31-10-2022
Supervisor(s):	Prof. dr. D. Verhoeven, dr. C. van Bochove and Prof Dr A.J. Brand.
Research:	<i>Mirror of mutual relations: communication between Hanseatic cities</i>
E-mail:	maartje.ab@let.ru.nl
2. H. Blommers (Heleen) Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam, Faculty of Humanities	
Exact date of appointment:	01-09-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	31-08-2022
Supervisor(s):	Dr. D.G. Hondius
Research:	<i>Deconstructing the War on Poverty: the rise of a policy failure narrative, 1964-1985</i>
E-mail:	h.blommers@vu.nl
3. J. Bos (Jonathan) Leiden University/Fryske Akademy, Institute for History	
Exact date of appointment:	01-01-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	01-10-2021
Supervisor(s):	Prof. dr. J.A. Mol and Prof. dr. G.J. de Langen
Research:	<i>Nobility, farmers and the medieval farmstead in the Frisian clay area, 1350-1600</i>
E-mail:	j.bos@hum.leidenuniv.nl
4. D.J. Bunders (Damion) Utrecht University, History and Art History	
Exact date of appointment:	1-11-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	31-10-2022
Supervisor(s):	Prof. dr. T.D.M. de Moor and prof. dr. A.A. Akkerman
Research:	<i>Platform Cooperatives: Are User-Owned and User-Governed Platforms Viable?</i>
E-mail:	d.j.bunders@uu.nl
5. A.J. Collin (Alexander) University of Amsterdam, School of Historical Studies	
Exact date of appointment:	01-10-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	30-09-2021
Supervisor(s):	Assoc. Prof. J.J. Wubs-Mrozewicz and Prof. dr. G.H. Janssen
Research:	<i>Decision Making Under Conditions of Non-Knowledge in Late- and Post-Hanseatic City Governments</i>
E-mail:	a.j.collin@uva.nl
6. L. Debyser (Laura) Ghent university, History	
Exact date of appointment:	01-08-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	01-08-2022
Supervisor(s):	Prof. dr. I. Devos
Research:	<i>Who died from cancer? A history of victims of malignant tumors in Belgium, 1850-1950.</i>
E-mail:	Laura.Debyser@UGent.be

7. A. Dixit (Aditi) Utrecht University, History and Art History	
Exact date of appointment:	01-10-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	30-09-2023
Supervisor(s):	prof.dr. E. Nederveen Meerkerk
Research:	<i>Technology, Production Organisation, and Labour in Different Pathways Towards Industrialized Societies: India and Japan, ca. 1800-1990</i>
E-mail:	a.dixit@uu.nl
8. A. Geelen (Alexander) International Institute of Social History/ Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam, Research department	
Exact date of appointment:	01-06-2017
Exact terminal date of appointment:	31-05-2022
Supervisor(s):	prof.dr. U. Bosma and dr. M. van Rossum
Research:	<i>Bordering up: regulating mobility through passes, walls and guards</i>
E-mail:	alexander.geelen@IISH.nl
9. E. Hasken (Ewout) Utrecht University, History	
Exact date of appointment:	01-11-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	31-08-2022
Supervisor(s):	prof. dr. B.J. van Bavel and prof. dr. Blondé
Research:	<i>Between social capital and opportunism. A longterm social-spatial study of neighbourhood sociability in earlymodern Antwerp circa 1560-1795</i>
E-mail:	e.j.hasken@uu.nl
10. L. Helsen (Lore) Ghent University, History	
Exact date of appointment:	15-10-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	15-10-2022
Supervisor(s):	dr. T. Lambrecht and prof.dr. A. Winter
Research:	<i>Agriculture, wage labour and household economies in eighteenth-century Flanders: a regional and integrated analysis</i>
E-mail:	lore.helsen@ugent.be
11. Liesbeth Langouche University of Antwerp, Design Sciences - Conservation/Restoration	
Exact date of appointment:	01-01-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	31-12-2021
Supervisor(s):	prof. dr. J.M.A. Caen and prof. dr. B. de Munck
Research:	<i>The use of clear window glass in Flanders in the 15th till 19th century</i>
E-mail:	Liesbeth.langauche@uantwerpen.be
12. A. van der Meer (Alexander) Leiden University, Institute for History	
Exact date of appointment:	01-02-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	31-01-2022
Supervisor(s):	dr. A. Schrikker and prof.dr. J.J.L. Gommans
Research:	<i>Early modern private partnerships in Amsterdam.</i>
E-mail:	a.van.der.meer@hum.leidenuniv.nl
13. A. de Mulder (Alessandra) University of Antwerp, Foundations and methods of Law	
Exact date of appointment:	01-10-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	30-09-2022
Supervisor(s):	Prof.dr. B.B. Blondé and B.D.M. de Munck
Research:	<i>Aesthetics for a polite society. Secondary markets and product quality constructions in the eighteenth century.</i>
E-mail:	Alessandra.DeMulder@student.uantwerpen.be

14. M. Murkens (Mayra) Maastricht University, Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences/ History department	
Exact date of appointment:	01-03-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	01-03-2022
Supervisor(s):	Prof.dr. A.A.P.O. Janssens and dr. W.J.M.J. Rutten
Research:	<i>Health transition in Maastricht 1864-1955</i>
E-mail:	m.murkens@maastrichtuniversity.nl
P. Post (Philip) Leiden University, Institute for History	
Exact date of appointment:	01-04-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	31-03-2022
Supervisor(s):	dr. A. Schrikker and prof. dr. J.J.L. Gommans
Research:	<i>Institutional memory in the making of colonial culture: history, experience and ideas in Dutch colonialism in Asia, 1700 – 1870</i>
E-mail:	p.g.post@hum.leidenuniv.nl
16. F. Rokadiya (Faheem) Utrecht University, Faculty of Humanities	
Exact date of appointment:	01-10-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	01-10-2022
Supervisor(s):	prof. dr. E.J.V.V. Nederveen Meerkerk
Research:	<i>Industrialization and household textile production in the UK and China: a diachronic comparison, 1750-1990</i>
E-mail:	f.a.rokadiya@uu.nl
17. I. Schepers (Ingrid) University of Antwerp, History department	
Exact date of appointment:	01-10-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	30-09-2022
Supervisor(s):	prof. dr. G. de Block and prof. dr. A. Verhetsel
Research:	<i>Beyond the dots in TODs. Analysing Transit Oriented Development in networked rural-urban places</i>
E-mail:	ingrid.schepers@uantwerpen.be
18. N. Sinha (Neilabh) Leiden University, Institute for History	
Exact date of appointment:	01-09-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	31-08-2022
Supervisor(s):	prof. dr. J.J.L. Gommans and prof. dr. M. van Groesen
Research:	<i>The Emblematic Worldview and the Production of Global Visual Knowledge: The Low Countries and Mughal India, 1550-1700</i>
E-mail:	n.sinha@hum.leidenuniv.nl
19. D. de Vriese (Dennis) Vrije Universiteit Brussel, History Department	
Exact date of appointment:	01-11-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	01-19-2022
Supervisor(s):	Prof. dr. W. Ryckbosch
Research:	<i>Naturalness, tradition and quality of meat products during the 18th and 19th centuries</i>
E-mail:	Dennis.De.Vriese@vub.be
20 A. Vrooman (Arlinde) University of Groningen, Economics, Econometrics and Finance	
Exact date of appointment:	01-09-2018
Exact terminal date of appointment:	31-08-2022
Supervisor(s):	Prof. dr. H.J. de Jong and Ass. Prof. J. Bolt
Research:	<i>The Colonial Legacy of Health Inequalities</i>
E-mail:	a.c.e.vrooman@rug.nl

INSTRUCTORS IN THE 2018 PROGRAMME

The N.W. Posthumus Institute relies on fellows from the participating institutions for the organisation of local seminars, for the invitation of guest speakers and for experts who comment on the PhD Students' papers. For the Research Design Course additional international experts are recruited for the duration of the RDC.

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Seminar I - My project in a Nutshell: 17-18 December 2018, Brussels, Belgium

Cohort: 2018
Coordinators: Bram Hoonhout (RU/UL)
Wouter Ryckbosch (VUB)
Fellows: Heidi Deneweth (VUB)
Torsten Feys (VUB)
Bart Lambert (VUB)
Wouter Ryckbosch (VUB)
Anne Winter (VUB)
Ans Vervaeke (VUB)
Keynote speaker: Wouter Ryckbosch (VUB)

Seminar II - Work in Progress: 19-20 April 2018, Antwerp, Belgium

Cohort: 2017
Coordinators: Hilde Greefs (UA)
Bram Hoonhout (RU/UL)
Tim Soens (UA)
Eline van Onacker (UA)
Commentators: Marnix Beyen (UA)
Bruno Blondé (UA)
Ulbe Bosma (IISH)
Bram Bouwens (UU)
Piet van Cruyningen (WUR)
Ilja Van Damme (UA)
Isabelle Devos (UG)
Manon Van der Heijden (UL)
Jan Kok (RU)
Thijs Lambrecht (UG)
Peter Stabel (UA)
Bert Theunissen (UU)

Research Design Course: 29-31 October 2018,European
University Institute, Florence

Cohort: 2017
Coordinators: Bram Hoonhout (RU/UL)
Local Organiser: Regina Grafe (EUI)
Experts: Alessandro Nuvolari (SSAS)
Angelique Janssens (RU)
Bartosz Ogórek (PUC)
Ben Gales (RUG)
Benoît Maréchaux (EUI)
Bram Hoonhout (RU)
Claude Chevaléyre (CNRS/LIEAS)
David Chilosì (RUG)
Jaco Zuijderduijn (LU)
José Pedro Paiva (UC)
José Vicente Serrão (UIL)
Marion Pluskota (UL)

Regina Grafe (EUI)
Sandra de Pleijt (OU)
Sarah Hackett (BSU)
Youssef Cassis (EUI)

Participants:

Michael Adelsberger (UV)
Ana Aviño de Pablo (UGent)
Annika Bärwald (BU)
Sander Berghmans (UGent)
Henning Bovenkerk (WWU)
Luc Bulten (RU)
Junhao Cao (UU)
Tomás de Albuquerque (UDL)
Bente de Leede (UL)
Matthijs Degraeve (VUB)
Luise Elsaesser (EUI)
Ayfer Erkul (VUB)
Stef Espeel (UA)
Pablo Fernández Cebrián (UB)
Cecilia Kahn (UU*)
Bas Machielsen (UU)
Valeria Maiolo (CMGU)
Caterina Mauri (USD)
Olivia Mitchell (LU)
Manon Moerman (UM)
Patrick Naaktgeboren (UM)
Tuomas Pakarinen (UJ)
Ronald Plantinga (RUG)
Björn Quanjér (RU)
Sophie Rose (UL)
Benjamin Schneider (UO)
Judith Siegel (EUR)
Mark Straver (EUR)
Lienhard Thaler (UV)
Kristina Thompson (VU)
Marina Torres Trimállez (UC)
Rogier van Kooten (UA)
Eva van der Heijden (IISH)
Wout Vande Sompele (UA)
Homer Wagenaar (QUB)
Meimei Wang (UU)
Jiayi Xin (UL)

Individual Assessments: 19 and 20 March (Antwerpen/Brussel), 21 and 22 March (Utrecht), 23 March (Leiden),

Cohort: 2016
Discussants:
Bruno Blondé (UA)
Bram Bouwens (UU)
Anne-Laure van Bruane (UGent)
Frederik Buylaert (UGent)
Jessica Dijkman (UU)
Selin Dilli (UU)
Maarten Duivendak (RUG)
Torsten Feys (UGent)
Irial Glynn (UL)
Sabine Go (VU)

Hilde Greefs (UA)
Joost Jonker (UvA)
Thijs Lambrecht (UGent)
Bas van Leeuwen (UU)
Jelle van Lottum (HUYGENS ING)
Leo Lucassen (UL)
Bert de Munck (UA)
Gijsbert Oonk (EUR)
Wouter Ryckbosch (VUB)
Ariadne Schmidt (UL)
Marlou Schrover (UL)
Tim Soens (UA)
Jacco van Sterkenburg (EUR)
Griet Vermeesch (VUB)
Anne Winter (VUB)
Pim de Zwart (WUR)
Richard Zijdemans (IISH)

APPENDIX 4: RESEARCH MASTER PROGRAMME ‘GLOBAL ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL HISTORY’

In 2011/2012, the N.W. Posthumus Institute set up a pioneering initiative with the start of the Posthumus Research Master Programme. This programme allows Research Master students to gain knowledge of the Posthumus specialisation and its specialists, by providing courses that they can follow as an elective within their home university programme.

The Posthumus Research Master Programme ‘Global economic and social history’ consists of three inter-university courses: Debates in global economic and social history (Semester 1), Keys to the treasure trove: Methods and sources of economic and social history (Semester 2), and Quantitative methods for historians (Semester 2). The courses are complementary to each other, but it is possible to follow them separately.

Debates in global economic and social history (5/10 EC)

The course offers an introduction into debates concerning globalisation, the Great Divergence and worldwide inequality, worldwide networks and global-local relations, and the consequences of globalisation for identity formation. The course also looks at a number of in-depth studies related to global history, such as migration, the environment, revolutions, economic growth and capitalism, and science and technology. It consists of six bi-weekly sessions at the IISH in Amsterdam where two senior historians will introduce the different topics

Keys to the treasure trove: Methods and sources in economic and social history (5/10 EC)

During this course, invited methodological experts in economic and social history, including spatial analysis and cultural aspects of social-historical research, teach students the tricks of their trade. There are six bi-weekly sessions for which the participants will read articles and/or book chapters. After each class meeting, assignments are handed out. At the end of this course, the participants have a basic knowledge of these key methodological themes:

1. Quantitative sources on economic growth
2. Large databases containing demographic sources
3. Statistical methods and interpretation
4. Network analysis
5. Geographical Information Systems (GIS)
6. Analysis of literary sources
7. Municipal archives
8. Discourse analysis
9. Sources on migration, travel and shipping
10. Huygens ING Databases (including site visit)
11. Oral History

Quantitative methods for historians (5 EC)

Economic history is a discipline that lies at the crossroads of social sciences and the humanities. It requires its practitioners to be familiar with the research methods of both history and economics. In countries such as the United States and England, most economic historians have a degree in economics but in the Low Countries the majority of students are trained historians. This course aims to familiarise the latter group with the methodological tool kit of the social sciences. Students are introduced to some of the most widely used quantitative methods in economic history research. The course takes a hands-on approach in which students will work on assignments that will familiarise them with the purpose, strengths and weaknesses of these methods.

- Objectives of the research master programme
- Thorough knowledge of concepts, notions and perceptions of economic and social history
- Up-to-date knowledge of the state of the art in global economic and social history
- Insight in and ability to take part in the on-going historical debates
- Experience with several most commonly used research methods and skills to conduct research in the field of global economic and social history
- Ability to use varied primary sources to build historical case-studies and redefine theoretical approaches
- Ability to report on research results in written and oral form at an academic level
- Ability to formulate a research proposal for a PhD project.

APPENDIX 5: ESTER NETWORK AND GENERAL BOARD

ESTER

The European Graduate School for Training in Economic and Social Historical Research (ESTER) is a European collaboration of prestigious universities and institutions. The ESTER-network aims at improving and internationalising the education and training of young scholars in the field of economic and social history. The current ESTER-network involves more than 60 universities throughout Europe, its organization currently being led by Radboud University.

The ESTER-network offers high-level research training for PhD-students in an international context. This training consists of Advanced Seminars and Research Design Courses (RDC). Advanced Seminars focus on a specific topic within economic and social history, whereas the RDC focuses on the PhD-dissertations of the participants.

History of ESTER

In 1989 the N.W. Posthumus Institute took the initiative to establish a European graduate training programme for post-graduates, the European Graduate School for Training in Economic and Social Historical Research (ESTER). More than 60 European universities have become institutional members of ESTER. During the 1990s ESTER participants organised annually three so-called Advanced Seminars, which proved very valuable. From 1999 on these were supplemented by a Research Design Course. The Research Design Courses of ESTER are particularly successful. The number of participants is large and the reactions to the content offered are good. It was decided to give priority to the Research Design Course. Because more PhDs attend the regular conferences, the need for Advanced Seminars seems to decline somewhat. Nevertheless, there still is some demand for specialised meetings particularly conducive for PhDs and young academics. ESTER, therefore, will continue to organise such Advanced Seminars occasionally, such as the seminar together with “F. Datini” International Institute of Economic History.

The general board of ESTER

Prof.dr. Maria Ågren, Uppsala University
Prof.dr. Guido Alfani, Bocconi University
Prof.dr. Lena Andersson-Skog, Umeå University
Prof.dr. Gareth Austin, University of Cambridge
Prof.dr. Andrés Barrera González, Madrid
Universidad Complutense
Prof.dr. Huw Bowen, Swansea University
Prof.dr. Kristine Bruland, University of Oslo
Prof.dr. Erik Buyst, KU Leuven (Faculty of Economics)
Dr. Claude Chevaléyre, CNRS, Lyons Institute of East Asian Studies
Prof.dr. Joaquim da Costa Leite, Universidade de Aveiro

Prof.dr. Giovanni Federico, Università di Pisa, Pisa
Prof.dr. Lourenzo Fernández Prieto, Universidade de Santiago de Compostela
Prof.dr. Helder Fonseca, Universidade de Évora
Prof.dr. José Ignacio Fortea Pérez, Universidad de Cantabria
Prof.dr. Regina Grafe, European University Institute, Florence
Dr. Sarah Hackett, Bath Spa University
Prof.dr. Peter Hertner, Martin-Luther Universität Halle-Wittenberg
Dr. Maïka de Keyzer, KU Leuven (Facilty of Humanities)
Prof.dr. Milan Hlavačka, Charles University in Prague

APPENDIX 6: CONTRIBUTORS TO THE 2018 POSTHUMUS CONFERENCE, UTRECHT, 24 AND 25 MAY 2018

Welcome: Angélique Janssens (RU)
Elevator pitches: 18 PhD projects and 6 Research networks sessions
Key note Lecture: Thomas Piketty (Paris School of Economics)
Papers presented: PhD papers
Bram van Besouw (UU)
Nick van der Broeck (VUB/UGent)
Ingrid van Dijk (RU)
Janna Everaert (VUB)
Sam Geens (UA)
Bart Hoogeboom (FA/RUG)
Girjia Joshi (UL)
Oran Kennedy (UL)
Bert Kramer (RUG)
Thomas Mareite (UL)
Viola Müller (UL)
Laura Nys (UGent)
Joris Roosen (UU)
Marjolein Schepers (VUB/UGent)
Tobit Vandamme (UGent)
Thomas Verbruggen (UA)
Marian Weevers (UL)
Zipeng Zhang (UU)

Research Papers

A: Economy and Society of the Pre-Industrial Low Countries in a Comparative Perspective
Alberto Feenstra (UvA)
Jaco Zijlderduijn (LU)
Jeroen Puttevils (UA)

B: Drivers and Carriers of Globalisation: Technology, Economics and Business in Transnational and Comparative Perspective
Robrecht Declercq (UGent)
Pim de Zwart (WUR)
Frank Veraart (TU/e)

C: Societies in their environment: Regional analysis of urban and rural development
Bas van Leeuwen (IISH & UU)
Ewan Gibbs (University of the West of Scotland)

D: Life-Courses, Family, and Labour
Youssef Courbage (INED, Paris)
Selin Dilli (UU)
Nadia Sonneveld (RU)

E: Social History of Communities
Anne Winter (VUB)
Chris Quispel (UL)
Leo Lucassen (IISH / UL)

F: Routes and Roots in Colonial and Global History
Felicitas Becker (UG)
Anjana Singh (RUG)
Hilde de Weerdt (UL)

Discussants:
Expert discussants
Bas Van Bavel
Saskia Bultman
Isabelle Devos
Ben Gales
Johanna Kardux
Jan Kok
Elise van Nederveen Meerkerk
Eline Van Onacker
Kim Oosterlinck
Leo Paul
Auke Rijpma
Filipa Ribeiro da Silva
Tim Soens
Alicia Schrikker
Marlou Schrover
Arie van Steensel
Anne Winter
Ben Wubs

PhD discussants

Ester Beeckaert (UGent)
Dieter Bruneel (UGent)
Gijs van Campenhout (EUR)
Davide Christoferi (UGent)
Kristina Hodelin-ter Wal (RU)
Merit Hondelink (RUG)
Alice Janssens (EUR)
Minghui Li (RUG)
Kristof Loockx (UA)
Dirk Lueb (UA)
Maarten Manse (UL)
Ruben Peeters (UU)
Robin Philips (IISH)
Roman Roobroeck (UGent)
Matthias Rosenbaum-Feldbrügge (RU)
Wout Saelens (UA)
Dolores Sesma Carlos (RU)
Anke Verbeke (VUB)
Amaury de Vicq de Cumptich (UL)
Teuntje Vosters (UL)
Sietske van den Wyngaert (UA)
Harm Zwarts (WUR)

APPENDIX 7: GRANTED RESEARCH DIPLOMAS AND CERTIFICATES 2018

GRANTED BASIC TRAINING CERTIFICATES IN 2018

Ester Beeckaert (UGent)
Dieter Bruneel (UGent)
Gijs van Campenhout (EUR)
Davide Christoferi (UGent)
Kristina Hodelin-ter Wal (RU)
Merit Hondelink (RUG)
Alice Janssens (EUR)
Minghui Li (RUG)
Kristof Loockx (UA)
Dirk Lueb (UA)
Maarten Manse (UL)
Laura May
Ruben Peeters (UU)
Robin Philips (IISH)
Roman Roobroeck UGent)
Matthias Rosenbaum-Feldbrügge (RU)
Wout Saelens (UA)
Dolores Sesma Carlos (RU)
Anke Verbeke (VUB)
Amaury de Vicq de Cumptich (UL)
Teuntje Vosters (UL)
Pauline Wittebol
Sietske van den Wyngaert (UA)
Harm Zwarts (WUR)

GRANTED RESEARCH CERTIFICATES ADVANCED TRAINING IN 2018

Janna Everaert (VUB)
Ingrid van Dijk (RU)
Tobit Vandamme (UGent)
Zipeng Zhang (UU)

APPENDIX 8: PHD CANDIDATES SINCE 1 JANUARY 2006

PhD candidate		Supervisor(s)	Dissertation date
2007 cohort 1			
N. Bouras	F	Prof.dr. M.L.J.C. Schrover	27-11-2012
E. Burm	F	Prof.dr. B. De Munck	
J. Euwe	M	Prof.dr. H.A.M. Klemann	21-12-2012
S. Haasnoot	F	Prof.dr. P. Kooij	stopped
J. Hanus	M	Prof.dr. B. Blondé	05-05-2010
F. Joustra	M	Prof.dr. M. Duijvendak	
S. Kruizinga	M	Prof.dr. L. Noordegraaf, dr. M.C. 't Hart	16-09-2011
C.J. Laarman	F	Prof.dr. M.L.J.C. Schrover	27-06-2013
M. Lak	M	Prof.dr. H.A.M. Klemann	08-12-2011
J.K. De Meester	M	Prof.dr. B. De Munck	25-11-2011
M. Molema	M	Prof.dr. C.A. Davids	22-11-2010
E.M.L.D. Ortmanns	F	Prof.dr. B. De Munck	stopped
L.O. Petram	M	Prof.dr. L. Noordegraaf, dr. C. Lesger	28-01-2011
W. De Ridder	M	Prof.dr. P. Scholliers	08-05-2011
T. Walaardt	M	Prof.dr. M.L.J.C. Schrover	24-04-2012

2007 cohort 2			
T. Bisschops	M	Prof.dr. P. Stabel	stopped
A. Brantegem	F	Prof.dr. Hugo Soly / Prof.dr. A. Winter	
A. Dirks	F	Prof.dr. W. van den Doel	23-06-2011
H.R. de Haas	M	Prof.dr. L. Hacquebord	
S. van Houtven	F	Prof.dr. C. Lis	stopped
F. Hertroys	F	Prof.dr. C.A. Davids	26-05-2014
G. Klein Goldewijk	F	Prof.dr. P.A.J. Attema, dr. W.M. Jongman	
S. De Langhe	F	Prof.dr. I. Devos	21-03-2013
C. Matthys	F	Prof.dr. I.Devos, prof.dr. E. Vanhaute	05-01-2012
G.A. Mathys	F	Dr. B. Lecocq	07-03-2014
J. van der Poel	M	Prof.dr. G. Vanthemsche	19-01-2012
C. Rasterhoff	F	Prof.dr. M. Prak	05-09-2012
M. Ratliff	F	Dr. W.M. Jongman	stopped
A. Rijpma	M	Prof.dr. B.J.P. van Bavel	21-05-2012
W. Ronsijn	M	Prof.dr. E. Vanhaute	25-05-2011
W. Ryckbosch	M	Prof.dr. B. Blondé	26-09-2012
E. Walhout	F	Prof.dr. A.J.A. Bijsterveld	

2008			
Y.I. Aalders	F	Prof.dr. L. Hacquebord	stopped
A. De Bondt	F	Prof.dr. K. Verboven	
P. Brandon	M	Prof.dr. L. Noordegraaf, dr. M.C. 't Hart	16-01-2013
A. Coenen	F	Prof.dr. B. Blondé	17-05-2013
M. Cuypers	M	Prof.dr. A. Knotter	Stopped 2011
E. Decraene	F	Prof.dr. B. De Munck	25-09-2014
T. De Doncker	M	Prof.dr. A.L. Van Bruaene	05-09-2013

K.J. Fatah-Black	M	Prof.dr. G. Oostindie, dr. H. den Heijer	01-10-2013
Th. Goossens	M	Prof.dr. G. Vermeesch	26-10-2012
U.I Gustafsson	M	Prof.dr. L. Hacquebord	
R. De Kerf	M	Prof.dr. B. De Munck	27-01-2014
D.J. Klein Kranenburg	M	Prof.dr. W. Willems, prof.dr. L. Lucassen	26-11-2013
F. Kruse	F	Prof.dr. L. Hacquebord	19-12-2013
M. Mechant	F	Prof.dr. I. Devos	29-05-2018
K. Melis	F	Prof.dr. M. Duijvendak, dr. P.D. Groote	20-06-2013
J.H.A. Mercelis	M	Prof.dr. J. Art, prof.dr. C. Verbruggen	21-05-2013
M. Messelink	F	Prof.dr.A.A.P.O. Janssens, prof.dr. T. Engelen	
H. Provoost	F	Prof.dr. Hugo Soly	stopped
J. Puttevils	M	Prof.dr. P. Stael, dr. O. Gelderblom	05-11-2012
T. De Roo	M	Prof.dr. B. Blondé, dr. I. Van Damme	
M. van Rossum	M	Prof.dr. C.A. Davids, prof.dr. J. Lucassen	21-11-2013
V. Van Roy	M	Prof.dr. B. De Munck, prof.dr. R. van Hee	
J. Tump	F	Prof.dr. C.A. Davids, prof.dr. K. Goudriaan	05-10-2012
P. Woltjer	M	Prof.dr. H.J. de Jong	10-10-2013

2009			
J. López Arnaut	M	Prof.dr. H.J. de Jong	11-05-2017
A. De Bie	F	Prof.dr. B. De Munck	30-06-2017
M. Boon	M	Prof.dr. H. A.M. Klemann, dr. B. Wubs	19-12-14
H. D. Cottyn	F	Prof.dr. E. Vanhaute	20-06-14
F. Fakih	M	Dr. J. Th. Lindblad	14-05-14
R. Geven	M	Prof.dr. E. Homburg	2014
M. De Keyzer	F	Prof.dr. T. Soens	19-12-14
J.J. Koopmans	M	Prof.dr. M.G.J. Duijvendak, dr. J.W. Veluwenkamp	
S. Matsuno	F	Prof.dr. J.E.K. Bosma	Stopped 2010
H.M. Paardenkooper	M	Prof.dr. H.A.M. Klemann, dr. B. Wubs	13-06-14
V.T. Pham	M	Dr. J.Th. Lindblad	14-05-14
H.D. Pieters	M	Prof.dr. P.J.E.M. van Dam	
J. Schenk	M	Prof.dr. H.A.M. Klemann, dr. B. Wubs	19-11-2015
S. Steenbeek	F	Prof.dr. L. Hacquebord, dr. J.W. Veluwenkamp	12-10-2017
W.N.A. Vanacker	M	Prof.dr. K. Verboven	14-05-2014
J. Veenstra	M	Prof.dr. H.J. de Jong	20-02-2014
L.G.P. Vervae	F	Prof.dr. E. Thoen	24-02-2015
R.A.A. Vonk	M	Prof.dr. E.S. Houwaart	10-09-2013
A. Wahid	M	Prof.dr. J. L. van Zanden	18-11-2013

2010			
K. Arijs	F	Prof.dr. P. Scholliers	16-03-2016
I.G.P. Baatsen	F	Prof.dr. B. Blondé, prof.dr. B. de Munck	16-12-2016
N.E.S. Bos	F	Prof.dr. H.J. de Jong	22-01-2015
K. Buzási	F	Prof.dr. J.L. van Zanden	19-11-2015
S.G. Carmichael	F	Prof.dr. J.L. van Zanden	3-02-2016
N. Van den Driessche	F	Prof.dr. B. Van de Putte	
J. De Groot	F	Prof.dr. B. Blondé, prof.dr. B. de Munck	30-10-2017
W.J. Marchand	F	Prof.dr. M.G.J. Duijvendak, dr. R.F.J. Paping	13-11-2014

E.V.P. Van Onacker	F	Prof.dr. T. Soens	19-05-2014
K. Overlaet	F	Prof.dr. P. Stabel	15-09-2015
I. Pesa	F	Prof.dr. R. Ross, dr. J.B. Gewald	23-09-2014
A.X. Smit	F	Prof.dr.L.A.C.J. Lucassen	25-01-2018
I.R. Steevens	F	Dr. F.R.R. Vermeylen	Stopped
I. Sturtewagen	F	Prof.dr. B. Blondé, prof.dr. B. de Munck	11-03-2016
N.M. Teeuwen	F	Prof.dr. L. Heerma van Voss	13-06-2014
L.M.C. Vandevoorde	F	Prof.dr. K. Verboven	05-05-2014
V. Vanruysseveldt	F	Prof.dr. A. Winter	
S. De Veirman	F	Prof.dr. I. Devos	27-03-2015
B. Verbist	M	Prof.dr. P. Stabel	19-11-2014
R. Vercammen	M	Prof.dr. C. Lis, Prof.dr. A. Winter	01-07-2014
P. de Zwart	M	Prof.dr. J. L. van Zanden	17-04-2015

2011			
L. De Strooper	F	Prof.dr. A. Klamer	
N. De Vijlder	M	Prof.dr. M. Limberger	
A. Dekker	F	Prof.dr J.W. Renders	02-07-2015
S. Dilli	F	prof.dr. J.L. van Zanden, prof.dr. J. Kok	22-12-2015
H. Harmsen	F	Prof.dr.H. Klemann, dr. D. van Lente	
W. Heijveld	M	Prof.dr. H. Klemann	
Y. Hilevych	F	Prof.dr. T. Engelen, dr. H. Bras	2-11-2016
H. Kole	F	Prof.dr. M. Prak, prof.dr. P.E.J.M. van Dam, dr. M. van Tielhof	6-09-2017
D. Koppenol	M	Prof.dr. H. Klemann	02-06-2016
M. Laborda Pemán	M	Prof.dr. T. De Moor	11-05-2017
A. Ligtvoet	M	Prof.dr. M.G.J. Duijvendak, dr. R.F.J.Paping, A.H.M. de Baets	
K. Lurvink	F	Prof.dr. K. Davids, dr. W.Verstegen	25-11-2016
M. Malinowski	M	Prof.dr. J.L. van Zanden	21-06-2016
B. Mönkediek	M	Prof.dr. J.Kok, dr. H. Bras	1-06-2016
O. Ongena	F	Prof.dr. E. Vanhaute, prof.dr. D. Luyten	
P. Rotering	M	Prof.dr. J.Kok, dr. H. Bras	
H. Sanders	M	Prof.dr.J. Lucassen	
R. Satter	M	Prof.dr. T. Engelen. prof.dr.J. Kok	8-10-2018
R. Schalk	M	Prof.dr.L. Dorsman, dr. O. Gelderblom	18-12-2015
N. van den Boomen	F	Prof.dr. A.A.P.O. Janssens, prof.dr. T. Engelen, prof.dr. J. Kok	
L. van der Vleuten	F	Prof.dr. J. Kok, prof.dr. J.L. van Zanden	15-12-2016
F. Van Roosbroeck	M	Prof.dr.T. Soens, Prof.dr. B. De Munck	25-04-2016
J. Versieren	M	Prof.dr. B. De Munck, prof.dr. B. Blondé	
X. Xu	M	Prof.dr. H.J. den Heijer, dr. J.T. Lindblad	04-11-2015

2012			
M. Bekker	F	Dr. M.P.C. van der Heijden	stopped 2013
A.A.B.M. Coppens	M	Prof.dr. A. Winter, prof.dr. H. Greefs	11-01-2017
P. De Graef	M	Prof.dr. B. Blondé, prof.dr. T. Soens, dr. T. Lambrecht	
P. De Messemaeker	M	Prof.dr. C. Verbruggen, dr. J. Charlier	

E. Debackere	F	prof.dr. H. Greefs, Prof.dr. A. Winter,	13-04-2016
B.H.D. Denis	F	Prof.dr. B. Blondé, dr. I. van Damme	
K.J. Ekama	F	Prof.dr. C. Antunes	13-09-2018
H.A. Feenstra	M	Prof.dr. J. Jonker, dr. M. 't Hart	
H.N.M. Hölsgens	M	Dr. B. Gales	6-10-2016
B. Horemans	M	Prof.dr. A. Winter	
J.M. Kamp	F	Dr. M.P.C. van der Heijden, prof.dr. L. Lucassen	27-11-2018
S. Kerckhofs	F	Prof.dr. Y. Segers, dr. L. Van Molle	
L.S. Laan	F	Prof.dr. H. Lintsen	
G. Leenders	M	Prof.dr. A. Vrints	
I.J.G.C. Ligtvoet	F	Prof.dr. M. de Bruijn	
H. Masure	F	Prof.dr. B. De Munck, prof.dr. P. Stabel	
G.I.W. Nath	F	Prof.dr. G. Deneckere, prof.dr. A. Vrints	22-09-2016
F.A. Ochsendorf	M	Prof.dr. D. Henley, dr. J.Th. Lindblad	
E.L.L. Odegard	M	Prof.dr. C. Antunes	18-01-2018
A.M. de Pleijt	F	Prof.dr. J.L. van Zanden, prof.dr. J. Weisdorf	11-03-2016
J.J.S. van den Tol	M	Prof.dr. C. Antunes	
T.M.F. Van Gassen	F	Prof.dr. M. Boone	
M.P. van de Water	M	Prof.dr. D. Henley, dr. J.Th. Lindblad, dr. L.J. Touwen	
M.C. Wilson	F	Prof.dr. M. de Bruijn	

2013			
Kleoniki Alexopoulou	F	Prof.dr. Ewout Frankema, prof. dr. Elise van Ned-erveen - Meerkerk	
Jelten Baguet	M	Prof.dr. Frederik Buylaert, prof.dr. Anne-Laure Van Bruaene	
Corinne Boter	F	Prof.dr. Ewout Frankema, dr. Elise van Nederveen Meerkerk	16-06-2017
Angus Dalrymple-Smith	M	Prof.dr. Ewout Frankema, dr. Elise van Nederveen Meerkerk	06-09-2017
Dominique De Groen	F	Prof.dr. Antoon Vrints	
Pieter De Reu	M	Prof.dr. Eric Vanhaute	
Filip Degreef	M	Prof.dr. Peter Scholliers, dr. Patricia Van den Eeck-hout	
Ewout Depauw	M	Prof.dr. Isabelle Devos	
Kate Frederick	F	Prof.dr. Ewout Frankema, dr. Elise van Nederveen Meerkerk	
Daniel Gallardo Albarrán	M	Prof.dr. Herman de Jong, dr. M. Uebele	4-10-2018
Oisín Gilmore	M	Prof.dr. Herman de Jong	
Louella de Graaf	F	Prof.dr. Ewout Frankema, dr. Elise van Nederveen Meerkerk	stopped 2013
Michiel de Haas	M	Prof.dr. Ewout Frankema	20-09-2017
Jonne Harmsma	M	Prof.dr. Hans Renders, prof.dr. Jan Marc Berk	
Elisabeth Heijmans	F	Prof.dr. Cátia Antunes	
Ellen Janssens	F	Prof.dr. Tim Soens, prof.dr. Hilde Greefs	
Ye Ma	F	Prof.dr. Herman de Jong, prof.dr. Jan Luiten van Zan-den	
Ruben Menten-Plesters	M	Prof.dr. Paul Erdkamp, dr. Koenraad Verboven	
Jim van der Meulen	M	Prof.dr. Peter Stabel, Prof. dr. Tim Soens	17-11-2017

Sanne Muurling	F	Prof.dr. Manon van der Heijden	
Kostadis Papaioannou	M	Prof.dr. Ewout Frankema	02-06-2017
Edgar Pereira	M	Prof.dr. Cátia Antunes	
Tim Riswick	M	Prof.dr. Theo Engelen, dr. Hilde Bras	
Liesbeth Rosen Jacobson	F	Prof.dr. Marlou Schrover	30-05-2018
Julie M. Svalastog	F	Prof.dr. Cátia Antunes	19-09-2018
Tineke Van de Walle	F	Prof.dr. Peter Stabel, Prof. dr. Tim Soens	
Sven Van Melkebeke	M	Prof.dr. Eric Vanhaute	28-06-2017
Tina Van Rossem	F	Prof.dr. Patrick Deboosere, prof.dr. Isabelle Devos	26-09-2018
Ruth Wauters	F	Prof.dr. Bas van Heur, Prof.dr. Anne Winter	Stopped
Clare Wilkinson	F	Prof.dr. Manon van der Heijden, dr. A. Schmidt	
Kaarle Wirta	M	Prof.dr. Cátia Antunes	
Ingrid de Zwarte	F	Prof.dr. Peter Romijn, dr. Ralf Futselaar	23-02-2018

2014			
Miet Adriaens	F	Prof.dr. F. Buylaert, prof.dr. V.Soen	
Andrea Clara Gabriella Bardyn	F	Prof. dr. J. Haemers, prof. dr. P.Stabel	
Maria Paula Pereira Bastião	F	Prof.dr. C. Antunes	Stopped 2015
Maarten Frans Baumers	M	Prof. K. Matthijs, M. Larmuseau	Stopped 2015
Bram van Besouw	M	Prof.dr. B. van Bavel	
Jeroen Peter ter Brugge	M	Prof.dr. H. Klemann	
Tamira Joanna Combrink	F	Prof.dr. M. van der Linden, prof.dr. U. Bosma	
Ingrid Kirsten van Dijk	F	Prof.dr. A.A.P.O. Janssens, prof.dr. J. Kok	
Gerrit Jan de Kok	M	Prof.dr. H. den Heijer	
María Cecilia Lara	F	Prof. H. de Jong, prof. M.C. Camou	
Melanie van der Linden	F	Prof.dr. C. Camfferman, prof.dr. K. Davids	
Michail Moatsos	M	Prof.dr. J. Luiten van Zanden	
Rick Johannes Mourits	M	Prof.dr. A.A.P.O. Janssens, prof.dr. J. Kok	
Eli Nomes	M	Prof.dr. J. Van Bavel, prof.dr. K. Matthijs	
Zhanna Popova	F	Prof.dr. M. van der Linden, dr. N. Adler	
Fabian Van Wesemael	M	Prof.dr. A. Vrints, prof.dr. A. Tixhon	
Anne Louise van der Veer	F	Prof.dr. L.Lucassen, prof.dr. H. Schulte Nordholt	
Florent Verfaillie	M	Prof. B. De Wever, N. Wouters	
Ans Vervaeke	F	Prof.dr. G. Vermeesch, prof.dr. Th. Lambrecht	28-06-2018

2015			
Nick van den Broeck	M	Prof. Dr. A. Winter, Dr T. Lambrecht	
Tobit van Damme	M	Prof. Dr. E. Vanhaute	
Janna Everaert	F	Prof. Dr. F. Buylaert, prof.dr. P van Stabel	
Sam Geens	M	Prof. Dr. T. Soens, prof. Dr. P. Stabel	
Laurence van Goethem	F	Prof. Dr. A. Winter, prof. Dr. F. Buylaert	Stopped 2017
Floor Groefsma	F	Prof. Dr. M.G.J. Duijvendak, dr E.H.K. Karel	
Bart Hoogeboom	M	Dr. M. Molema, prof. Dr. M.G.J. Duijvendak	
Girija Joshi	F	Prof. Dr. L.A.C.J. Lucassen	
Oran Kennedy	M	Dr. D.P. Pargas	

Bert Kramer	M	Prof. Dr. H.J. De Jong	
Thomas Mareite	M	Dr. D.A. Pargas, prof.dr. M.L.J.C. Schrover	
Viola Muller	F	Dr. D.A. Pargas, prof.dr. M.L.J.C. Schrover	
German Jimenez Montes	M	Dr. J.W. Veluwenkamp, prof dr R.M. Esser	
Laura Nys	F	Prof. dr. G. Deneckere, prof. Dr. J. Christiaens	
Joris Roosen	M	Prof. Dr. B.J.P. van Bavel	
Kasey Reed	F	Prof K.V. Verboven	
Reinhilde Sennema	F	Prof. Dr. P.T. van de Laar, prof. B. Wubs	
Marjolein Schepers	F	Prof. Dr. A. Winter, Dr T. Lambrecht	
Thomas Verbruggen	M	Prof. Dr. H. Greefs, Prof. Dr. A. Winter	
Marianne Weevers	F	Prof. Dr. M.P.C. van der Heijden	
Zipeng Zhang	M	Prof. Dr. J.L. van Zanden, Dr. B. van Leeuwen	

2016			
E. Beeckaert (Esther)	F	prof.dr. E. Vanhaute, dr. W. Ryckbosch	
D.M. Bruneel (Dieter)	M	prof. dr. A. Vrints and prof.dr. E. Vanhaute	
G. van Campenhout (Gijs)	M	dr. G. Oonk and J. Van Sterkenburg	
D. Cristoferi (Davide)	M	prof.dr. E. Thoen	
K.R. Hodelin-ter Wal (Kristina)	F	prof.dr. J. Kok and dr. D.B.G.W. Lyna	
M.M.A. Hondelink (Merit)	F	prof.dr. R.T.J. Cappers and prof.dr. B. Blondé	
A.G. Janssens (Alice)	F	prof.dr. B. Wubs and prof.dr. H.A.M. Klemann	
M. Li (Minghui)	F	prof.dr. M.G.J. Duijvendak and dr. R.F.J. Paping and P.G. Tassenaar	
K.E.M. Loockx (Kristof)	M	prof.dr. H. Greefs and prof.dr. A. Winter	
D.M. Lueb (Dirk)	M	prof. dr. H. Greefs and prof. dr. M. 't Hart	
M.R. Manse (Maarten)	M	prof.dr.ir. R. Arendsen and dr. A.F. Schrikker	
L. May (Laura)	F	Prof. dr. I. van Damme and prof. dr. S. Oosterlynck	
R.L.M. Peeters (Ruben)	M	prof.dr. O.C. Gelderblom and dr. J.P.B. Jonker	
R. Philips (Robin)	M	prof.dr. J.L. van Zanden and prof.dr. L. Lucassen	
R. Roobroeck (Roman)	M	prof.dr. A.-L. van Bruaene	
M. Rosenbaum-Feldbrügge (Matthias)	M	prof.dr. A.A.P.O. Janssens and prof.dr. J. Kok	
W. Saelens (Wout)	M	prof.dr. B. Blondé and dr. W. Ryckbosch	
M.D. Sesma Carlos (Dolores)	F	prof.dr. J. Kok and dr. P. Puschmann	
A. Verbeke (Anke)	F	prof.dr. A. Winter	
A. de Vincq (Amaury)	M	prof.dr. O.C. Gelderblom	
T.S. Vosters (Teuntje)	F	Prof.dr. M.L.J.C. Schrover and dr. I. Glynn	
P.S. Wittebol (Pauline)	F	prof.dr. C.A. Davids and dr. V. Enthoven	
S. van den Wyngaert (Sietske)	F	prof.dr. B.D.M. de Munck	
H. Zwarts (Harm)	M	prof.dr. E.H.P. Frankema and mr.dr. P.J. van Cruynin-gen	

2017			
A. Avino de Pablo (Ana)	F	prof. dr. T. Lambrecht and prof. dr. E. Thoen	
S. Berghmans (Sander)	M	prof. dr. T. Lambrecht and prof. dr. E. Thoen	
W.M. van den Breul (Wesley)	M	dr. G. Oonk	
L.J. Bulten (Luc)	M	dr. D.B.G.W. Lyna and prof. dr. J. Kok	
J. Cao (Junhao)	M	prof. dr. van Bavel	
M. Degraeve (Matthijs)	M	Prof. dr. H. Deneweth and prof. dr. I. Bertels	
A. Erkul (Ayfer)	F	prof.dr. A. Winter and prof.dr. M. de Koster	
S. Espeel (Stef)	M	prof.dr. T. Soens and dr. A. Wilkin	
E.W.A. van den Heijden (Eva)	F	prof. dr. L.A.C.J. Lucassen and prof. dr. H.A.G. Valk	
R. van Kooten (Rogier)	M	prof. dr. T. Soens and prof. dr. Blondé	
B.M. de Leede (Bente)	F	dr. A.F. Schrikker	
A.H. Machielse (Bas)	M	prof. dr. O.C. Gelderblom and prof. dr. A. de Jong	
M. Moerman (Manon)	F	dr. B. van Hofstraeten	
P. Naaktgeboren (Patrick)	M	dr. B. van Hofstraeten and dr. J. Puttevils	
R. Plantinga (Ronald)	M	dr. M. Molema en prof. dr. M.G.J. Duijvendak	
B. Quanjer (Björn)	M	prof. dr. J. Kok and prof. dr. A. Janssens	
A.S. Rose (Sophie)	F	prof. dr. C.A.P. Antunes and dr. K.J. Fatah-Black	
J. Siegel (Judith)	F	prof. dr. H.A.M. Klemann and dr. E.M. Jacobs	
M.R.M. Straver (Mark)	M	prof. dr. H.A.M. Klemann and dr. E.M. Jacobs	
W. van de Sompele (Wout)	M	prof. dr. T. Soens	
K. Thompson (Kristina)	F	dr. F.R.M. Portrait and Prof.dr. J. Kok	
V. Volkov (Vitaly)	M	dr. W. Ryckbosch	
M. Wang (Meimei)	F	prof. dr. J.L. van Zanden	
J. Xin (Jiayi)	F	Prof.dr. H.G.D.G. de Weerd	

2018			
M. A.B. (Maartje)	F	Prof. dr. D. Verhoeven, dr. C. van Bochove and Prof Dr A.J. Brand.	
H. Blommers (Heleen)	F	Dr. D.G. Hondius	
J. Bos (Jonathan)	M	Prof. dr. J.A. Mol and Prof. dr. G.J. de Langen	
D.J. Bunders (Damion)	M	Prof. dr. T.D.M. de Moor and prof. dr. A.A. Akkerman	
A.J. Collin (Alexander)	M	Assoc. Prof. J.J. Wubs-Mrozewicz and Prof. dr. G.H. Janssen	
L. Debyser (Laura)	F	Prof. dr. I. Devos	
A. Dixit (Aditi)	F	prof.dr. E. Nederveen Meerkerk	
A. Geelen (Alexander)	M	prof.dr. U. Bosma and dr. M. van Rossum	
B. Gjoleka (Bojken)	M	prof. dr. B.J.B. van Bavel and prof. dr. R.P.M. Wittek	Stopped
E. Hasken (Ewout)	M	prof. dr. B.J. van Bavel and prof. dr. Blondé	
L. Helsen (Lore)	F	dr. T. Lambrecht and prof.dr. A. Winter	
L. Langouche (Liesbeth)	F	prof. dr. J.M.A. Caen and prof. dr. B. de Munck	
A. van der Meer (Alexander)	M	dr. A. Schrikker and prof.dr. J.J.L. Gommans	
A. de Mulder (Alessandra)	F	Prof.dr. B.B. Blondé and B.D.M. de Munck	
M. Murkens (Mayra)	F	Prof.dr. A.A.P.O Janssens and dr. W.J.M.J. Rutten	
P. Post (Philip)	M	dr. A. Schrikker and prof. dr. J.J.L Gommans	
F. Rokadiya (Faheem)	M	prof. dr. E.J.V.V. Nederveen Meerkerk	

I. Schepers (Ingrid)	F	prof. dr. G. de Block and prof. dr. A. Verhetsel	
N. Sinha (Neilabh)	M	prof. dr. J.J.L. Gommans and prof. dr. M. van Groesen	
D. de Vriese (Dennis)	M	Prof. dr. W. Ryckbosch	
A. Vrooman (Arlinde)	F	prof. dr. H.J. de Jong and Ass. Prof. J. Bolt	

APPENDIX 9: FELLOWS 2018

A research fellow is an academic research/teaching position at a university or research institution. This includes (full, associate, assistant) professors, post docs, and senior researchers. Key date: December 2018

University of Groningen

Faculty of Arts

Prof.dr. M.G.J. Duijvendak
Dr. W.M. Jongman
Dr. R.F.J. Paping
Dr. A. Singh
Dr. P.G. Tassenaar
Dr. J.W. Veluwenkamp

University of Groningen

Faculty of Economics

Dr. J. Bolt
Dr. B.P.A. Gales
Dr. J.P.A.M. Jacobs
Prof.dr. H.J. de Jong
Prof.dr. M.P. Timmer

Erasmus University Rotterdam

Prof. dr. D. Douwes
Prof. dr. F. de Goey
Prof.dr. A. Klamer
Prof.dr. H.A.M. Klemann
Prof.dr. P.T. van de Laar
Dr. D. van Lente
Prof. dr. C.A. Mandemakers
Dr. C. Nierstrasz
Dr. G. Oonk
Prof.dr. A.A. van Stipriaan
Dr. K. Willemse
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Els Jacobs

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Dr. P. Brandon
Prof.dr. K. Hofmeester
Dr. G. Kessler
Dr. B. van Leeuwen
Prof.dr. M. van der Linden
Prof.dr. L.A.C.L. Lucassen
Prof.dr. K. Mandemakers
Dr. D. Oude Nijhuis
Dr. F. Ribeiro da Silva
Dr. K. Stutje
Dr. M. van Rossum
Dr. R. Stapel

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Dr. C. van Bochove
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University of Antwerp

Prof.dr. B. Blondé
Prof.dr. I. Van Damme
Prof. dr. H. Greefs
Prof.dr. G. Marnef
Prof.dr. B. De Munck
Prof.dr. P. Stabel
Prof.dr. T. Soens

Ghent University

Prof. dr. Felicitas Becker
Prof. dr. M. Boone
Prof.dr. F. Buylaert
Prof.dr. J. Deploige
Prof.dr. I. Devos
Prof.dr. T. Lambrecht
Prof.dr. M. Limberger
Prof. dr. E. Thoen
Prof.dr. E. Vanhaute
Prof.dr. K. Verboven
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Prof.dr. A. Vrints
Prof.dr. A. Zuiderhoek

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Dr. C.M. Lesger

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Dr. S. Bellucci
Dr. N. Bouras
Prof. dr. M.E. de Bruijn
Dr. J. Fynn-Paul
Dr. I.A. Glynn
Prof.dr. M.P.H. van der Heijden
Dr. B.M. Hoonhout
Dr. K.J. Fatah-Black
Prof.dr. L.A.C.L. Lucassen
Dr. D. Oude Nijhuis
Dr. D. Pargas
Dr. M. Pluskota
Dr. A. Schmidt
Dr. A. Schrikker
Prof.dr. M.L.J.C. Schrover
Dr. C.M. Stolte
Dr. L.J. Touwen

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Prof.dr. B. van Bavel
Dr. C. Boter
Dr. B. Bouwens
Dr. E. Buringh
Dr. P. Brusse
Prof.dr. T. De Moor
Dr. J. Dankers
Dr. J. Dijkman
Prof. dr. O. Gelderblom
Prof.dr. J.P.B. Jonker
Dr. B. van Leeuwen
Prof. dr. E.J.V. van Nederveen-Meerkerk
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Dr. A. Rijpma
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Dr. N. Karrouche
Dr. K. Lurvink
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Prof. dr. H. Deneweth
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Prof.dr. P. Scholliers
Prof.dr. G. Vermeesch
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Dr. P. van Cruyningen
Prof.dr. E. Frankema
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Dr. A.M. Molema

Maastricht University

Prof.dr. A. Knotter
Dr. V.C. Lagendijk
Dr. W. Rutten

APPENDIX 10: KEY ACADEMIC PUBLICATIONS IN 2018

One key academic publication per fellow is listed here. For full publication lists, see individual websites.

Economy and Society of the Pre-Industrial Low Countries in Comparative Perspective

- E. Aerts, Munt datasets en onze kennis van het muntwezen in de Lage Landen, in *Revue belge de Numismatique et de Sigillographie* (Belgisch Tijdschrift voor Numismatiek en Sigillografie), dl. CLXIV, 2018, blz. 496-510.
- Bavel, B. van, Daniel R. Curtis and Tim Soens, 'Economic inequality and institutional adaptation in response to flood hazards: a historical analysis', *Ecology and Society* 23.4 (2018) 30.
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- Brandon, P., "'The whole art of war is reduced to money': Remittances, short-term credit and financial intermediation in Anglo-Dutch military finance, 1688-1713', in Special Issue: *War, Taxes, and Finance in the Long Eighteenth Century* (eds. Pepijn Brandon, Marjolein 't Hart, and Rafael Torres-Sánchez), *Financial History Review*, 25:1 (2018) 19-41
- Touwen, L.J., 'A changing landscape. Institutions and institutional change in the Dutch economy', in P. Brandon, S. Go and W. Verstegen, eds., *Navigating History: Economy, Society, Knowledge and Nature. Essays in honor of Prof. Dr. C.A. Davids* (Leiden: Brill, 2018) 81-101.
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- Lesger, C., 'Economic growth, social differentiation and the reshaping of the urban landscape in Amsterdam during its Golden Age', in: John Hinks en Catherine Armstrong (eds.), *The English urban renaissance revisited* (Cambridge 2018) 188-210.
- Moor, T. de, 2018. Revealing Historical Resilience. In: *Tragedy Revisited*, R. Boyd et al., *Science* 362 (6420) , 1236-1241 (1238).
- Munck, B. de, Guilds, *Labour and the Urban Body Politic: Fabricating Community in the Southern Netherlands, 1300-1800* (Routledge, 2018).
- Schmidt, A., 'Contested authority. Working women in leading positions in the early modern Dutch urban economy', Bailey M.L., Colwell T.M., Hotchin J. (Eds.) *Women and Work in Premodern Europe. Experiences, Relationships and Cultural Representation*, c. 1100-1800.: Routledge/ Taylor & Francis Ltd. 2018, 214-236.
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- Oude Nijhuis, D., *Christian Democracy, Labor, and the Postwar Development of the Dutch Welfare State* (Amsterdam University Press).
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